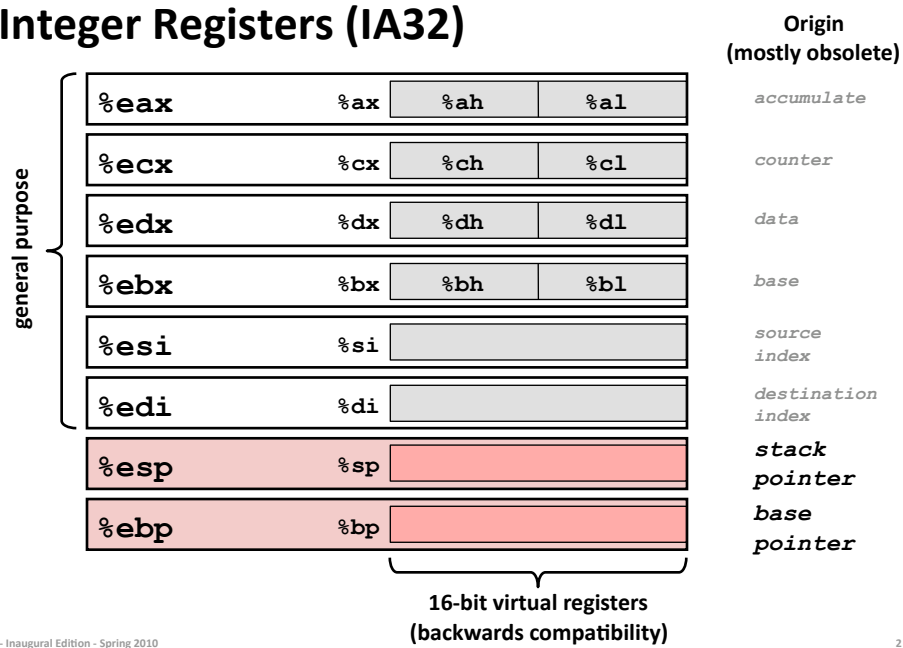


## Machine Programming II: Instructions

- Move instructions, registers, and operands
- Complete addressing mode, address computation (`leal`)
- Arithmetic operations (including some x86-64 instructions)
- Condition codes
- Control, unconditional and conditional branches
- While loops

## Integer Registers (IA32)



## Moving Data: IA32

### ■ Moving Data

- `movx Source, Dest`
- `x` is one of {`b`, `w`, `l`}
  
- `movl Source, Dest:`  
Move 4-byte “long word”
- `movw Source, Dest:`  
Move 2-byte “word”
- `movb Source, Dest:`  
Move 1-byte “byte”

### ■ Lots of these in typical code

<code>%eax</code>
<code>%ecx</code>
<code>%edx</code>
<code>%ebx</code>
<code>%esi</code>
<code>%edi</code>
<code>%esp</code>
<code>%ebp</code>

## Moving Data: IA32

### ■ Moving Data

`movl Source, Dest:`

### ■ Operand Types

- **Immediate:** Constant integer data
  - Example: `$0x400`, `$-533`
  - Like C constant, but prefixed with ``$'`
  - Encoded with 1, 2, or 4 bytes
- **Register:** One of 8 integer registers
  - Example: `%eax`, `%edx`
  - But `%esp` and `%ebp` reserved for special use
  - Others have special uses for particular instructions
- **Memory:** 4 consecutive bytes of memory at address given by register
  - Simplest example: `(%eax)`
  - Various other “address modes”

<code>%eax</code>
<code>%ecx</code>
<code>%edx</code>
<code>%ebx</code>
<code>%esi</code>
<code>%edi</code>
<code>%esp</code>
<code>%ebp</code>

## movl Operand Combinations

	Source	Dest	Src, Dest	C Analog
movl	Imm	Reg	movl \$0x4, %eax	temp = 0x4;
		Mem	movl \$-147, (%eax)	*p = -147;
	Reg	Reg	movl %eax, %edx	temp2 = temp1;
		Mem	movl %eax, (%edx)	*p = temp;
	Mem	Reg	movl (%eax), %edx	temp = *p;

