A Solution with a Problem

You wish to count the number of 5-card hands with at least 3 aces.

There are 4 Aces (and 48 non aces)

\( \binom{4}{3} \cdot \binom{49}{2} \)

Choose the three aces. Then of the 49 remaining cards (the last ace is allowed as well, because we’re allowed to have all 4)

What’s wrong with this calculation?
What’s the right answer?

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