



CSE 332 Data Abstractions: Introduction and ADTs

Kate Deibel
Summer 2012

June 18, 2012

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Welcome!

We have 9 weeks to learn fundamental data structures and algorithms for organizing and processing information

- Classic data structures and algorithms: queues, trees, graphs, sorting, etc.
- Rigorously analyze their efficiency
- Determine when to use them
- Parallelism and concurrency (!)

Today in Class

- Course mechanics
- What this course is about
 - And how it fits into the CSE curriculum
- What is an ADT?
- Review of Stacks and Queues
- Mystery Topics!?

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Concise to-do list

In next 48 hours, you should:

- Adjust class email-list settings
- Do homework 0 (worth 5 bonus pts)
- Read all course policies
- Read/skim Chapters 1 & 3 of Weiss book
 - Relevant to Project 1, due next week
 - Will start Chapter 2 on Wednesday

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Socket wrench... scalpel... snarky comments...

COURSE MECHANICS

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Instructor: Kate Deibel



**Not me but my
cute calico Susie**

- PhD in CSE (2011),
University of Washington
- Research:
Digital literacies
Educational Technologies
Assistive technologies
Disability and education
- Office: CSE 210
- Hours: TBD or drop-by
- E-mail: deibel@cs or @uw

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Teaching Assistant: David Swanson



Not David but Susie again. Isn't she cute?

- Let's let him introduce himself...
- E-mail: swansond@cs

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D-E-I-B-E-L

- Pronunciation: DIE-BULL
- Spelling: Decibel minus the 'c'

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When in doubt...

- Consult the course webpage
<http://www.cs.washington.edu/education/courses/cse332/12su/>
- Or, if you want the quicker URL:
<http://www.cs.washington.edu/332>

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Communication

- Course email list: cse332a_su12@u
 - You are already subscribed (your @uw e-mail)
 - You must get announcements sent there
 - Fairly low traffic
- Course staff: cse332-staff@cs or Kate's and David's individual emails
- Discussion board
 - For appropriate discussions; TAs will monitor
 - Optional but can be enlightening
- Anonymous feedback link
 - If you don't tell me (good or bad), I don't know

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Course meetings

- Lecture (Kate)
 - Materials posted usually before class (95% guarantee) to aid your note-taking
 - Lectures focus on key ideas & proofs
 - Some interactive problem-solving
- Section (David)
 - Often focus on software (Java features, programming tools, project/HW issues)
 - Reinforce key issues from lecture
 - Answer homework questions, etc.
 - An important part of the course (not optional)

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NOTICE!!!

- Locations for one or more quiz sections will likely change
 - Goal is to have both in the same room or at least the same building
 - Will announce over course e-mail list before Thursday
 - Website will update when we know

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Office Hours

- David's Office Hours
 - TBD but will students for time
- Kate's Office Hours
 - TBD after David's are set
 - I frequently hold open-door hours:
 - *If my door is open, come on in!*

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Course materials



- Textbook: Weiss 3rd Edition in Java
 - Good read, but only responsible for lecture/section/hw topics
 - Will assign homework problems from it
 - 3rd edition improves on 2nd, but we'll support the 2nd



- Core Java book: A good Java reference (there may be others)
 - Don't struggle Googling for features you don't understand
 - Same book recommended for CSE331



- Parallelism / concurrency units use a free notes written by Dan Grossman (linked on website)

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Course Work

- 8 written/typed homeworks (25%)
 - Due at end of lecture the day it is due
 - No late homeworks accepted
- 3 programming projects (25%)
 - Projects have phases (parts)
 - First phase of Project 1 due next week (TBD)
 - Use Java (see this week's section)
 - Two 24-hour late-days for the quarter
- Midterm Exam (20%)
- Final Exam (30%)

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Collaboration & Academic Integrity

- Read the course policy very carefully to understand how you can and cannot get/provide help to/from others
- Be proactive and always explain (when you submit) any unconventional action on your part when it happens

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Respect Policy

- If you respect me, I will respect you
- I am here to teach you and help you learn about data abstractions
- I make a promise to have good lectures, polished assignments, etc. on time and in good humor
- In return, you should be
 - Respectful in lab and lecture
 - Do not cheat

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Academic Accommodations (formal)

To request personal academic accommodations due to a disability, please contact Disability Resources for Students: 448 Schmitz, 206-543-8924 (or 206-543-8925 for TTY).