*Cannot do memory-memory transfer with a single instruction*

## Simple Memory Addressing Modes

### ■ Normal (R) Mem[Reg[R]]

- Register R specifies memory address

```
movl (%ecx), %eax
```

### ■ Displacement D(R) Mem[Reg[R]+D]

- Register R specifies start of memory region
- Constant displacement D specifies offset

```
movl 8(%ebp), %edx
```

## Using Simple Addressing Modes

```
void swap(int *xp, int *yp)
{
    int t0 = *xp;
    int t1 = *yp;
    *xp = t1;
    *yp = t0;
}
```

swap:

```

pushl %ebp
movl  %esp,%ebp
pushl %ebx
} Set Up

movl 12(%ebp),%ecx
movl 8(%ebp),%edx
movl (%ecx),%eax
movl (%edx),%ebx
movl %eax,(%edx)
movl %ebx,(%ecx)
} Body

movl -4(%ebp),%ebx
movl %ebp,%esp
popl %ebp
ret
} Finish
```

## Using Simple Addressing Modes

```
void swap(int *xp, int *yp)
{
    int t0 = *xp;
    int t1 = *yp;
    *xp = t1;
    *yp = t0;
}
```

swap:

```

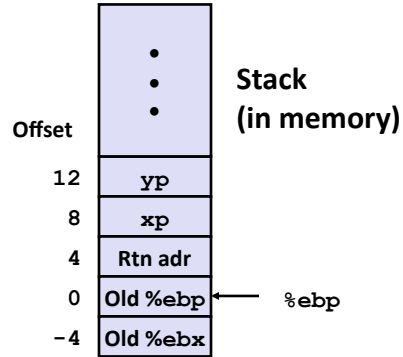
pushl %ebp
movl  %esp,%ebp
pushl %ebx
} Set Up

movl 12(%ebp),%ecx
movl 8(%ebp),%edx
movl (%ecx),%eax
movl (%edx),%ebx
movl %eax,(%edx)
movl %ebx,(%ecx)
} Body

movl -4(%ebp),%ebx
movl %ebp,%esp
popl %ebp
ret
} Finish
```

# Understanding Swap

```
void swap(int *xp, int *yp)
{
    int t0 = *xp;
    int t1 = *yp;
    *xp = t1;
    *yp = t0;
}
```

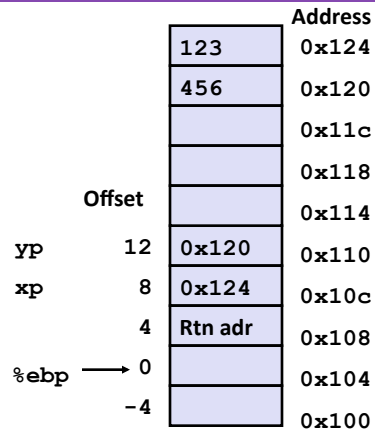


Register	Value
%ecx	yp
%edx	xp
%eax	t1
%ebx	t0

```
movl 12(%ebp), %ecx # ecx = yp
movl 8(%ebp), %edx # edx = xp
movl (%ecx), %eax # eax = *yp (t1)
movl (%edx), %ebx # ebx = *xp (t0)
movl %eax, (%edx) # *xp = eax
movl %ebx, (%ecx) # *yp = ebx
```

# Understanding Swap

%eax	
%edx	
%ecx	
%ebx	
%esi	
%edi	
%esp	
%ebp	0x104



```
movl 12(%ebp), %ecx # ecx = yp
movl 8(%ebp), %edx # edx = xp
movl (%ecx), %eax # eax = *yp (t1)
movl (%edx), %ebx # ebx = *xp (t0)
movl %eax, (%edx) # *xp = eax
movl %ebx, (%ecx) # *yp = ebx
```

## Understanding Swap

%eax	
%edx	
%ecx	0x120
%ebx	
%esi	
%edi	
%esp	
%ebp	0x104

	Offset		Address
		123	0x124
		456	0x120
			0x11c
			0x118
			0x114
yp	12	0x120	0x110
xp	8	0x124	0x10c
	4	Rtn adr	0x108
%ebp	→ 0		0x104
	-4		0x100

```

movl 12(%ebp),%ecx    # ecx = yp
movl 8(%ebp),%edx     # edx = xp
movl (%ecx),%eax      # eax = *yp (t1)
movl (%edx),%ebx      # ebx = *xp (t0)
movl %eax,(%edx)      # *xp = eax
movl %ebx,(%ecx)      # *yp = ebx
  
