

CSE 326: Data Structures
Assignment #2
October 11, 2004
due: Thursday, October 21

The purpose of this programming assignment is to give you some experience in how to implement stacks, how to implement binary trees, and how stacks are used to implement recursion. In summary, you will be writing a sorting algorithm that works as follows: you will insert all the integer keys to be sorted into an initially empty binary search tree T , and then traverse T to retrieve the keys in sorted order. Instead of implementing the traversal recursively, you will use a stack.

1. Implement a stack class. The methods in the stack class will be the usual ones from page 74. You may choose whether to use the contiguous memory or linked memory implementation of your stack.
2. Implement a binary tree class. The methods in the binary tree class will include ones that (a) return the key at the root, (b) return the left subtree, (c) return the right subtree, (d) test if the tree is empty, (e) construct an empty tree, and (f) any other method that you find absolutely necessary. Each node in your implementation should have fields for a key and left and right subtrees, but should not contain a parent pointer.
3. Implement Algorithm 6.8 using your binary tree class. You may leave out the parts dealing with the “info” field; for our purposes the only information is the key. Because you will want to allow duplicate keys in your tree, you should also omit the lines

```
    if Key(P) = K then
        Info(P) <- I
    return
```

4. What type of tree traversal do you need to implement to retrieve the keys from your binary search tree in sorted order? Implement it using your stack class to avoid the recursion. Here are questions to think about that will help you work out the use of the stack: What type of object needs to be stored on the stack? Exactly which object needs to be pushed when you are about to start the traversal of the left subtree? When do you pop the stack and what do you do with the result that is popped? What do you do when the stack is empty?
5. Use file I/O for the interface: read the integers to be sorted from an input file and write the sorted integers into an output file. The filenames are to be provided by the user.

Turnin instructions will follow later this week.