Introduction to CSE 331 Software Design & Implementation

CSE 331
University of Washington

Michael Ernst

Welcome to CSE 331!

CSE 331 will teach you how to write correct programs

- What does it mean for a program to be correct?
 - Specifications
- What are ways to achieve correctness?
 - Principled design and development
 - Abstraction, modularity
 - Documentation
- What are ways to verify correctness?
 - Testing
 - Reasoning and verification
- Moving beyond novice programmer
 - Larger programs
 - Small programs are easy; complexity changes everything
 - Effective use of tools: Java, IDEs, debuggers, JUnit, Javadoc, Subversion
 - The principles are ultimately more important than the details

Course staff

- Lecturer:
 - Michael Ernst
- TAs:
 - Krysta Yousoufian
 - Jackson Roberts
 - Michael Hotan
 - Alex Eding

Ask us for help!

Managing complexity

- Abstraction and specification
 - Procedural, data, control flow
 - Why they are useful and how to use them
- Writing, understanding, and reasoning about code
 - The examples are in Java, but the issues are more general
 - Object-oriented programming
- Program design and documentation
 - What makes a design good or bad (example: modularity)
 - The process of design and design tools
- Pragmatic considerations
 - Testing
 - Debugging and defensive programming
 - Managing software projects

The goal of system building

- To create a correctly functioning artifact!
- All other matters are secondary
 - Many of them are *essential* to producing a correct system
- We insist that you learn to create correct systems
 - This is hard (but fun and rewarding!)

Why is building good software hard?

- Large software systems are enormously complex
 - Millions of "moving parts"
- People expect software to be malleable
 - After all, it's "only software"
 - Software mitigates the deficiencies of other components
- We are always trying to do new things with software
 - Relevant experience often missing
- Software engineering is about:
 - Managing complexity
 - Managing change
 - Coping with potential defects
 - Customers, developers, environment, software

Programming is hard

- It is surprisingly difficult to specify, design, implement, test, debug, and maintain even a simple program
- CSE 331 will challenge you
- If you are having trouble, think before you act
 - Then, look for help
- We strive to create assignments that are reasonable if you apply the techniques taught in lecture
 - ... but hard to do in a brute-force manner
 - There is a method to our madness

Prerequisites

- Knowing Java is a prerequisite
 - We assume you have mastered 142 and 143

Examples:

- Sharing:
 - Distinction between == and equals ()
 - Aliasing (multiple references to the same object)
- Subtyping
 - Varieties: classes, interfaces
 - Inheritance and overriding
- Object-oriented dispatch:
 - Expressions have a compile-time type
 - Objects/values have a run-time type

Logistics

- Website: http://www.cs.washington.edu/cse331
- See the website for all administrative details
- Read the handouts and required texts
- Take notes
- First assignment will be posted today
- You get 4 late days throughout the quarter
 - No other extensions (contact the instructor if you are hospitalized)

Academic Integrity

- Honest work is required of an engineer
- Collaboration policy on the course web. Read it!
 - Discussion is permitted
 - Carrying materials from discussion is not permitted
 - Everything you turn in must be your own work
 - Cite your sources, explain any unconventional action
 - You may not view others' work
 - If you have a question, ask
- I trust you completely
- I have no sympathy for trust violations nor should you