```

## Understanding Swap

%eax	
%edx	0x124
%ecx	0x120
%ebx	
%esi	
%edi	
%esp	
%ebp	0x104

	Offset		Address
		123	0x124
		456	0x120
			0x11c
			0x118
			0x114
yp	12	0x120	0x110
xp	8	0x124	0x10c
	4	Rtn adr	0x108
%ebp	→ 0		0x104
	-4		0x100

```

movl 12(%ebp),%ecx    # ecx = yp
movl 8(%ebp),%edx     # edx = xp
movl (%ecx),%eax      # eax = *yp (t1)
movl (%edx),%ebx      # ebx = *xp (t0)
movl %eax,(%edx)      # *xp = eax
movl %ebx,(%ecx)      # *yp = ebx
  
```

# Understanding Swap

%eax	456
%edx	0x124
%ecx	0x120
%ebx	
%esi	
%edi	
%esp	
%ebp	0x104

		Address
		123
		0x124
		456
		0x120
		0x11c
		0x118
		0x114
		0x110
yp	12	0x120
xp	8	0x124
		0x10c
		0x108
		Rtn adr
%ebp	→ 0	0x104
		0x100
		-4

```

movl 12(%ebp),%ecx    # ecx = yp
movl 8(%ebp),%edx     # edx = xp
movl (%ecx),%eax     # eax = *yp (t1)
movl (%edx),%ebx     # ebx = *xp (t0)
movl %eax,(%edx)     # *xp = eax
movl %ebx,(%ecx)     # *yp = ebx
    
```

# Understanding Swap

%eax	456
%edx	0x124
%ecx	0x120
%ebx	123
%esi	
%edi	
%esp	
%ebp	0x104

		Address
		123
		0x124
		456
		0x11c
		0x118
		0x114
		0x110
yp	12	0x120
xp	8	0x124
		0x10c
		0x108
		Rtn adr
%ebp	→ 0	0x104
		0x100
		-4

```

movl 12(%ebp),%ecx    # ecx = yp
movl 8(%ebp),%edx     # edx = xp
movl (%ecx),%eax     # eax = *yp (t1)
movl (%edx),%ebx     # ebx = *xp (t0)
movl %eax,(%edx)     # *xp = eax
movl %ebx,(%ecx)     # *yp = ebx
    
```

## Understanding Swap

%eax	456
%edx	0x124
%ecx	0x120
%ebx	123
%esi	
%edi	
%esp	
%ebp	0x104

```

movl 12(%ebp),%ecx    # ecx = yp
movl 8(%ebp),%edx     # edx = xp
movl (%ecx),%eax      # eax = *yp (t1)
movl (%edx),%ebx      # ebx = *xp (t0)
movl %eax, (%edx)     # *xp = eax
movl %ebx, (%ecx)     # *yp = ebx

```

		Address
		456 0x124
		456 0x120
		0x11c
		0x118
		0x114
yp	12	0x120 0x110
xp	8	0x124 0x10c
	4	Rtn adr 0x108
%ebp	→ 0	0x104
	-4	0x100

## Understanding Swap

%eax	456
%edx	0x124
%ecx	0x120
%ebx	123
%esi	
%edi	
%esp	
%ebp	0x104

```

movl 12(%ebp),%ecx    # ecx = yp
movl 8(%ebp),%edx     # edx = xp
movl (%ecx),%eax      # eax = *yp (t1)
movl (%edx),%ebx      # ebx = *xp (t0)
movl %eax, (%edx)     # *xp = eax
movl %ebx, (%ecx)     # *yp = ebx

```

		Address
		456 0x124
		123 0x120
		0x11c
		0x118
		0x114
yp	12	0x120 0x110
xp	8	0x124 0x10c
	4	Rtn adr 0x108
%ebp	→ 0	0x104
	-4	0x100



## Complete Memory Addressing Modes

### ■ Most General Form

$$D(\text{Rb}, \text{Ri}, \text{S}) \quad \text{Mem}[\text{Reg}[\text{Rb}] + \text{S} * \text{Reg}[\text{Ri}] + \text{D}]$$

- D: Constant “displacement” 1, 2, or 4 bytes
- Rb: Base register: Any of 8 integer registers
- Ri: Index register: Any, except for `%esp`
  - Unlikely you’d use `%ebp`, either
- S: Scale: 1, 2, 4, or 8 (*why these numbers?*)

