

CSE 341 Section 4

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With thanks to Alexander Lent, Nick Mooney, Spencer Pearson

Today's Agenda

- Standard-Library Docs
- More Currying and Higher Order Functions
- Mutual Recursion

Standard Basis Documentation

Online Documentation

http://www.standardml.org/Basis/index.html

http://www.smlnj.org/doc/smlnj-lib/Manual/toc.html

Helpful Subset

Top-Level http://www.standardml.org/Basis/top-level-chapter.html

List http://www.standardml.org/Basis/list.html

ListPair http://www.standardml.org/Basis/list-pair.html

Real http://www.standardml.org/Basis/real.html

String http://www.standardml.org/Basis/string.html

Higher-Order Functions Review

A function that returns a function or takes a function as an argument.

Canonical Examples

- map : ('a -> 'b) * 'a list -> 'b list
 - Applies a function to every element of a list and return a list of the resulting values.
 - Example: map (fn x => x*3, [1,2,3]) === [3,6,9]
- filter : ('a -> bool) * 'a list -> 'a list
 - Returns the list of elements from the original list that, when a predicate function is applied, result in true.
 - Example: filter (fn x => x>2, [~5,3,2,5]) === [3,5]

Note: List.map and List.filter are similarly defined in SML but use currying.

Higher-Order Functions Review

- foldl: (f: 'a*'b->'b) (acc: 'b) (l: 'a list) -> 'b $\bullet \ f(l_n, \ f(\ ..., \ (f(l_2, \ f(l_1, \ acc))))$
 - Apply function to the current element and the accumulator as soon as possible
- foldr: (f: 'a*'b->'b) (acc: 'b) (l: 'a list) -> 'b
 f(l₁, f(l₂, f(..., f(l_n, acc))))
 - Wait until the rest of the list has been evaluated and then apply function to the current element and result from rest of the list
- We've written foldl in lecture, write foldr

Broader Idea

Functions are Awesome!

- SML functions can be passed around like any other value.
- They can be passed as function arguments, returned, and even stored in data structures or variables.
- Functions like map are very pervasive in functional languages.
 - A function like map can even be written for other data structures such as trees.

Currying and High Order Functions

- Some functions from standard library:
 - List.map
 - List.filter
 - List.foldl
 - List.foldr

- Write our own higher order functions
 - Alternating 0 and 1

Mutual Recursion

- What if we need function f to call g, and function g to call f?
- This is a common idiom

```
fun earlier x =
    ...
    later x
    ...
fun later x =
    ...
    earlier x
    ...
```

Unfortunately this does not work ⊗

Mutual Recursion Workaround

- We can use higher order functions to get this working
- It works, but there has got to be a better way!

Mutual Recursion with and

- SML has a keyword for that
- Works with mutually recursive datatype bindings too

```
fun earlier x =
...
later x
...
and later x =
...
earlier x
...
```