CSE 331 Software Design and Implementation	Final Logistics
	Wednesday, 8:30 - 10:20 AM
Lecture 24 <i>Wrap Up</i>	Comprehensive, weighted towards 2 nd half
	Old exams on the web; some questions won't apply if we didn't do similar things
Zach Tatlock / Spring 2018	
Today	CSE 331
Course Reviews	
Project demos	
Final logistics (here at 8:30am on Wednesday!)	What was it all about?
A look back at CSE 331	
High-level overview of main ideas and goals	
Connection to homework and broader context	But first
Also: THANK YOU :)	

Huge thanks to the folks who made it work

Course staff:

SE 331 Spring 20

151 of many topics 🔸

Weifan Jiang, Cody Kesting, Tim Chirananthavat, Alexey Beall, Hongtao Huang, Jake Sippy, Chen (Jason) Qiu, Leah Perlmutter, Zhu (Ruby) Li, Yifan (Vanadis) Xu

Special thanks to all of you :)

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18 Shared privately

/ Welcome to CSE 331 Software Design and \ Implementation, Spring 2018

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This course is itself a sophisticated system requiring design, implementation, and **debugging**;)

No action needed

From our first lecture...

Credits

Great course material based on work by:

- Michael Ernst
- Hal Perkins
- Dan Grossman
- David Notkin
- Dozens of amazing TAs
- Hundreds of incredible students (you!)

The Big Picture

Welcome!

10 week study of the craft of programming How do we build good programs?

"Controlling complexity is the essence of computer programming."



-- Brian Kernighan (UNIX, AWK, C, ...)

Controlling Complexity



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Controlling Complexity



Learning to Control Complexity

First, we need to refine our goals:

- What quality makes a program good?
- How can we tell if a program is good?
- How do we build good programs?

To answer, we'll learn *principles* and use tools:

- Modularity, documentation, testing, verification
- Tools: Java, IDEs, debuggers, JUnit, JavaDoc, git

Tools change, principles are forever.

10 weeks ago: Welcome!

We have 10 weeks to move well beyond novice programmer.

Larger programs

- Small programs are easy: "code it up"
- Complexity changes everything: "design an artifact"
- Analogy: using hammers and saws vs. making cabinets (but not yet building houses)

Principled, systematic software: What does "it's right" mean? How do we know "it's right"? What are best practices for "getting it right"?

Effective use of languages and tools: Java, IDEs, debuggers, JUnit, JavaDoc, git, Checker Framework, ...

- Principles are ultimately more important than details
 - You will forever learn details of new tools/versions

10 weeks ago: Goals

CSE 331 will teach you to how to write correct programs

What does it mean for a program to be correct?

- Specifications

What are ways to achieve correctness?

- Principled design and development
- Abstraction and modularity
- Documentation

What are ways to verify correctness?

- Testing
- Reasoning and verification

10 weeks ago: Managing complexity

Abstraction and specification

- Procedural, data, and control flow abstractions
- Why they are useful and how to use them

Writing, understanding, and reasoning about code

- Will use Java, but the issues apply in all languages
- Some focus on object-oriented programming

Program design and documentation

- What makes a design good or bad (example: modularity)
- Design processes and tools

Pragmatic considerations

- Testing
- Debugging and defensive programming
- [more in CSE403: Managing software projects]

Some new slides to tie the pieces together ...

Divide and conquer: Modularity, abstraction, specs

No one person can understand all of a realistic system

- Modularity permits focusing on just one part
- Abstraction enables ignoring detail
- Specifications (and documentation) formally describe behavior
- Reasoning relies on all three to understand/fix errors
 - Or avoid them in the first place
 - Proving, testing, debugging: all are intellectually challenging

How CSE 331 fits together

Lectures: ideas

\Rightarrow Assignments: get practice

Specifications	\Rightarrow	Design classes
Testing	\Rightarrow	Write tests
Subtyping	\Rightarrow	Write subclasses
Equality & identity	\Rightarrow	Override equals, use collections
Generics	\Rightarrow	Write generic classes
Design patterns	\Rightarrow	Larger designs; MVC
Reasoning, debugging	g⇒	Correctness, testing
Events	\Rightarrow	GUIs
Systems integration	\Rightarrow	N/A

We've come far in CSE 331!

Compare your skills today to 10 weeks ago

- Theory: abstraction, specification, design
- Practice: implementation, testing
- Theory & practice: correctness

Bottom line aspiration: Much of what we've done would be *easy* for you today

This is a measure of how much you have learned

There is no such thing as a "born" programmer!

Genius is 1% inspiration and 99% perspiration. Thomas A. Edison



I have not failed. I've just found 10,000 ways that won't work.

Nikola Tesla

DEMOS

What you will learn later

- Your next project can be much more ambitious – But beware of "second system" effect
- Know your limits
 Be humble (reality helps you with this)
- · You will continue to learn
 - Building interesting systems is never easy
 Like any worthwhile endeavor
 - Cite any worthwhile endea
 - Practice is a good teacher
 - Requires thoughtful introspection
 - Don't learn *only* by trial and error!
 - Voraciously consume ideas and tools

What comes next?

Courses

- CSE 403 Software Engineering
 - Focuses on requirements, software lifecycle, teamwork
- Capstone projects
- Any class that requires software design and implementation

Research

- In software engineering & programming systems
- In any topic that involves software

Having an impact on the world

- Jobs (and job interviews)
- Larger programming projects

Final slide

System building is fun!

- It's even more fun when you're successful
- Pay attention to what matters
 - Take advantage of the techniques and tools you've learned (and will learn!)

On a personal note:

 Don't be a stranger: I love to hear how you do in CSE and beyond as alumni

Closing thoughts?