### ■ Special Cases

$$(\text{Rb}, \text{Ri}) \quad \text{Mem}[\text{Reg}[\text{Rb}] + \text{Reg}[\text{Ri}]]$$

$$D(\text{Rb}, \text{Ri}) \quad \text{Mem}[\text{Reg}[\text{Rb}] + \text{Reg}[\text{Ri}] + \text{D}]$$

$$(\text{Rb}, \text{Ri}, \text{S}) \quad \text{Mem}[\text{Reg}[\text{Rb}] + \text{S} * \text{Reg}[\text{Ri}]]$$

## Address Computation Examples

<code>%edx</code>	<code>0xf000</code>
<code>%ecx</code>	<code>0x100</code>

Expression	Address Computation	Address
<code>0x8(%edx)</code>		
<code>(%edx,%ecx)</code>		
<code>(%edx,%ecx,4)</code>		
<code>0x80(,%edx,2)</code>		

## Address Computation Examples

<code>%edx</code>	<code>0xf000</code>
<code>%ecx</code>	<code>0x100</code>

Expression	Address Computation	Address
<code>0x8(%edx)</code>	$0xf000 + 0x8$	<code>0xf008</code>
<code>(%edx,%ecx)</code>	$0xf000 + 0x100$	<code>0xf100</code>
<code>(%edx,%ecx,4)</code>	$0xf000 + 4 * 0x100$	<code>0xf400</code>
<code>0x80(,%edx,2)</code>	$2 * 0xf000 + 0x80$	<code>0x1e080</code>

## Address Computation Instruction

### ■ `leal Src, Dest`

- `Src` is address mode expression
- Set `Dest` to address denoted by expression

### ■ Uses

- Computing addresses without a memory reference
  - E.g., translation of `p = &x[i]`;
- Computing arithmetic expressions of the form  $x + k * i$ 
  - $k = 1, 2, 4, \text{ or } 8$

## Some Arithmetic Operations

### ■ Two Operand Instructions:

<i>Format</i>	<i>Computation</i>	
<code>addl Src, Dest</code>	$Dest = Dest + Src$	
<code>subl Src, Dest</code>	$Dest = Dest - Src$	
<code>imull Src, Dest</code>	$Dest = Dest * Src$	
<code>sall Src, Dest</code>	$Dest = Dest \ll Src$	<i>Also called shll</i>
<code>sarl Src, Dest</code>	$Dest = Dest \gg Src$	<i>Arithmetic</i>
<code>shrl Src, Dest</code>	$Dest = Dest \gg Src$	<i>Logical</i>
<code>xorl Src, Dest</code>	$Dest = Dest \wedge Src$	
<code>andl Src, Dest</code>	$Dest = Dest \& Src$	
<code>orl Src, Dest</code>	$Dest = Dest   Src$	

### ■ No distinction between signed and unsigned int (why?)

## Some Arithmetic Operations

### ■ One Operand Instructions

<code>incl Dest</code>	$Dest = Dest + 1$
<code>decl Dest</code>	$Dest = Dest - 1$
<code>negl Dest</code>	$Dest = -Dest$
<code>notl Dest</code>	$Dest = \sim Dest$

### ■ See book for more instructions

## Using `leal` for Arithmetic Expressions

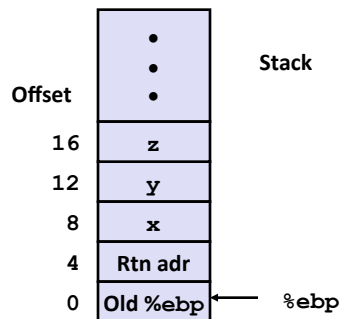
```
int arith
(int x, int y, int z)
{
    int t1 = x+y;
    int t2 = z+t1;
    int t3 = x+4;
    int t4 = y * 48;
    int t5 = t3 + t4;
    int rval = t2 * t5;
    return rval;
}
```

```
arith:
    pushl %ebp
    movl %esp,%ebp
    movl 8(%ebp),%eax
    movl 12(%ebp),%edx
    leal (%edx,%eax),%ecx
    leal (%edx,%edx,2),%edx
    sall $4,%edx
    addl 16(%ebp),%ecx
    leal 4(%edx,%eax),%eax
    imull %ecx,%eax
    movl %ebp,%esp
    popl %ebp
    ret
```

