## CSE 331 Software Design and Implementation

# Lecture 24 Wrap Up

Zach Tatlock / Winter 2016

## Today

- Reminder: course evals
- Project demos
- Final-exam information

- A look back at CSE 331
  - High-level overview of main ideas and goals
  - Connection to homeworks
  - Context
- Also:
  - Thank-yous

### Final-exam information

Monday, 8:30-10:20 AM

Comprehensive but weighted towards the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of the course

Old exams on the web

Some questions won't apply if we didn't do similar things

## **CSE 331**

What was it all about?

But first....

## Huge thanks to the folks who made it work

Course staff: Vinod, Chris, Justin, Deric, Cindy

Special thanks to all of you for lots of good test questions:)

This course is itself a sophisticated system requiring design, implementation, and **debugging**;)

### **Credits**

Great course material based on work by:

- Michael Ernst
- Hal Perkins
- Dan Grossman
- David Notkin
- Dozens of amazing TAs
- Hundreds of incredible students (you!)



## 10 weeks ago: Welcome!

We have 10 weeks to move well beyond novice *programmer*:

#### Larger programs

- Small programs are easy: "code it up"
- Complexity changes everything: "design an artifact"
- Analogy: using hammers and saws vs. making cabinets (but not yet building houses)

Principled, systematic software: What does "it's right" mean? How do we know "it's right"? What are best practices for "getting it right"?

Effective use of languages and tools: Java, IDEs, debuggers, JUnit, JavaDoc, git, Checker Framework, ...

- Principles are ultimately more important than details
  - You will forever learn details of new tools/versions

## 10 weeks ago: Goals

CSE 331 will teach you to how to write correct programs

What does it mean for a program to be correct?

Specifications

What are ways to achieve correctness?

- Principled design and development
- Abstraction and modularity
- Documentation

What are ways to verify correctness?

- Testing
- Reasoning and verification

## 10 weeks ago: Managing complexity

#### Abstraction and specification

- Procedural, data, and control flow abstractions
- Why they are useful and how to use them

Writing, understanding, and reasoning about code

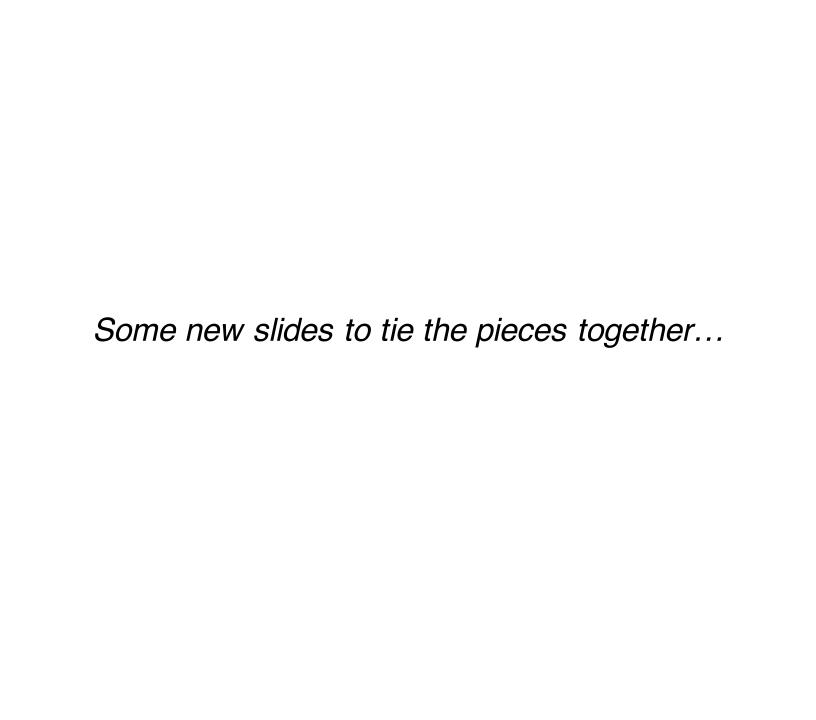
- Will use Java, but the issues apply in all languages
- Some focus on object-oriented programming

