CSE 331: Software Design & Engineering

Homework 2

Due: Wednesday, Jan 22th @ 11pm

As in Homework 1, a key part of this assignment is practicing debugging, this time in a more complex application. We'll ask you to submit a log describing all the time spent debugging.

Before you start, be sure to read the instructions for debugging to learn what information you need to keep track of while debugging. Then, as you work on each function, whenever you see a bug, open up your debugging log and record that information so that you can submit it.

If you get stuck during the debugging process, move on to the next section and come back later! Unlike Homework 1, you are not absolutely required to finish implementing the whole *app* before you debug, but you should try to implement a whole section before debugging it, to better distinguish implementation and debugging time.

Check out the starter code for this assignment:

git clone https://gitlab.cs.washington.edu/cse331-25wi/materials/hw2-locations.git

Navigate to the hw2-locations directory and run npm install --no-audit. Then you can run the application with npm run start and open it at http://localhost:8080.



The application displays a campus map along with 3 "markers" indicating things happening on campus. The App displays the current set of markers on top of the map. It also maintains a "selected" marker which is optional (as denoted with a ?), meaning it can have a value or be undefined. If a marker is selected, this optional value will be defined and the Editor component is displayed below the map, allowing the user to edit the details of a particular component. Initially, this component simply displays the name of the selected item. You will write functions as described below to improve the functionality of the Editor to let users edit the name, color, and location of markers in various ways.

In order to quickly figure out what marker was clicked on (if any), the App component maintains the markers in a tree. This is similar to a binary search tree except that, because the lookup keys are (x, y) locations, nodes of the tree split into NW, NE, SE, SW quadrants instead of left and right. The details of the data structure are <u>not</u> important to the assignment (you won't use it in the code you write), but if you are curious, you can look in marker_tree.ts to see the details.

For your work, however, it is important to understand that the keys in this tree are (x, y) pairs, which have type Location (see marker.ts). As in a binary search tree, the keys are arranged carefully in the tree based on their relationship to each other. If a key is mutated, the tree may not work properly! (The same is true of Maps in Java.) In principle, Locations that are not being used as keys might be okay to mutate, but we strongly recommend that you take the safest approach and **avoid mutating** any Location objects in your code.

You'll notice that the Editor component includes the function componentDidUpdate. This is a built-in function of React that automatically runs (i.e. we don't need to manually call it) when the props or state of the component are changed. It takes the values of the props and state prior to the update which allows for comparing to find the exact change. In this case, we pass in props identifying the currently selected marker and initialize states of the Editor with those values, so when the props are updated for a new marker, we want to update the Editor states also. If the idea of props are unfamiliar, we encourage you to study up with lecture slides before you proceed!

For this assignment, we **ban the use of** .map() **and** .forEach(). In general, we recommend, for the sake of your debugging experience, that you stick to the functions and coding conventions we've seen in lecture.

Locations App Implementation

Updating Marker Name and Color

Update the Editor component to display the name of the marker in a <input type="text"> element and the color in a <select> element. The list of available colors is provided in the COLORS array in marker.ts. Your UI should look something like this¹:

Name:	Picnic
Color:	red ~
Save	Cancel

When the user clicks the "Save" button, you should invoke the onSaveClick callback passed in props. This will cause the App to re-render, showing the updated color on the map. When the user clicks the "Cancel" button, you should invoke the onCancelClick callback passed in props. This will remove the editor from the screen.

Moving Markers

Update the Editor component so that the user can choose a building from a drop-down (an HTML select tag) and then click "Save" to move the marker to the location of that building.

Add an input text box that allows the user to filter the drop-down to only show buildings whose (long) names include the given text. Additionally, these filtered buildings should be ordered in the dropdown lexicographically (alphabetically). For example, typing "computer" into the box should reduce the dropdown to just the Gates and Allen buildings, with "Bill & Melinda Gates..." first and "Paul G. Allen..." second. When there is no text entered to filter on (in the initial state or if the user types a filter and then deletes it), the buildings in the drop-down should maintain their original ordering (as given in the BUILDINGS array).

