

Countable

Countable

The set A is countable iff there is an injection from A to \mathbb{N} ,
Equivalently, A is countable iff it is finite or there is a
bijection from A to \mathbb{N}

$\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{Z}, \{x: x \text{ is an even integer}\}$ are all countable.

To build a bijection from A to \mathbb{N} , just list all the elements!

Bijection

One-to-one (aka injection)

A function f is one-to-one iff
 $\forall a \forall b (f(a) = f(b) \rightarrow a = b)$

Onto (aka surjection)

A function $f: A \rightarrow B$ is onto iff
 $\forall b \in B \exists a \in A (b = f(a))$

Bijection

A function $f: A \rightarrow B$ is a bijection iff
 f is one-to-one and onto

A bijection maps every element of the domain to **exactly** one element of the co-domain, and every element of the domain to **exactly** one element of the domain.

Proof that $[0,1)$ is not countable

Suppose, for the sake of contradiction, that there is a list of them:

| Number | Digits after decimal | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | ... |
|--------|----------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| $f(0)$ | 0. | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | ... |
| $f(1)$ | 0. | 2 | 7 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 8 | 5 | 4 | ... |
| $f(2)$ | 0. | 1 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 9 | 2 | 6 | 5 | ... |
| $f(3)$ | 0. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | ... |
| $f(4)$ | 0. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | ... |
| $f(5)$ | 0. | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | ... |
| $f(6)$ | 0. | 8 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 4 | ... |
| $f(7)$ | 0. | 5 | 9 | 4 | 2 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 7 | ... |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

Let's Do Another!

Let $B = \{0,1\}$. Call a function $g: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow B$ a "binary valued function"

Intuitively, g would be something like
`public boolean g(BigInteger input){ }`

If we could write that g in Java.

How many possible $g: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow B$ are there?