## CSE 332: Data Structures and Parallelism

## Section 6: ForkJoin Practice

0. lessThan7
public static int lessThan7(int[] arr)

Returns the number of elements in arr that are less than 7.
For example, if arr is $[21,7,6,8,17,1]$, then lessThan7(arr) $==2$.
Your code must have $\mathcal{O}(n)$ work, $\mathcal{O}(\lg n)$ span, where $n$ is the length of arr.

## 1. parity

## public static boolean parity(int[] arr)

Returns true if there are an even number of even numbers and false otherwise.
For example if arr is $[1,7,4,3,6]$, then parity(arr) $==$ true. But, if arr is $[6,5,4,3,2,1]$, parity (arr) == false.

Your code must have $\mathcal{O}(n)$ work, $\mathcal{O}(\lg n)$ span, where $n$ is the length of arr.

## 2. countStrs

```
public static int countStrs(String str, String[] arr)
```

Returns the number of elements in arr that equal str.
For example, if arr is ["h", "ee", "llll", "llll", "oo", "llll"], then countStrs("llll", arr) == 3 and countStrs("h", arr) == 1 .

Your code must have $\mathcal{O}(n)$ work, $\mathcal{O}(\lg n)$ span, where $n$ is the length of arr.

## 3. secondSmallest

| public static int secondSmallest(int[] arr) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Returns the second smallest unique element of arr. Assume arr contains at least two unique elements. |
| For example if arr is $[1,7,4,3,6]$, then secondSmallest (arr) ==3. But, if arr is |
| $[6,1,4,3,5,2,1]$, secondSmallest(arr) $==2$. |

Your code must have $\mathcal{O}(n)$ work, $\mathcal{O}(\lg n)$ span, where $n$ is the length of arr.

## 4. powmod

| public static void powmod(int [] arr, int $p$, int $m$ ) |
| :--- |
| Replaces every element of arr with $\operatorname{arr}[i]^{\mathrm{p}}$ mod m. |
| For example if arr is $[1,7,4,3,6]$, then powmod (arr, 2,5 ) would result in |
| arr $=[1,4,1,4,1]$. |

Your code must have $\mathcal{O}(n)$ work, $\mathcal{O}(\lg n)$ span, where $n$ is the length of arr.