Your dropdown should start with an option that, when selected, leaves the marker in the same location. (Without this, it would not be possible to change name or color without also moving the marker!)

Your UI should look something like this²:

Name: Picnic	Move To: Paul G. Allen Center	r for Computer Science & Engineering ~
Color: red ~	Filter:	(show only buildings including this text)
Save		

¹The precise details of the layout and styling are not important. This is not a UI design class.

²Again, the precise details of the layout and styling are not important. This is not a UI design class.

As before, the item should not move until the user clicks "Save". "Cancel" should leave it unchanged.

Make sure that, if you move a marker away from its original location, you can click on a different marker, click back on the first marker, and then move it a second time.

Moving Markers by Location Click

Update the Editor component so that, when a marker is selected, the user can click on the map to move the marker to that location instead of selecting the name of a building.

The App component already detects when the user clicks on a marker and then clicks elsewhere on the app. In that case, it will pass in the new location in the optional moveTo property of the Editor. If a location hasn't been clicked, the parameter will be undefined, otherwise, if that location value is provided, you should render a UI that allows the user to move the marker to that location or, by checking a box, not move at all.

Your UI should look something like this³:

Name:	Poetry Reading
Color:	blue ~
🗹 mo	ve to new location (gray)
Save	Cancel

In this case, the user should **not** see the UI you created in the "Moving Markers" section for moving to a building with a dropdown, and vice versa. In other words, the Editor should render the UI from this part if the moveTo property is defined, otherwise it should render the UI that you wrote in the "Moving Markers" section.

Again, the item should not move until the user clicks "Save". "Cancel" should leave it unchanged.

³Don't make me say it again.

Task 1 – A Log In The Machine

In this task, you will try out your solutions to each section of the UI you added. As mentioned before, you can debug after implementing each section instead of waiting until the end, but don't forget to carefully **track** and **document** your time spent debugging.

For each bug, you must also provide the following information:

- What failure, (incorrect) app behavior, did you see that told you there was a bug?
- Which **experiments** did you perform to try to locate the defect? (Checking the network tab, scanning for typos, console.logs, etc.)
- What the **defect** was that caused that bug (if you ever found it)?
- How many minutes did you spend on the bug after noticing the failure?
- Was the bug the result of *mutating* a field or array that was <u>not</u> supposed to be mutated?

Again, we have provided a debugging log website for you to record your debugging. Don't forget to save your log!

Once you have finished debugging your app, you will select *only* 3 log entries to turn in. Like Homework 1, you should try to select "interesting" entries, though you will not be penalized if some of your bugs were simple. However, **each log entry you select to turn in should have, at minimum, 1 experiment.** Experiments (your process) are the most important part of this assignment.

Your log should capture all the necessary context around each bug. Your TAs should be able to understand the UI interactions and inputs that led to the failure, and follow your experience through each debugging step. Experiments should start with some hypotheses with a leading question that you hope to answer with your experiment; then, upon seeing the result, we want to know what you learned which may lead to a next experiment (or to finding the defect).

It's understandable that you may hit some dead-ends and need to try a totally unrelated experiment idea, or that you may not find the defect, so it's okay if these show up in your log entries. Remember, that the goal here is that you improve your debugging skills, so try to make each experiment choice intentionally and avoid just "trying stuff" (but still log it if you do!).

You only need to turn in 3 log entries, but we encourage you to continue debugging your app to try to get all the behavior working because it's fun to have a working app! and it's good practice.

If you have been debugging for more than \sim 6 hours and have yet to find 3 bugs to turn in, we *highly* encourage you to reach out to the staff for help! Come to office hours or make a private ed post and let us know what's going on, so we can try to give you some extra debugging support. Sometimes bugs takes days or weeks to debug, in the "real world", but *extremely* time-consuming bugs are not the intention for this class, so make sure you're getting our help if you need it!

If you think your implementation is correct, and you have not found 3 bugs to log, or you have not found 3 bugs that required experiments (e.g. immediately obvious typos), you can send us your implementation, and we will return it to you as soon as possible with new bugs for you to debug. To send us your work, you should upload Editor.tsx containing your completed component to Google Drive, configure the share settings so we can access it by link, and email that link to cse331staff@cs.washington.edu. If you need to send us your implementation for bugs, you MUST do so by Monday, Jan 20th at 7pm.

