

CSE 312: Foundations of Computing II  
Additional Problems #7: Poisson Distribution, Continuous Random Variables

1. Prove the memorylessness property for the geometric distribution  $\text{Geo}(p)$ .
2. A single-stranded (1-dimensional) spider web, with length  $W$  centimeters, where  $W > 4$ , is stretched taut between two fence posts. The homeowner (a spider) sits precisely at the midpoint of this web. Suppose that a fly gets caught at a random point on the strand, with each point being equally likely.
  - (a) The spider is lazy, and it is only willing to walk over and eat the fly if the fly lands within 2 centimeters of where the spider sits. What is the probability that the spider eats the fly?
  - (b) Let  $X$  be the random variable that represents the spider's distance from the fly's landing point. Calculate the CDF, PDF, expectation, and variance of  $X$ .
3. Starting from the PDF of  $X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$ , prove that  $\mathbb{E}[X] = 1/\lambda$ . (Hint: use integration by parts.)
4. Starting from the probability density function of  $X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$ , prove that  $\mathbb{P}(X \geq t) = e^{-\lambda t}$ , for  $t \geq 0$ . As a corollary, show that the cumulative distribution function for  $X$  is  $F_X(t) = 1 - e^{-\lambda t}$ .
5. Alex came up with a function that he thinks could represent a probability density function. He defined the potential pdf for  $X$  as  $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$  defined on  $[0, \infty)$ . Is this a valid pdf? If not, find a constant  $c$  such that the pdf  $f(x) = \frac{c}{1+x^2}$  is valid. Then find  $\mathbb{E}[X]$ . (Hints:  $\frac{d}{dx}(\tan^{-1} x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$ ,  $\tan \frac{\pi}{2} = \infty$ , and  $\tan 0 = 0$ .)
6. Let  $X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$ . For  $t < \lambda$ , find  $M_X(t) = \mathbb{E}[e^{tX}]$ .  $M$  is called the *moment generating function* of  $X$ . Find  $M'_X(0)$  and  $M''_X(0)$ . Do you notice any relationship between these two values and  $\mathbb{E}[X]$  and  $\mathbb{E}[X^2]$  (which are sometimes called the first and second *moments* of  $X$ )?
7. Suppose  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  are independent with  $X_i \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda_i)$ .
  - (a) Show that  $X = \min(X_1, \dots, X_n) \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$ , where  $\lambda = \sum_{k=1}^n \lambda_k$ .
  - (b) Suppose I have a device that needs two batteries at all times. We have  $n$  batteries, each of which has lifetime according to  $\text{Exp}(\lambda)$ , independently of other batteries. Assume we instantaneously switch to a new battery when one dies. Initially, we use 2 of the  $n$  batteries. What is the expected time I can operate this device?
8. We show a useful lemma for calculating expectation for nonnegative random variables.
  - (a) Let  $X$  be a **nonnegative integer-valued** discrete random variable; that is, one that takes on values in some subset of  $\{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$ . Show that  $\mathbb{E}[X] = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \mathbb{P}(X > k)$ .
  - (b) Let  $X$  be a **nonnegative** continuous random variable; that is, one that takes on values in some subset of  $[0, \infty)$ . Show that  $\mathbb{E}[X] = \int_0^{\infty} \mathbb{P}(X > x) dx$ . (Hint: use double integrals and reverse the order of integration).

- (c) Let's recalculate the mean of the geometric random variable using this lemma (avoiding Taylor series).
- Find  $\mathbb{P}(X > k)$  if  $X \sim \text{Geo}(p)$ .
  - Rederive the mean of  $X$  using part (a).
- (d) Let's recalculate the mean of the exponential random variable using this lemma (avoiding integration by parts).
- Find  $\mathbb{P}(X > x)$  if  $X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$ .
  - Rederive the mean of  $X$  using part (b).
9. If electricity power failures occur according to a Poisson distribution with an average of 3 failures every twenty weeks, calculate the probability that there will be more than one failure during a particular week.