### **CSE 332:** Data Abstractions

## QuickCheck: Recurrences Solutions (due Thursday, October 15)

# 0. Happening Happening Happening

Consider the following code:

```
1 f(n) {
       if (n == 0) {
 2
 3
          return 0;
 4
       }
 5
       int result = 0;
 6
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
 7
          for (int j = 0; j < i; j++) {</pre>
 8
9
            result += j;
10
11
          }
12
       }
       return f(n/2) + result + f(n/2);
13
14 }
```

(a) Find a recurrence for the time complexity of f(n).

#### Solution:

We look at the three separate cases (base case, non-recursive work, recursive work):

- The base case is  $\mathcal{O}(1)$ , because we only do a return statement
- The non-recursive work is  $\mathcal{O}(1)$  for the assignments and if tests and  $=\sum_{i=0}^{n} i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$  for the for loops.
- The recursive work is 2T(n/2).

Putting these together, we get:

$$T(n) = egin{cases} 1 & ext{if } n=1 \ 2T(n/2) + rac{n(n+1)}{2} & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(b) Find a Big-Oh bound for your recurrence.

### Solution:

The recursion tree has lg(n) height, and each level of the tree does  $\left(\frac{n^2}{2^i}\right)$  work.

Note that 
$$\sum_{i=0}^{\lg(n)} \left(rac{1}{2}
ight)^i < 2.$$
 So,  $T(n) \in \mathcal{O}(n^2).$