

Final review

Administrivia

- Review Session – Sunday 03/11 – 2:00 PM @ EEB 037
 - Bring your questions/topics for review.
- Exam – Monday 03/12 – 12:30PM
- Demos – if you want us to consider your HW9, email the staff list

Stronger vs Weaker (one more time!)

- Requires more?
- Promises more? (stricter specifications on what the effects entail)

Stronger vs Weaker (one more time!)

- Requires more?

weaker

- Promises more? (stricter specifications on what the effects entail)

stronger

Stronger vs Weaker

```
@requires key is a key in this  
@return the value associated with key  
@throws NullPointerException if key is null
```

A. @requires key is a key in this and key != null
@return the value associated with key

B. @return the value associated with key if key is a
key in *this*, or null if key is not associated
with any value

C. @return the value associated with key
@throws NullPointerException if key is null
@throws NoSuchElementException if key is not a
key *this*

Stronger vs Weaker

```
@requires key is a key in this  
@return the value associated with key  
@throws NullPointerException if key is null
```

A. @requires key is a key in this and key != null
@return the value associated with key

WEAKER

B. @return the value associated with key if key is a key in *this*, or null if key is not associated with any value

NEITHER

C. @return the value associated with key
@throws NullPointerException if key is null
@throws NoSuchElementException if key is not a key *this*

STRONGER

Subtypes & Subclasses

- Subtypes are substitutable for supertypes
- If `Foo` is a subtype of `Bar`, `G<Foo>` is a **NOT** a subtype of `G<Bar>`
 - Aliasing resulting from this would let you add objects of type `Bar` to `G<Foo>`, which would be bad!
 - Example:

```
List<String> ls = new ArrayList<String>();
List<Object> lo = ls;
lo.add(new Object());
String s = ls.get(0);
```
- Subclassing is done to reuse code (extends)
 - A subclass can override methods in its superclass

Typing and Generics

- `<?>` is a wildcard for unknown
 - Upper bounded wildcard: type is wildcard or subclass
 - Eg: `List<? extends Shape>`
 - Illegal to write into (no calls to `add`!) because we can't guarantee type safety.
 - Lower bounded wildcard: type is wildcard or superclass
 - Eg: `List<? super Integer>`
 - Safe to write into when the `List`'s dynamic type's parameter is in fact a superclass of the dynamic type of the formal parameter to `add`

Subtypes & Subclasses

```
class Student extends Object { ... }  
class CSEStudent extends Student { ... }
```



```
List<Student> ls;  
List<? extends Student> les;  
List<? super Student> lss;  
List<CSEStudent> lcse;  
List<? extends CSEStudent> lecse;  
List<? super CSEStudent> lscse;  
Student scholar;  
CSEStudent hacker;
```

```
ls = lcse;  
les = lscse;  
lcse = lscse;  
les.add(scholar);  
lscse.add(scholar);  
lss.add(hacker);  
scholar = lscse.get(0);  
hacker = lecse.get(0);
```

Subtypes & Subclasses

```
class Student extends Object { ... }  
class CSEStudent extends Student { ... }
```

```
List<Student> ls;  
List<? extends Student> les;  
List<? super Student> lss;  
List<CSEStudent> lcse;  
List<? extends CSEStudent> lecse;  
List<? super CSEStudent> lscse;  
Student scholar;  
CSEStudent hacker;
```

```
ls = lcse; X  
les = lscse; X  
lcse = lscse; X  
les.add(scholar); X  
lscse.add(scholar); X  
lss.add(hacker);   
scholar = lscse.get(0); X  
hacker = lecse.get(0); 
```

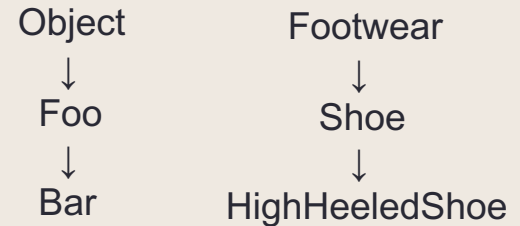
Subclasses & Overriding

```
class Foo extends Object {  
    Shoe m(Shoe x, Shoe y) { ... }  
}
```

```
class Bar extends Foo {...}
```

