CSE 332 Winter 2024
Lecture 1: Intro to ADTs, Stacks, Queues

Nathan Brunelle

http://www.cs.uw.edu/332
Nathan Brunelle

• Born: Virginia Beach, VA
• Ugrad: Math and CS at University of Virginia
• Grad: CS at University of Virginia
• Taught at UVA for 6 years
  • Intro to programming (e.g. 121)
  • Discrete Math (e.g. 311)
  • Algorithms (e.g. 412)
  • Theory of Computation (e.g. 431)
Warm Up!

Put up one hand (you can switch if it gets tired)!
While (you and at least one other person have a hand up) {
    make a partnership with someone whose hand is still raised
    share your name with your partner
    determine which of you has run the longest distance (as a single run)
    release partnership
    if you ran the shorter distance, then put your hand down and return to your seat
}
About this course

Topics covered:

• Data Structures
  • Specific “classic” data structures

• Introduction to Algorithms and Analysis

• Parallelism and Concurrency
  • Parallelism: Use multiple processors to finish sooner
  • Concurrency: Correct access to shared resources
Course Staff

• Instructor:
  • Nathan Brunelle

• TAs:
Course Info

• Text (optional):
  • Data Structures & Algorithm Analysis in Java, (Mark Allen Weiss), 3rd edition, 2012
    (2nd edition also o.k.)

• Course Page:
  • http://www.cs.uw.edu/332
Communication

• Course email list:
  • cse332_wi24@uw
  • You are already subscribed
  • You must get and read announcements sent there

• Ed STEM Discussion board
  • Your first stop for questions about course content & assignments
Course Meetings

• Lecture
  • Materials posted (slides before class, inked slides after)
  • Recorded using Panopto
  • Ask questions, focus on key ideas (rarely coding details)

• Section
  • Practice problems!
  • Answer Java/project/homework questions, etc.
  • Occasionally may introduce new material
  • An important part of the course (not optional)

• Office hours
  • Use them: *please visit us!*
Grading

• 12ish Weekly individual homework exercises (25%)
  • Lowest 2ish dropped (best 10 count)
• 3 programming projects (with phases) (35%)
  • Use Java and IntelliJ, Gitlab
  • Done individually
• Midterm and final exam (40%)
  • In-person
  • Midterm in this room
  • Final location TBD
• Dates:
  • Midterm: Monday Feb 5, during lecture
  • Final Exam: Thursday March 14, 12:30pm-2:20pm
Collaboration

• Try it yourself first

• Collaborate with classmates (no external interactive help on assignments permitted)
  • Collaboration is “whiteboard only”
  • Looking for a collaborator?
    • Post on the Ed Discussion board
    • Go to the CSE study room (Allen Center 006, there’s a table specifically for 332!)

• Cite your sources!
Terminology

- Abstract Data Type (ADT)
  - Mathematical description of a “thing” with set of operations on that “thing”
- Algorithm
  - A high level, language-independent description of a step-by-step process
- Data structure
  - A specific organization of data and family of algorithms for implementing an ADT
- Implementation of a data structure
  - A specific implementation in a specific language
ADT: Queue

• What is it?
  • FIFO collection of things

• What Operations do we need?
  • Enqueue:
    • Add something to the data structure
  • Dequeue:
    • Remove the oldest thing from the data structure
  • isEmpty:
    • Are there any things still in the DS?
ADT: Queue

• What is it?
  • A “First In First Out” (FIFO) collection of items

• What Operations do we need?
  • Enqueue
    • Add a new item to the queue
  • Dequeue
    • Remove the “oldest” item from the queue
  • IsEmpty
    • Indicate whether or not there are items still on the queue
Linked List – Queue Data Structure

- Queue represented as a “chain” of items
  - A “front” variable referencing the oldest item
  - A “back” variable referencing the most recent item
  - Each item points to the item enqueued after it

- Enqueue Procedure:
  - Create a new node
  - More blank node
  - Point to new

- Dequeue Procedure:

- Is_empty Procedure:
Linked List – Queue Data Structure

- Queue represented as a “chain” of items
  - A “front” variable referencing the oldest item
  - A “back” variable referencing the most recent item
  - Each item points to the item enqueued after it

- Enqueue Procedure:
  ```java
  enqueue(x){
    last = new Node(x)
    back.next = last
    back = last
  }
  ```

- Dequeue Procedure:
  ```java
  dequeue(){
    first = front.item
    front = front.next
    return first
  }
  ```

- Is_empty Procedure:
  ```java
  is_empty(){
    return front.equals(Null)
  }
  ```
Circular Array – Queue Data Structure

- Queue represented as a “chain” of items
  - A “front” variable referencing the oldest item
  - A “back” variable referencing the most recent item
  - Each item points to the item enqueued after it

- Enqueue Procedure:

- Dequeue Procedure:

- Is_empty Procedure:
Circular Array – Queue Data Structure

• Queue represented as an array of items
  • A “front” index to indicate the oldest item in the queue
  • A “back” index to indicate the most recent item in the queue

• Enqueue Procedure:

• Dequeue Procedure:

• Is_empty Procedure:
Circular Array – Queue Data Structure

• Queue represented as an array of items
  • A “front” index to indicate the oldest item in the queue
  • A “back” index to indicate the most recent item in the queue

• Enqueue Procedure:
  ```java
  enqueue(x){
    queue[back] = x
    back = (back + 1) % queue.length
  }
  ```

• Dequeue Procedure:
  ```java
  dequeue(){
    first = queue[front]
    front = (front + 1) % queue.length
  }
  ```

• Is_empty Procedure:
  ```java
  is_empty(){
    return front == back
  }
  ```
Linked List vs. Circular Array
ADT: Stack

• What is it?
• What Operations do we need?
ADT: Stack

• What is it?
  • A “Last In First Out” (LIFO) collection of items (sometimes called FILO)

• What Operations do we need?
  • Push
    • Add a new item onto the stack
  • Peek
    • Return the value of the most recently pushed item
  • Pop
    • Return the value of the most recently pushed item and remove it from the stack
  • Is_empty
    • Indicate whether or not there are items still on the stack