

## Code looks something like this (still using Java Threads)

```
class SumThread extends java.lang.Thread {
    int lo; int hi; int[] arr; // fields to know what to do
    int ans = 0; // result
    SumThread(int[] a, int l, int h) { ... }
    public void run(){ // override
        if(hi - lo < SEQUENTIAL_CUTOFF)
            for(int i=lo; i < hi; i++)
                ans += arr[i];
        else {
            SumThread left = new SumThread(arr,lo, (hi+lo)/2);
            SumThread right= new SumThread(arr, (hi+lo)/2,hi);
            left.start();
            right.start();
            left.join();
            right.join();
            ans = left.ans + right.ans;
        }
    }
}
```

```
int sum(int[] arr){ // just make one thread!
    SumThread t = new SumThread(arr,0,arr.length);
    t.run();
    return t.ans;
}
```

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## Fork Join Framework Version: (missing imports)

[pollev.com/artliu](http://pollev.com/artliu)

```
class SumTask extends RecursiveTask<Integer> {
    int lo; int hi; int[] arr; // fields to know what to do
    SumTask(int[] a, int l, int h) { ... }
    protected Integer compute(){// return answer
        if(hi - lo < SEQUENTIAL_CUTOFF) {
            int ans = 0; // local_var, not a field
            for(int i=lo; i < hi; i++){
                ans += arr[i];
            }
            return ans;
        } else {
            SumTask left = new SumTask(arr,lo, (hi+lo)/2);
            SumTask right= new SumTask(arr, (hi+lo)/2,hi);
            left.fork(); // fork a thread and calls compute
            int rightAns = right.compute();//call compute directly
            int leftAns = left.join(); // get result from left
            return leftAns + rightAns;
        }
    }
}
```

```
static final ForkJoinPool POOL = new ForkJoinPool();
int sum(int[] arr){
    SumTask task = new SumTask(arr,0,arr.length)
    return POOL.invoke(task);
    // invoke returns the value compute returns
}
```

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