If you have a letter from DRS indicating that you have a disability which requires academic accommodations, please present the letter to me so we can discuss how to meet your needs for this course.

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Academic Accommodations (proper)

- My goal is for you to learn productively
- If you have problems, ask me or a TA
- Accommodations:
 - We are not mean
 - We understand that life happens beyond this class, this major, this university, ...
 - We can make reasonable accommodations for individual students
 - This offer is open for everyone
- Just talk to us...

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Unsolicited Advice

- **Get to class on time!**
- Learn this stuff
 - You need it for so many later classes/jobs
 - Falling behind only makes more work for you
- Have fun
 - So much easier to be motivated and learn
 - Get used to my bad jokes
 - Yes, they really are that bad
 - If you don't laugh, they just get worse

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It's not about teaching penguins to limbo...

WHAT THIS CLASS IS ABOUT?

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Data Structures + Threads

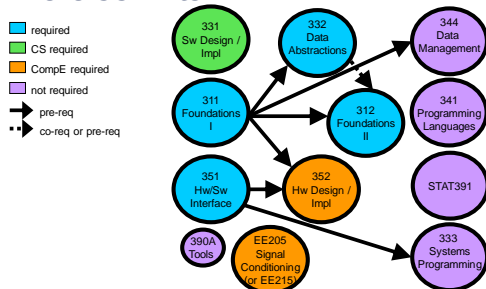
- About 70% of the course is a "classic data-structures course"
 - Timeless, essential stuff
 - Core data structures and algorithms that underlie most software
 - How to analyze algorithms
- Plus a serious first treatment of programming with multiple threads
 - Parallelism: Use multiple processors
 - Concurrency: Access to shared resources
 - Connections to the classic material

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Where 332 fits



- Most common pre-req for 400-level courses
 - Essential stuff for many internships too!

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What 332 is about

- Deeply understand the basic structures used in all software
 - Understand the data structures and trade-offs
 - Analyze the algorithms that use them (math!)
 - Learn how to pick "the right thing for the job"
- Experience the purposes and headaches of multithreading
- Practice design, analysis, and implementation
 - The elegant interplay of "theory" and "engineering" at the core of computer science

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Goals

- Be able to **make good design choices** as a developer, project manager, etc.
 - Reason in terms of the general abstractions that come up in all non-trivial software (and many non-software) systems
- Be able to **justify** and **communicate** your design decisions

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Views on this course

- Prof. Steve Seitz (graphics):
 - 100-level and some 300-level courses teach how to do stuff
 - 332 teaches really cool ways to do stuff
 - 400 level courses teach how to do really cool stuff
- Prof. James Fogarty (HCI):
 - Computers are fricking insane
 - Raw power can enable bad solutions to many problems
 - This course is about how to attack non-trivial problems where it actually matters how you solve them

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Views on this course

- Prof. Dan Grossman (prog. langs.): Three years from now this course will seem like it was a waste of your time because you can't imagine not "just knowing" every main concept in it
 - Key abstractions computer scientists and engineers use almost **every day**
 - A big piece of what separates us from others

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My View on the Course

- This is the class where you begin to think like a computer scientist
 - You stop thinking in Java or C++ code
 - You start thinking that this is a hashtable problem, a linked list problem, etc.
 - You realize that little assumptions make big differences in performance
 - You realize there is no absolutely best solution for a problem

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Data structures, ADTs, etc. (sorry, no weird joke here)

TERMINOLOGY

Data structures

[Often highly *non-obvious*] ways to organize information to enable **efficient** computation over that information

- Key goal of the next lecture is introducing **asymptotic analysis** to *precisely* and *generally* describe efficient use of time and space

A data structure supports certain *operations*, each with a:

- Meaning: what does the operation do/return
- Performance: how efficient is the operation

Examples:

- **List** with operations **insert** and **delete**
- **Stack** with operations **push** and **pop**

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Trade-offs

- A data structure strives to provide many useful, efficient operations
- But there are unavoidable trade-offs:
 - Time performance vs. space usage
 - Getting one operation to be more efficient makes others less efficient
 - Generality vs. simplicity vs. performance
- That is why there are many data structures and educated CSEers internalize their main trade-offs and techniques
 - And recognize logarithmic < linear < quadratic < exponential

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Terminology

- **Algorithm**
 - A high level, language-independent description of a step-by-step process
- **Abstract Data Type (ADT)**
 - Mathematical description of a "thing" with set of operations
- **Data structure**
 - A specific family of algorithms for implementing an ADT
- **Implementation** of a data structure
 - A specific implementation in a specific language on a specific machine (both matter!)

