

CSE 341 Section 2

Winter 2018

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Today's Agenda

- Type synonyms
- Type generality
- Equality types
- Syntactic sugar

Type Synonyms

- What does int * int * int represent?
- In HW1 we called it a date
- Wouldn't it be nice to reflect this representation in the source code itself?

type date = int * int * int

type vs datatype

 datatype introduces a new type name, distinct from all existing types

• type is just another name

type card = suit * rank

Type Synonyms

Why?

- For now, just for convenience
- It doesn't let us do anything new

Later in the course we will see another use related to modularity.

Type Generality

Write a function that appends two string lists...

Type Generality

• We would expect

string list * string list -> string list

• But the type checker found

`a list * `a list -> `a list

- 'a are called Polymorphic Types
- Why is this OK?

More General Types

• The type

`a list * `a list -> `a list

is more general than the type

string list * string list -> string list

and "can be used" as <u>any less general</u> type, such as

int list * int list -> int list

• But it is <u>not</u> more general than the type

int list * string list -> int list

The Type Generality Rule

The "more general" rule

A type *t1* is more general than the type *t2* if you can take *t1*, replace its type variables **consistently**, and get *t2*

What does **consistently** mean?

Equality Types

Write a list "contains" function...

Equality Types

- The double quoted variable arises from use of the = operator
 - We can use = on most types like int, bool, string, tuples (that contain only "equality types")
 - Functions and **real** are not "equality types"
- Generality rules work the same, except substitution must be some type which can be compared with =
- You can ignore warnings about "calling polyEqual"

Syntactic Sugar

If-then-else is implemented as syntactic sugar for a case statement

lf-then-else

- We've just covered case statements
- How could we implement if-then-else?

case x of
true => "apple"
| false => "banana"

if x then "apple" else "banana"

Adventures in pattern matching

- Shape example
- Function-pattern syntax if we get to it