## **CSE 341** — Racket Discussion Questions Part 3

These questions deal with macros, delayed evaluation, improper lists, and functions with a variable number of arguments.

1. The lecture notes for macros include a definition for my-or that works just like the built-in or in Racket.

Given this definition, if we expand (my-or (= x 2)) we get

```
(let ((temp (= x 2))) (if temp temp (my-or)))
```

This would further expand to

```
(let ((temp (= x 2))) (if temp temp #f))
```

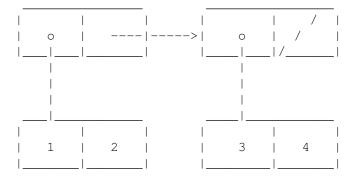
Modify the rule so it just expands (my-or (= x 2)) to (= x 2) instead. It should still work correctly for (my-or).

2. Suppose we are writing our own version of the if special form, called my-if. This can't be a normal function in Racket, since we evaluate the arguments. We can write it as a macro, of course. For this mini-exercise, write it as a function that uses delay to delay evaluating some or all of the arguments. Only delay arguments if need be.

Now rewrite the following expression using your my-if function. (All you need to do is insert the appropriate delays. Use Racket's built-in delay macro.)

```
(if (= 1 1) (+ 2 4) (/ 10 0))
```

- 3. Draw a box-and-arrow picture for the value of '(squid . (clam . (octopus . ())))
- 4. Draw a box-and-arrow picture for the value of ' (squid . (clam . octopus))
- 5. How would you write the following list structure in Scheme?



6.	Write a function my-max that finds the maximum of its arguments. It needs at least one argument, and can take
	arbitrarily more. For example

should return 10.

You can use a helper function if you need to. Bonus points though for a version without a helper function! What do these evaluate to?