CSE 333 Lecture 22 -- wrapup

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Administrivia

Final exam Wednesday, 2:30-4:20, here

Topic list and old exams on the web

Anything all quarter is possible, but biased toward 2nd half

Last minute Q&A Tuesday, 4:30, EEB 037

Bring your questions!

So what have we been doing for the last 10 weeks?



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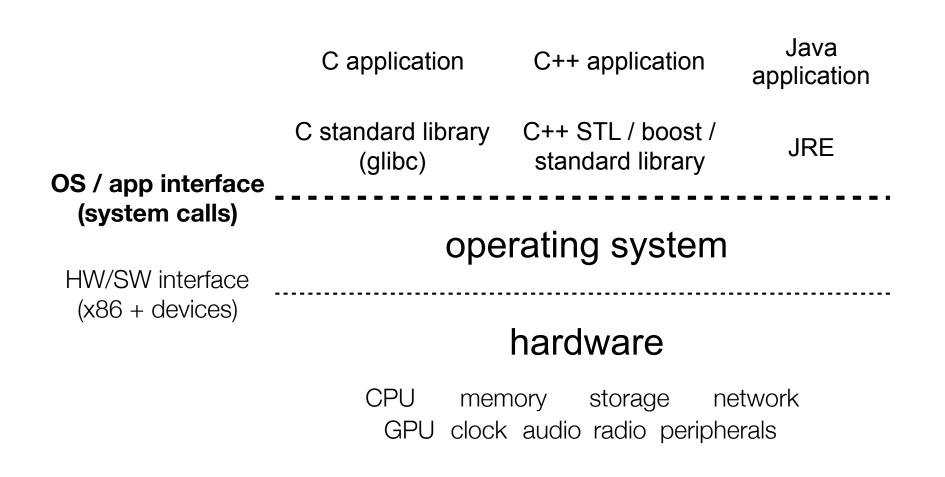
Course goals

Explore the gap between

Intro: the computer is a magic appliance that runs programs

CSE 351: the computer is a stupid appliance that executes really, really simple instructions (really fast)

Course map: 100,000 foot view



Goals

Skills

- Programming closer to the hardware: C/C++
- Disciplined design, testing, debugging

Knowledge

- OS interface and semantics, languages, some networking
- A deep(er) understanding of "the layer below"

quiz: when is the data safely on disk after a write? Actually received over the network? How many copies are made along the way?

Main topics

C Programming, tools, and workflow

Memory management

System interfaces and services (files, etc.)

C++ : the 800-lb gorilla of programming languages

"better C" + classes + STL + smart pointers + ...

Networking basics: TCP/IP, sockets, ...

Drilling deeper...

The C/C++ Ecosystem

System layers: C/C++, libraries, operating system

Building programs

cpp: #include, #ifndef, and all that

```
compiler (cc1): source \rightarrow .0
```

loader (ld): .o + libraries \rightarrow executable

Program execution

What's a process?

Address space

- Thread(s) of execution
- Environment (arguments, open files, ...)

OxFFFFFFF	OS kernel [protected]
	stack
	shared libraries
	heap (malloc/free)
	read/write segment .data, .bss
	read-only segment . <i>text, .rodata</i>
0x00000000	

C language

Structure of C programs

Header files and implementations; declaration vs definition

Internal vs external linkage

Standard types and operators (scalars including things like uint64_t, structs, arrays, typedef, etc.)

Functions: defining, using, execution model

Standard libraries and data structures (strings, streams, ...)

C standard library, system calls, and how they are connected

Handling errors in a language without exception handling

return codes, errno, and friends

Memory

Object *scope* and *lifetime* (static, automatic, dynamic) Pointers and associated operators (&, *, ->, []) Using pointers for call-by-reference as well as linked data Dynamic memory allocation (malloc/free; new/delete) Who is responsible for dynamic memory & what happens if not done right (dangling pointers, memory leaks, ...)

Tools: debuggers (gdb), monitors (valgrind), ...

Most important tool: thinking(!)

C++ (and C++11)

A "better C"

Type-safe streams and memory mgmt (new, delete, delete[]), etc.