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Example: Stacks

- The **Stack ADT** supports operations:
 - **isEmpty**: have there been same number of pops as pushes
 - **push**: takes an item
 - **pop**: raises an error if isEmpty, else returns most-recently pushed item not yet returned by a pop
 - ... (possibly more operations)
- A Stack **data structure** could use a linked-list or an array or something else, and associated **algorithms** for the operations
- One **implementation** is in the library `java.util.Stack`

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The Stack is a Useful Abstraction

- It arises **all the time** in programming (e.g., see Weiss 3.6.3)
 - Recursive function calls
 - Balancing symbols (parentheses)
 - Evaluating postfix notation: $3\ 4\ +\ 5\ *$
 - Clever: Infix $((3+4) * 5)$ to postfix conversion
- We can code up a **reusable library**
- We can **communicate** in high-level terms "Use a stack and push numbers, popping for operators..." rather than, "create a linked list and add a node when..."

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The Queue ADT

- Operations
 - create**
 - destroy**
 - enqueue**
 - dequeue**
 - is_empty**



- Just like a stack except:
 - Stack: LIFO (last-in-first-out)
 - Queue: FIFO (first-in-first-out)
- Just as useful and ubiquitous

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Get in line right now for the best offers!

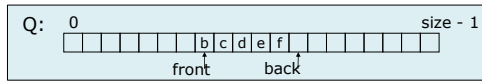
**LET'S MAKE A QUEUE
DATA STRUCTURE!**

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Circular Array Queue Data Structure

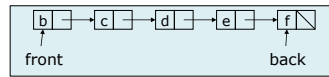


```
// Basic idea only!
enqueue(x) {
    Q[back] = x;
    back = (back + 1) % size;
}
```

- What if queue is empty?
 - Enqueue?
 - Dequeue?
- What if array is full?
- How to test for empty?
- What is the complexity of the operations?
- Can you find the kth element in the queue?

```
// Basic idea only!
dequeue() {
    x = Q[front];
    front = (front + 1) % size;
    return x;
}
```

Linked List Queue Data Structure



```
// Basic idea only!
enqueue(x) {
    back.next = new Node(x);
    back = back.next;
}
```

- What if **queue** is empty?
 - Enqueue?
 - Dequeue?
- Can **list** be full?
- How to test for empty?
- What is the *complexity* of the operations?
- Can you find the kth element in the queue?

```
// Basic idea only!
dequeue() {
    x = front.item;
    front = front.next;
    return x;
}
```

Circular Array vs. Linked List

Array:

- May waste unneeded space or run out of space
- Space per element excellent
- Operations very simple / fast
- Constant-time access to kth element
- For operation insertAtPosition, must shift all later elements
 - Not in Queue ADT

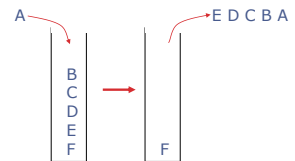
List:

- Always just enough space
- But more space per element
- Operations very simple / fast
- No constant-time access to kth element
- For operation insertAtPosition must traverse all earlier elements
 - Not in Queue ADT

The Stack ADT

Operations:

- create
- destroy
- push
- pop
- top
- is_empty



Can also be implemented with an array or a linked list

- This is Project 1!
- Like queues, type of elements is irrelevant
 - Ideal for Java's generic types (section and Project 1B)

Conclusions

- Welcome again!
- This will be a fun class.
- Read Chapter 1-3 for Wednesday
 - Chapter 1 is about Java
 - Chapter 3 is what we talked about today
 - Chapter 2 is discussed on Wednesday