Submission

After you finish debugging:

- 1. Open each log entry that you want to include in your submission and select Show in "View" box. Show: ✓ (in "View")
- 2. From the main page, select "View Log" to open all of your selected log entries.
- 3. Select File > Print or ctrl+P/Command+P to open the print dialog.
- 4. Set the print destination as "Save as PDF" and "Save"

Debugging Lo	g
ntry 1	
<u>, .</u>	
1.0 hours spent debugging	
Failure	
When you submit your answer to	a question, nothing changes in the UI
Experiments	
Experiment 1.1	
Question: Is the state being up	pdated and processed when we click the button
Steps Taken: Added a log stat	ement at the top of the doCheckAnswerClick method
Result: The state was being up	odated
Lesson: We updated the state	but we were not doing anything with the updated state
Error	
this.setState({ correct: correct	<pre>score: score });</pre>
We update the state here but we	do nothing with the state
Defect	
render = () => { return <div></div>	}
We do not render the result when	the state is updated
Mutation	
This failure was not due to mutat method which does not involve m	ing something that was not supposed to be mutated. This error was due to us not implementing a nutation
ntry 2	
1.0 hours spent debugging	
Failure	
When we submit the correct answ	ver to a question, the score does not increase
Experiments	
Experiment 2.1	
Question: Does the `score` va	ariable increase?
Steps Taken: Added a log stat	ement in doCheckAnswerClick after we check if the answer is correct or not
Result: The score variable did	increment
Lesson: The score increments	after we verify the answer is correct
Experiment 2.2	
	core state computere alco?
Question: Are we setting the s	score state somewhere else:
Question: Are we setting the s Steps Taken: Added a log stat	ement to print the score next to each setState call in the program
Question: Are we setting the s Steps Taken: Added a log stat Result: One of the set states p	core state somewhere e state: ement to print the score next to each setState call in the program vinted the old score value
Question: Are we setting the s Steps Taken: Added a log stat Result: One of the set states p Lesson: We are setting the sta	enent to print the score next to each setState call in the program rinted the old score value te to an old score value in doCheckAnswerClick
Question: Are we setting the s Steps Taken: Added a log stat Result: One of the set states p Lesson: We are setting the sta Error	une state somewhere ester enement to print the score next to each setState call in the program winted the old score value ite to an old score value in doCheckAnswerClick
Question: Are we setting the s Steps Taken: Added a log stat Result: One of the set states p Lesson: We are setting the sta Error this.setState({ score: this.state	interest of the score next to each setState call in the program winted the old score value ite to an old score value in doCheckAnswerClick
Question: Are we setting the s Steps Taken: Added a log stat Result: One of the set states p Lesson: We are setting the sta Error (his.setState({ score: this.state We set the score here, which is o	<pre>cure state some where each: memor to print the score next to each setState call in the program winted the old score value ite to an old score value in doCheckAnswerClick :score + 1 }); >rrect. But we then call setState again on the old value of score in the same method later on</pre>
Question: Are we setting the s Steps Taken: Added a log stat Result: One of the set states p Lesson: We are setting the state Error WhissetState{{ score: this.state We set the score here, which is o Defect	ecore state somewhere ester: rement to print the score next to each setState call in the program printed the old score value ite to an old score value in doCheckAnswerClick :.score + 1 }); orrect. But we then call setState again on the old value of score in the same method later on
Question: Are we setting the st Steps Taken: Added alog stat Result: One of the set states p Lesson: We are setting the stat Error (his.setState({ score: this.stat We set the score here, which is c Defect (his.setState({ correct; correct, correct;	excert source state source where each setState call in the program winted the old score value in dockness control of score value in dockeckAnswerClick isscore + 1)); prrect. But we then call setState again on the old value of score in the same method later on score: score });

5. Submit your downloaded log to the "HW2" assignment on Gradescope.