- References and const
- C with classes (and objects)
 - Constructors, copy constructor, destructor, assignment
- Subclasses and inheritance
 - Dynamic vs static dispatch & why it matters, virtual functions, vtables
 - Pure virtual functions and abstract classes
- C++ casts what are they and why so many (compared to C)?

Templates, STL, and smart ptrs

Templates: parameterized classes and functions

How the idea is similar to Java generics and what's different

How C++ implements templates (expansion)

STL: basics = vector, list & map containers and iterators

Copy semantics

Smart pointers: unique, shared, and weak

Reference counting, resource management

Using class heirarchies with STL

Pointer vs value semantics, assignment slicing

Networking

Layered protocol model, particularly TCP and IP

What they do, how they are related, how they differ

Network addresing and protocols: IP addresses, DNS, IPv4, IPv6, ports

Application protocols: where HTTP fits in the scheme

Network Programming

Client side

- 1. get IP address / port
- 2. create socket
- 3. connect socket to server
- 4. read / write data
- 5. close socket

Server side

- 1. get IP address / port
- 2. create socket
- 3. bind socket to address / port
- 4. indicate that socket is a **listener**
- 5. accept connection from client
- 6. read / write data
- 7. close socket

Concurrency

Why?

- Better resource utilization
- Better throughput

Processes

- Heavyweight, isolated, created by cloning: fork()

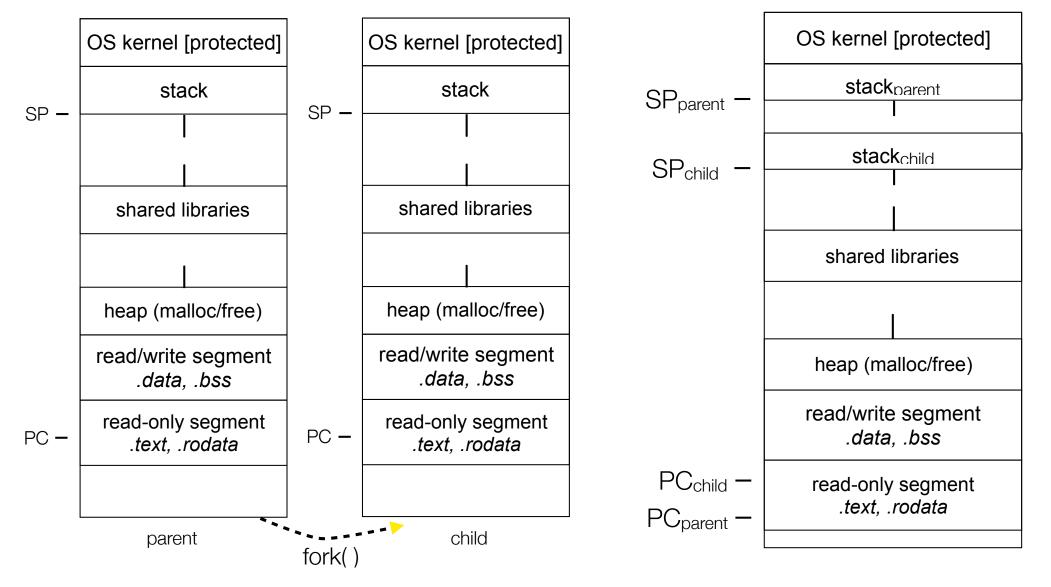
Threads

- Lightweight, share address space, pthreads

Synchronization (particularly threads)

- What are the main issues?

Processes vs threads on one slide



Phew! That's it!!

But that's a lot!!!

Studying for the exam

Review lecture slides, assignments, exercises

Try some of the end-of-lecture problems for practice

Look at old exams and topic list on the web

Try the old exam questions first, before looking at answers

Study groups! Ask questions / trade ideas on the discussion board! Ask course staff questions!

The goal is learning and mastery

That's it (almost)

But first, ...

This doesn't happen without great help! Thanks!!

Course staff:

Phillip Dang

Josh Nazarian

Joshua Rios

Soumya Vasisht

Bruce Wen

Reid Zhang

One more thing...

Course evals

Constructive feedback (positive we hope, but negative when called for) is what helps us get better

Please fill out online before it closes

Congratulations and good luck on the exam!!

You've learned a lot – go out and build great things!!!

See you Wednesday!

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