

## CSE 332 - Section 2 Worksheet

### 1. Big-Oh Proofs

For each of the following, prove that  $f(n) \in \mathcal{O}(g)$ :

a)  $f(n) = 7n$   $g(n) = \frac{n}{10}$

b)  $f(n) = 1000$   $g(n) = 3n^2$

c)  $f(n) = 2^n$   $g(n) = 3^{2n}$

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d)  $f(n) = 7n^2 + 3n$   $g(n) = n^4$

e)  $f(n) = n + 2n \lg n$   $g(n) = n \lg n$

## 2. Big-Theta Proofs

For each of the following, prove that  $f(n) \in \Theta(g)$ :

a)  $f(n) = 7n$   $g(n) = \frac{n}{10}$

b)  $f(n) = n^3 + 10n$   $g(n) = 3n^3$

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### 3. Algorithm Running Time

Consider the following method which finds the number of unique Strings within a given array of length  $n$ .

```
1 int numUnique(String[] values) {
2     boolean[] visited = new boolean[values.length]
3     for (int i = 0; i < values.length; i++) {
4         visited[i] = false
5     }
6     int out = 0
7     for (int i = 0; i < values.length; i++) {
8         if (!visited[i]) {
9             out += 1
10            for (int j = i; j < values.length; j++) {
11                if (values[i].equals(values[j])) {
12                    visited[j] = true
13                }
14            }
15        }
16    }
17    return out;
18 }
```

Determine a  $\theta(\cdot)$  bound on each function below. Start by (1) constructing an equation that models each function then (2) simplifying and finding a closed form.

- a)  $f(n)$  = the worst-case runtime of `numUnique`

- b)  $g(n)$  = the best-case runtime of `numUnique`