

Homework 4

Due: Wednesday, Oct 30, by 11:59pm.

Refer to the instructions on Homework 1

Task 1 – Random Variables

[12 pts]

- a) Let us define the random variable X such that $\mathbb{P}(X = 0) = 1/3$, $\mathbb{P}(X = 7) = 2/7$, and $\mathbb{P}(X = 11) = 8/21$. Compute $\mathbb{E}(X)$ and $\text{Var}(X)$.
- b) Anna, Brian, and Carl play the following game. Each of them puts \$3 on the table, and then secretly write a guess “heads” or “tails” in a sealed envelope, which they also put on the table. At the end, a fair coin is flipped, and the \$9 on the table are split among those who guessed the outcome correctly in their envelopes. Let W be Anna’s net payoff (i.e., how much she takes home in excess of the \$3 she puts on the table). Compute $\mathbb{E}(W)$ and $\text{Var}(W)$, assuming that all three players put a random and independent guess in their envelopes, i.e., they are each equally likely to guess heads or tails.
- c) Assume that we roll a four-sided dice twice, i.e., the sides take values $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$. The two rolls here are independent. Let A be the random variable describing the number of rolls with even outcome. Let B be the random variable describing the number of rolls with odd outcome.
- Give the joint PMF of A and B .
 - Compute $\mathbb{P}(A \geq B)$.
 - Compute $\mathbb{P}(A = 1 \mid B \geq 1)$.

Task 2 – Multi-Processor Systems

[12 pts]

We look at a system with m processors and n tasks to be solved. Each task is assigned to one of the m processors independently and uniformly, i.e., it is equally likely to be assigned to each of the processors.

- a) What is the expected number of processors which have no task assigned to them?
- b) What is the expected number of processors which have at least one task assigned to them?
- c) What is the expected number of processors which have exactly one task assigned to them?

Task 3 – Expectation and Variance

[6 pts]

Let X be a random variable with expected value μ and variance σ^2 . Let $Y = (X - \mu)/\sigma$. Compute $\mathbb{E}(Y)$ and $\text{Var}(Y)$.

Task 4 – Independence

[10 pts]

We are given two independent random variables, M and K , both taking values in $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$. Further, assume that you know that the marginal distribution of K is uniform, i.e., $\mathbb{P}(K = i) = 1/6$ for all $i \in \{0, 1, 2, \dots, 5\}$. You do not know the marginal distribution of M . Finally, we define a new random variable C as

$$C = M + K \pmod{6}.$$

a) For every $m, c \in \{0, 1, \dots, 5\}$ such that $\mathbb{P}(M = m) > 0$, what is the probability

$$\mathbb{P}(C = c \mid M = m) ?$$

Hint: Write $\mathbb{P}(M = m, C = c)$ as a probability involving only K and M .

b) Show that M and C are (mutually) independent.