} Set Up  
 } Body  
 } Finish

## Understanding `arith`

```
int arith
(int x, int y, int z)
{
    int t1 = x+y;
    int t2 = z+t1;
    int t3 = x+4;
    int t4 = y * 48;
    int t5 = t3 + t4;
    int rval = t2 * t5;
    return rval;
}
```

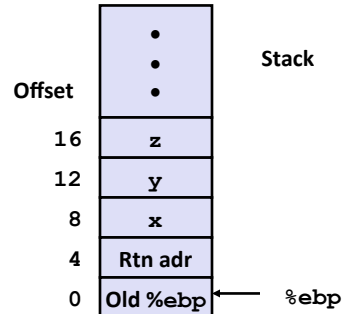


```
movl 8(%ebp),%eax
movl 12(%ebp),%edx
leal (%edx,%eax),%ecx
leal (%edx,%edx,2),%edx
sall $4,%edx
addl 16(%ebp),%ecx
leal 4(%edx,%eax),%eax
imull %ecx,%eax
```

What does each of these instructions mean?

## Understanding arith

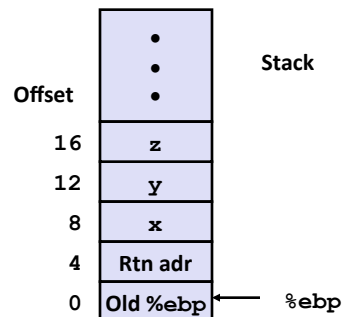
```
int arith
(int x, int y, int z)
{
    int t1 = x+y;
    int t2 = z+t1;
    int t3 = x+4;
    int t4 = y * 48;
    int t5 = t3 + t4;
    int rval = t2 * t5;
    return rval;
}
```



```
movl 8(%ebp), %eax      # eax = x
movl 12(%ebp), %edx     # edx = y
leal (%edx,%eax), %ecx  # ecx = x+y (t1)
leal (%edx,%edx,2), %edx # edx = 3*y
sall $4, %edx           # edx = 48*y (t4)
addl 16(%ebp), %ecx     # ecx = z+t1 (t2)
leal 4(%edx,%eax), %eax # eax = 4+t4+x (t5)
imull %ecx, %eax        # eax = t5*t2 (rval)
```

## Understanding arith

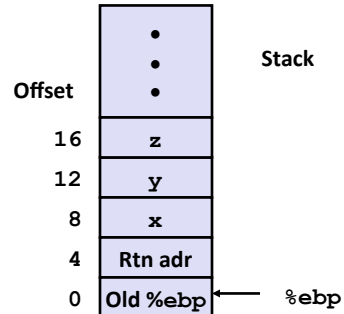
```
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(int x, int y, int z)
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    int t2 = z+t1;
    int t3 = x+4;
    int t4 = y * 48;
    int t5 = t3 + t4;
    int rval = t2 * t5;
    return rval;
}
```



```
movl 8(%ebp), %eax      # eax = x
movl 12(%ebp), %edx     # edx = y
leal (%edx,%eax), %ecx  # ecx = x+y (t1)
leal (%edx,%edx,2), %edx # edx = 3*y
sall $4, %edx           # edx = 48*y (t4)
addl 16(%ebp), %ecx     # ecx = z+t1 (t2)
leal 4(%edx,%eax), %eax # eax = 4+t4+x (t5)
imull %ecx, %eax        # eax = t5*t2 (rval)
```

## Understanding arith

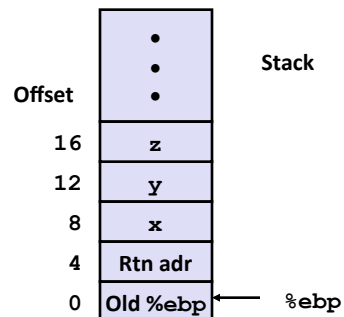
```
int arith
(int x, int y, int z)
{
    int t1 = x+y;
    int t2 = z+t1;
    int t3 = x+4;
    int t4 = y * 48;
    int t5 = t3 + t4;
    int rval = t2 * t5;
    return rval;
}
```



```
movl 8(%ebp),%eax      # eax = x
movl 12(%ebp),%edx     # edx = y
leal (%edx,%eax),%ecx  # ecx = x+y (t1)
leal (%edx,%edx,2),%edx # edx = 3*y
sall $4,%edx          # edx = 48*y (t4)
addl 16(%ebp),%ecx    # ecx = z+t1 (t2)
leal 4(%edx,%eax),%eax # eax = 4+t4+x (t5)
imull %ecx,%eax       # eax = t5*t2 (rval)
```

