

# **CSE 331**

## **Software Design & Implementation**

**Kevin Zatloukal** 

### **About Your Instructors**

- Programmer for 28 years
  - started at Microsoft in 1996



**Kevin Zatloukal** 

- My first computer
  - had 64 kilobytes of memory

had to scrimp and save every bit

 drew on the screen by writing directly to video memory no libraries of any kind

- Programmer for 28 years
  - started at Microsoft in 1996



**Kevin Zatloukal** 

• Built a wide range of systems and applications

#### **Systems**

- compilers
- operating systems
- distributed systems
- networking systems
- database systems
- graphics

#### **Applications**

- desktop apps
- web apps
- phone apps
- IDE
- games
- ...

• ...

### **Learning Computer Science**

- You already know Java
  - some basic data structures and algorithms
- Working on expanding your knowledge



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  - some basic data structures and algorithms
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## **Learning Computer Science**

- 1. First time solving this kind of problem
- 2. Given lots of help

will often tell you if it's right

3. Expected to make mistakes

90% is an "A"!

All of these are <u>different</u> in industry



### 1. Not the <u>first time</u> solving this kind of problem



normal to hire someone with prior experience learn new skills in class or in spare time

E.g., write Huffman encode/decode in some new setting



1. Not the <u>first time</u> solving this kind of problem

normal to hire someone with prior experience learn new skills in class or in spare time

### 2. No one to tell you if your code is right

That's your job!

(senior engineers will *double check* your work, but they expect it to be right) you will almost never be given tests



### Least "Real World" Setting Possible

L

#### Would give you a button to click to see if it's right...

EeetCode		•	$\langle \equiv$ Problem List $\rangle$			Premium	(	00	
Description	🔒 Editorial Solutions	(4.1K) Submi	issions	i Python3 $  imes$	• Auto		6 {}	¥ \$	⊾ N
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				Console ^		XÔ.	Run	Subr	nit
Someone else already solved this problem									

Someone else <u>already</u> solved this problem. They only need you for new problems. 1. Not the <u>first time</u> solving this kind of problem

normal to hire someone with prior experience learn new skills in class or in spare time

2. <u>No one</u> to tell you if your code is right

That's your job!

(senior engineers will *double check* your work, but they expect it to be right) you will almost never be given tests



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#### 3. Mistakes are not acceptable

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10% of 1m users is 100k users calling customer service 1% of 1m users is 10k users calling customer service



## Cyberpunk 2077



## Cyberpunk 2077

![](_page_13_Figure_1.jpeg)

### CrowdStrike in 2024

![](_page_14_Figure_1.jpeg)

Lost 50% (\$45b) in a few months

- Almost all software works properly almost always
- People are not used to buggy software
  - when it happens, they lose their minds
- Hard to appreciate until you see it yourself...

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![](_page_16_Picture_9.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_11.jpeg)

![](_page_16_Picture_12.jpeg)

- Learning what engineers do to make sure their code is correct <u>before</u> sending it to users
- Learn a toolkit for being 100% sure it is right
   any "computer scientist" must know this
- Learn when to use the toolkit
  - not every problem requires it

### **Properties of High-Quality Code**

- Professionals are expected to write high-quality code
- Correctness is the most important part of quality
  - users hate products that do not work properly
- Also includes the following
  - easy to understand
  - easy to change
  - modular

will also discuss these

### **Other Properties of High-Quality Code**

- Note that list did not include efficiency
- We will focus on correctness
  - a prerequisite for efficiency
     speed doesn't matter if the code is not correct
  - other classes give plenty of attention to efficiency
- General rules about programmers (50+ years of evidence):
  - overestimate the importance of efficiency
  - underestimate the difficulty of correctness

### Will Focus on Timeless Skills

- Focus our time on skills that will be useful 10+ years on...
- Not specific languages or libraries
  - specific knowledge is only impressive to junior programmers you will know 3-5 languages by the time you graduate! you will not be impressed by someone who knows 1 more
  - Al knows how to to write a loop in every language and how to call every well-known function in every library

do not expect to be paid for this knowledge

### We Will Ask You to Write Code **Differently**

- Our goal is not to teach you to write code that looks exactly like what you will see in industry
  - nor is it to use the libraries most common in industry the most popular languages and libraries change all the time
- Our goal is to teach you to think through your code and to understand how all the parts work
- That is best served by writing slowly and carefully
- We will force that by
  - 1. changing programming languages to something *unfamiliar*
  - 2. having *unusual* coding conventions at times

- CSE 331 is a hard class
  - because coding & debugging are hard!
- Most of the work is done <u>outside of class</u>
  - university policy is 2 hours per hour of class time
  - plan for 8 hours per week, but...
- Wide variation in time required
  - some students will average 10-15 hours

but this is not expected! be sure to get help if you are averaging over 15 hours

### **Homework Assignments**

• Nine assignments split into these groups:

![](_page_23_Figure_2.jpeg)

### **Quiz Sections**

- Get an ungraded attempt at solving HW-like problems
  - extremely beneficial to student success...

![](_page_24_Figure_3.jpeg)

### **Quiz Sections**

- Get an ungraded attempt at solving HW-like problems
  - extremely beneficial to student success
- Plan to attend all quarter
- If you are unable to attend, can do the work online
  - submit solutions to <u>all</u> worksheet problems by 5pm
- Participation is not required, but non-participation is interpreted as confidence that you do not need extra help
  - specifically, that you do not need to attend office hours
  - OH time is the most limited resource in the course, so it will be restricted to those who attended that week's section

### Late Days

- Students are allowed 4 late days total
  - anything more than 10 minutes late is 1 day
  - no more than 1 late day per assignment
  - 1 late day covers both the written and coding parts some assignments have separate due dates for the written and coding parts for those assignments, a late day allows **both parts** to be submitted 24 hours late
- To go over these limits, you must talk to the instructors
  - no reason to ask for more until you are out of late days
- Plan to complete assignments on time
  - schedule is set up to be done on the due date
  - save late days for emergencies

#### **Exams**

- No midterm exam
- Final exam at an **unusual** time and place
  - on Tuesday, December 10<sup>th</sup> at 12:30
  - in BAG room 131 or 154

### Collaboration

- Students are expected to write their solutions individually and unassisted
  - these are not group work
  - Al is not allowed
- Fine to talk about the assignment with other students, but you must either:
  - **1.** Keep the discussion "high level" or
  - 2. Keep no written or electronic records of your discussion
- There is <u>no acceptable reason</u> to share your solution with any other student

- Start HW4-9 early
  - wide variation in the time required
  - never know how long debugging will take!
- Use the message board whenever possible
   will get an answer promptly (during working hours)
- Do not skip class to work on homework

- Start homework assignments early!
- Make sure you understand how lectures apply
  - seeing no connection to lecture is a giant red flag
- Focus on understanding, not points
  - understanding, not points, will not get you a job
  - losing points is the best reminder to review later