#### Program design and documentation

- What makes a design good or bad (example: modularity)
- Design processes and tools

#### Pragmatic considerations

- Testing
- Debugging and defensive programming
- [more in CSE403: Managing software projects]



## Divide and conquer: Modularity, abstraction, specs

No one person can understand all of a realistic system

- Modularity permits focusing on just one part
- Abstraction enables ignoring detail
- Specifications (and documentation) formally describe behavior
- Reasoning relies on all three to understand/fix errors
  - Or avoid them in the first place
  - Proving, testing, debugging: all are intellectually challenging

## How CSE 331 fits together

Lectures: ideas ⇒ Assignments: get practice

Specifications ⇒ Design classes

Testing  $\Rightarrow$  Write tests

Subtyping ⇒ Write subclasses

Equality & identity  $\Rightarrow$  Override equals, use collections

Generics ⇒ Write generic classes

Design patterns ⇒ Larger designs; MVC

Reasoning, debugging ⇒ Correctness, testing

Events  $\Rightarrow$  GUIs

Systems integration  $\Rightarrow$  N/A

### We've come far in CSE 331!

Compare your skills today to 10 weeks ago

- Theory: abstraction, specification, design
- Practice: implementation, testing
- Theory & practice: correctness

Bottom line aspiration: Much of what we've done would be *easy* for you today

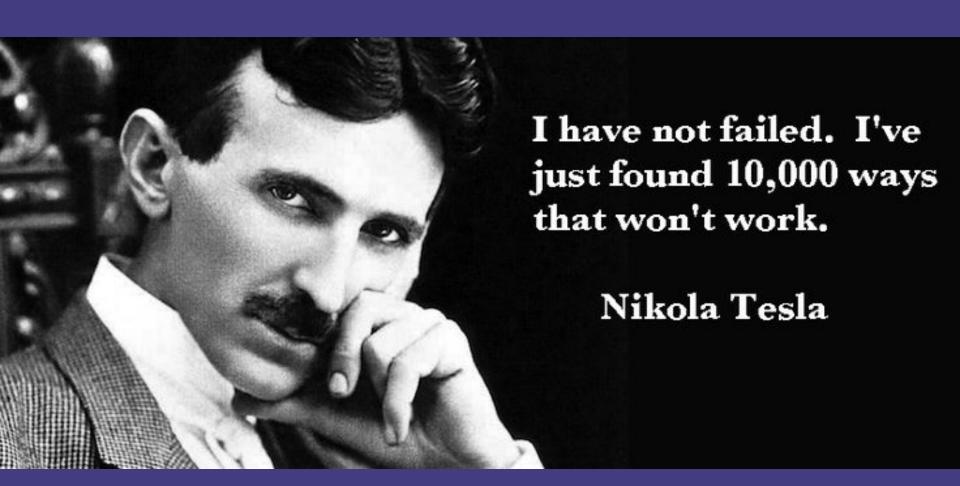
This is a measure of how much you have learned

There is no such thing as a "born" programmer!

Genius is 1% inspiration and 99% perspiration.

Thomas A. Edison





## What you will learn later

- Your next project can be much more ambitious
  - But beware of "second system" effect
- Know your limits
  - Be humble (reality helps you with this)
- You will continue to learn
  - Building interesting systems is never easy
    - Like any worthwhile endeavor
  - Practice is a good teacher
    - Requires thoughtful introspection
    - Don't learn only by trial and error!
  - Voraciously consume ideas and tools

#### What comes next?

#### Courses

- CSE 403 Software Engineering
  - Focuses on requirements, software lifecycle, teamwork
- Capstone projects
- Any class that requires software design and implementation

#### Research

- In software engineering & programming systems
- In any topic that involves software

#### Having an impact on the world

- Jobs (and job interviews)
- Larger programming projects

## Final slide

#### System building is fun!

It's even more fun when you're successful

#### Pay attention to what matters

 Take advantage of the techniques and tools you've learned (and will learn!)

#### On a personal note:

 Don't be a stranger: I love to hear how you do in CSE and beyond as alumni

#### Closing thoughts?