# CSE 331 Software Design & Implementation

Hal Perkins
Spring 2017
Course Wrapup

## Today

- Reminder: Do your course evaluations (!)
- Project demos
- Final exam information
- A look back at CSE 331
  - High-level overview of main ideas and goals
  - Connection to homeworks
  - Context
- Also:
  - Thank-yous

#### Final exam information

- Monday, 8:30-10:20 AM
- Comprehensive but reasonably strongly weighted towards the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of the course
- Old exams on the web
  - Some questions won't apply if we didn't do similar things this quarter
- Last-minute Q&A review Saturday (tomorrow!), 1 pm, EEB 045

#### **CSE 331**

What was it all about?

But first....

#### Huge thanks to the folks who made it work

Course staff: Issac, Grace, Sam, Jason, Armaan, Laura, Amy, Matthew, Stephanie & Reid

This course is itself a sophisticated (or at least really, really complicated) system requiring savvy design and implementation

3 slides from Lecture 1...

## 10 weeks ago: Welcome!

We have 10 weeks to move well beyond novice *programmer*:

- Larger programs
  - Small programs are easy: "code it up"
  - Complexity changes everything: "design an artifact"
  - Analogy: using hammers and saws vs. making cabinets (but not yet building houses)
- Principled, systematic software: What does "it's right" mean?
   How do we know "it's right"? What are best practices for "getting it right"?
- Effective use of languages and tools: Java, IDEs, debuggers, JUnit, JavaDoc, git, ...
  - Principles are ultimately more important than details
    - You will forever learn details of new tools/versions

## 10 weeks ago: Goals

- CSE 331 will teach you to how to write correct programs
- What does it mean for a program to be correct?
  - Specifications
- What are ways to achieve correctness?
  - Principled design and development
  - Abstraction and modularity
  - Documentation
- What are ways to verify correctness?
  - Testing
  - Reasoning and verification

# 10 weeks ago: Managing complexity

- Abstraction and specification
  - Procedural, data, and control flow abstractions
  - Why they are useful and how to use them
- Writing, understanding, and reasoning about code
  - Will use Java, but the issues apply in all languages
  - Some focus on object-oriented programming
- Program design and documentation
  - What makes a design good or bad (example: modularity)
  - Design processes and tools
- Pragmatic considerations
  - Testing
  - Debugging and defensive programming
  - [more in CSE403: Managing software projects]

Some new slides to tie the pieces together...

# Divide and conquer: Modularity, abstraction, specs

No one person can understand all of a realistic system

- Modularity permits focusing on just one part
- Abstraction enables ignoring detail
- Specifications (and documentation) formally describe behavior
- Reasoning relies on all three to understand/fix errors
  - Or avoid them in the first place
  - Proving, testing, debugging: all are intellectually challenging

# How CSE 331 fits together

Lectures: ideas ⇒ Assignments: get practice

Specifications ⇒ Design classes

Testing  $\Rightarrow$  Write tests

Subtyping ⇒ Write subclasses

Equality & identity  $\Rightarrow$  Override equals, use collections

Generics ⇒ Write generic classes

Design patterns ⇒ Larger designs; MVC

Reasoning, debugging ⇒ Correctness, testing

Events  $\Rightarrow$  GUIs

Systems integration  $\Rightarrow$  N/A

### What you have learned in CSE 331

Compare your skills today to 10 weeks ago

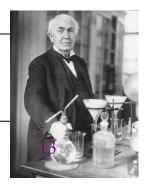
- Theory: abstraction, specification, design
- Practice: implementation, testing
- Theory & practice: correctness

Bottom line aspiration: Much of what we've done would be *easy* for you today

This is a measure of how much you have learned

There is no such thing as a "born" programmer!

Genius is 1% inspiration and 99% perspiration.
Thomas A. Edison



## What you will learn later

- Your next project can be much more ambitious
  - But beware of "second system" effect
- Know your limits
  - Be humble (reality helps you with this)
- You will continue to learn
  - Building interesting systems is never easy
    - Like any worthwhile endeavor
  - Practice is a good teacher
    - Requires thoughtful introspection
    - Don't learn only by trial and error!
  - Voraciously consume ideas and tools

#### What comes next?

#### Courses

- CSE 403 Software Engineering
  - Focuses more on requirements, software lifecycle, teamwork
- Capstone projects
- Any class that requires software design and implementation

#### Research

- In software engineering & programming systems
- In any topic that involves software

#### Having an impact on the world

- Jobs (and job interviews)
- Larger programming projects

#### Last slide

- System building is fun!
  - It's even more fun when you're successful
- Pay attention to what matters
  - Take advantage of the techniques and tools you've learned (and will learn!)
- On a personal note:
  - Don't be a stranger: I love to hear how you do in CSE and beyond as alumni
- Closing thoughts?