## Understanding arith

```
int arith
(int x, int y, int z)
{
    int t1 = x+y;
    int t2 = z+t1;
    int t3 = x+4;
    int t4 = y * 48;
    int t5 = t3 + t4;
    int rval = t2 * t5;
    return rval;
}
```



```
movl 8(%ebp),%eax      # eax = x
movl 12(%ebp),%edx     # edx = y
leal (%edx,%eax),%ecx  # ecx = x+y (t1)
leal (%edx,%edx,2),%edx # edx = 3*y
sall $4,%edx          # edx = 48*y (t4)
addl 16(%ebp),%ecx    # ecx = z+t1 (t2)
leal 4(%edx,%eax),%eax # eax = 4+t4+x (t5)
imull %ecx,%eax       # eax = t5*t2 (rval)
```

## Another Example

```
int logical(int x, int y)
{
    int t1 = x^y;
    int t2 = t1 >> 17;
    int mask = (1<<13) - 7;
    int rval = t2 & mask;
    return rval;
}
```

```
logical:
    pushl %ebp          } Set
    movl %esp,%ebp     } Up

    movl 8(%ebp),%eax  }
    xorl 12(%ebp),%eax }
    sarl $17,%eax      }
    andl $8185,%eax    } Body

    movl %ebp,%esp     }
    popl %ebp          }
    ret                } Finish
```

```
movl 8(%ebp),%eax    # eax = x
xorl 12(%ebp),%eax   # eax = x^y
sarl $17,%eax        # eax = t1>>17
andl $8185,%eax     # eax = t2 & 8185
```

## Another Example

```
int logical(int x, int y)
{
    int t1 = x^y;
    int t2 = t1 >> 17;
    int mask = (1<<13) - 7;
    int rval = t2 & mask;
    return rval;
}
```

```
logical:
    pushl %ebp          } Set
    movl %esp,%ebp     } Up

    movl 8(%ebp),%eax  }
    xorl 12(%ebp),%eax }
    sarl $17,%eax      }
    andl $8185,%eax    } Body

    movl %ebp,%esp     }
    popl %ebp          }
    ret                } Finish
```

```
movl 8(%ebp),%eax    eax = x
xorl 12(%ebp),%eax   eax = x^y (t1)
sarl $17,%eax        eax = t1>>17 (t2)
andl $8185,%eax     eax = t2 & 8185
```

## Another Example

```
int logical(int x, int y)
{
    int t1 = x^y;
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}
```

```
logical:
    pushl %ebp          } Set
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    movl 8(%ebp),%eax  }
    xorl 12(%ebp),%eax }
    sarl $17,%eax      }
    andl $8185,%eax    } Body

    movl %ebp,%esp     }
    popl %ebp          }
    ret                } Finish
```

```
movl 8(%ebp),%eax    eax = x
xorl 12(%ebp),%eax   eax = x^y (t1)
sarl $17,%eax        eax = t1>>17 (t2)
andl $8185,%eax      eax = t2 & 8185
```

## Another Example

```
int logical(int x, int y)
{
    int t1 = x^y;
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    int rval = t2 & mask;
    return rval;
}
```

```
logical:
    pushl %ebp          } Set
    movl %esp,%ebp     } Up

    movl 8(%ebp),%eax  }
    xorl 12(%ebp),%eax }
    sarl $17,%eax      }
    andl $8185,%eax    } Body

    movl %ebp,%esp     }
    popl %ebp          }
    ret                } Finish
```

$2^{13} = 8192, 2^{13} - 7 = 8185$

```
movl 8(%ebp),%eax    eax = x
xorl 12(%ebp),%eax   eax = x^y (t1)
sarl $17,%eax        eax = t1>>17 (t2)
andl $8185,%eax      eax = t2 & 8185
```