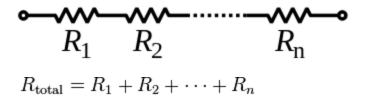
EE 001

- Circuits: current flows from battery through the system back to battery
- Voltage (V): difference in electric potential energy (per unit charge) between two points
- Resistance (R): how a material (circuit component) reduces the current that flows through it
- Current (I): rate of flow of electric charge
- Ohm's Law: V = IR

Law School

- Kirchoff's First Law: current in = current out
 - Alternatively, total current at any given point is 0

Law of Series Resistance:



• Law of Parallel Resistance:

$$R_1 = \frac{1}{R_{\text{total}}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{R_n}$$

Wheatstone Bridge

- Galvanometer: device that measures voltage (modeled as a short circuit)
- Purpose: measure resistance of R_x

