CSE 331 Software Design & Implementation

Spring 2025 Section 2 – HW2 and Browser Operations

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Administrivia

- Homework 2:
 - Due Wednesday, April 16th @ 11pm
 - Released this evening

Browser Operation (Review)

• Browser reads the URL to find the server to talk to



• Contact the given server and request the given path:



Browser Operation (Review)



- HTML page can load JavaScript
 - starter code's index.html includes index.tsx
- Each time the page loads, browser executes index.tsx

React

• UI library with syntax called JSX:

```
const x = Hi there!;
```

• Breaks interface into components

```
class HiElem extends Component {
   constructor(props) {
      super(props);
   }
   render = () => {
      return Hola, Kevin!;
   };
}
```

Must have a single root tag (must be a tree)
 e.g., cannot do this: return onetwo;

React - Event Handler (Review)

• Passing method to be called as argument:

<button onClick={this.doEspClick}>Esp</button>

• Creating event handler:

```
doEspClick = (evt) => {
   this.setState({lang: "es"};
};
```

• Must call setState to change the state (do not directly modify this.state)

TypeScript Review

- TypeScript includes declared types for variables
- Compiler checks that the types are valid
 - extremely useful!
 - produces JS just by *removing* the types
- If you leave off the type, TS will try to guess it

Basic Data Types (Review)

number bigint string boolean ทนไไ undefined Object (record types) Array (e.g., string[] as in Java) unknown (could be anything) **any** (turns off type checking — <u>do not</u> use!) literal values (ex "foo" or "foo" | "bar")

Creating New Types (Review)

- Union Types string | bigint
 - can be either one of these
- **Record Types** (creator picks the names) :
 - anything with at least fields "x" and "s" (could have more fields)
 const p: {x: bigint, s: string} = {x: 1n, s: 'hi'};
 console.log(p.x); // prints 1n
- Tuple Types (user picks the names): [bigint, string] const p: [bigint, string] = [1n, 'hi'];
 - give names to the parts ("destructuring") to use them
 const [x, y] = p;
 console.log(x); // prints ln

Small Note On <select>

<select value={color} onChange={handleColorChange}> <option value="red">Red</option> <option value="blue">Blue</option> <option value="green">Green</option> </select>

Controlled Component:

- the "value" attribute, which is the color in this example, determines the current selected option.
- Event Handler:
 - The onChange function, in this case handleColorChange updates the color value when a new option is chosen.
- Options:
 - Each <option> tag provides a selectable item with a specific value.
 - When you select one of the <option> tags, the value of that tag is then set to the value in the <select>, and is used by the event handler

Bug Journaling

- <u>https://comfy.cs.washington.edu/service/hw2-practice</u>
- Make sure to save and wait for website to say "Saved" before closing
- Copy entire line of code into bug journal (not just line number)

Mutation

Was this failure caused by mutating something that should not have been mutated? Yes

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Briefly explain why or why not:

Array declared const was not intended to be mutated.

Bug Journal Clarifications

- **Experiments:** *Any* steps taken to find the bug
 - be sure to document entire debugging process (can and most likely will include dead end experiments)
 - experiments should typically help inform you about the next experiment until you find the actual bug
- Mutation: This means mutating something that should not have been mutated (this does not mean mutating something incorrectly)