Method Declarations in Bar

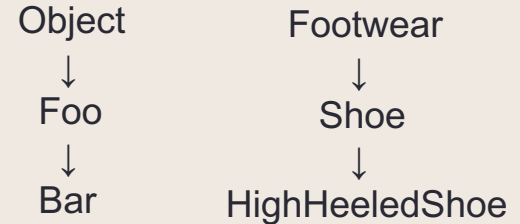
- The result is method overriding
- The result is method overloading
- The result is a type-error
- None of the above



- FootWear m(Shoe x, Shoe y) { ... }
- Shoe m(Shoe q, Shoe z) { ... }
- HighHeeledShoe m(Shoe x, Shoe y) { ... }
- Shoe m(FootWear x, HighHeeledShoe y) { ... }
- Shoe m(FootWear x, FootWear y) { ... }
- Shoe m(Shoe x, Shoe y) { ... }
- Shoe m(HighHeeledShoe x, HighHeeledShoe y) { ... }
- Shoe m(Shoe y) { ... }
- Shoe z(Shoe x, Shoe y) { ... }

Method Declarations in Bar

- The result is method overriding
- The result is method overloading
- The result is a type-error
- None of the above



- FootWear m(Shoe x, Shoe y) { ... } **type-error**
- Shoe m(Shoe q, Shoe z) { ... } **overriding**
- HighHeeledShoe m(Shoe x, Shoe y) { ... } **overriding**
- Shoe m(FootWear x, HighHeeledShoe y) { ... } **overloading**
- Shoe m(FootWear x, FootWear y) { ... } **overloading**
- Shoe m(Shoe x, Shoe y) { ... } **overriding**
- Shoe m(HighHeeledShoe x, HighHeeledShoe y) { ... } **overloading**
- Shoe m(Shoe y) { ... } **overloading**
- Shoe z(Shoe x, Shoe y) { ... } **none (new method declaration)**

Design Patterns

- Creational patterns: get around Java constructor inflexibility
 - Sharing: singleton, interning
 - Telescoping constructor fix: builder
 - Returning a subtype: factories
- Structural patterns: translate between interfaces
 - Adapter: same functionality, different interface
 - Decorator: different functionality, same interface
 - Proxy: same functionality, same interface, restrict access
 - All of these are types of wrappers

Design Patterns

- Interpreter pattern:

- Collects code for similar objects, spreads apart code for operations (classes for objects with operations as methods in each class)
- Easy to add objects, hard to add methods
- Instance of Composite pattern

- Procedural patterns:

- Collects code for similar operations, spreads apart code for objects (classes for operations, method for each operand type)
- Easy to add methods, hard to add objects
- Ex: Visitor pattern

Design Patterns

Adapter, Builder, Composite, Decorator, Factory, Flyweight, Iterator, Intern, Interpreter, Model-View-Controller (MVC), Observer, Procedural, Prototype, Proxy, Singleton, Visitor, Wrapper

- What pattern would you use to...
 - add a scroll bar to an existing window object in Swing
 - We have an existing object that controls a communications channel. We would like to provide the same interface to clients but transmit and receive encrypted data over the existing channel.
 - When the user clicks the “find path” button in the Campus Maps application (hw9), the path appears on the screen.

Design Patterns

Adapter, Builder, Composite, Decorator, Factory, Flyweight, Iterator, Intern, Interpreter, Model-View-Controller (MVC), Observer, Procedural, Prototype, Proxy, Singleton, Visitor, Wrapper

- What pattern would you use to...
 - add a scroll bar to an existing window object in Swing
 - Decorator
 - We have an existing object that controls a communications channel. We would like to provide the same interface to clients but transmit and receive encrypted data over the existing channel.
 - Proxy
 - When the user clicks the “find path” button in the Campus Maps application (hw9), the path appears on the screen.
 - MVC
 - Observer