333 GitLab Setup

The following instructions are for connecting your CSE Linux environment (attu or VM) to your GitLab repo in preparation for Homework 0-4.

Find Your 333 Repository

- 1) Navigate to https://gitlab.cs.washington.edu
 - a) If you have a CSE NetID, use the green "CSE NetID" button, otherwise, use the white "UW NetID" button.
- In your list of Projects, you should see a CSE333 repo (named cse333-19su-students/cse333-19su-<netid>) created for you already.
 - a) If not, please contact your instructor ASAP to have one created.

Add Your SSH Key

This will allow you to access your repo without having to authenticate (*i.e.* type your password) every time and will greatly improve your workflow.

- 1) Check to see if your CSE Linux environment (attu or VM) account already has an SSH key
 - a) Run\$ cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
 - b) If you see a long string starting with **ssh-rsa** or **ssh-dsa**, skip to step 3.
- 2) Generate a new SSH key
 - a) Run\$ ssh-keygen -t rsa -C "<netid>@cs.washington.edu"
- 3) Copy your SSH key
 - a) Run\$ cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
 - b) Copy the complete key (starting with **ssh-** and ending with your username and host)
- 4) Add your SSH key to GitLab
 - a) Navigate to your SSH Keys page by clicking on your avatar in the upper-right, then "Settings," then "SSH Keys" in the left-side menu.
 - b) Paste into the "Key" text box and give a "Title" to identify what machine the key is for.
 - c) Click the green "Add key" button below "Title."

Your First Commit

From your CSE Linux environment (attu or VM), execute the following git commands:

\$ git clone <repo url from project page>

- a) Clones your repo find the URL by clicking the blue "Clone" button in the upper-right of your project's Details page.
- 2) \$ touch README.md
 - a) Creates an empty file called **README.md**.

3) \$ git status

a) Prints out the status of the repo – you should see 1 new file **README.md**.

4) \$ git add README.md

- a) Stages a new file/updated file for commit.
- b) Should output: git status: README.md staged for commit

5) \$ git commit -m "First Commit"

- a) Commits all staged files with the provided comment/message.
- b) Should output: git status: Your branch is ahead by 1 commit

6) \$ git push

- a) Publishes the changes to the central repo, which should now be viewable (may need to refresh) in the web interface.
- b) You might need run \$ git push -u origin master on the first commit (only).

References

- SSH Key Generation: https://gitlab.cs.washington.edu/help/ssh/README.md
- Basic Git Tutorial:
 <u>http://courses.cs.washington.edu/courses/cse333/19su/resources/git_tutorial.html</u>