

Section 09: Models of Computation

1. Regular Expressions

- (a) Write a regular expression that matches base 10 numbers (e.g., there should be no leading zeroes).
- (b) Write a regular expression that matches all base-3 numbers that are divisible by 3.
- (c) Write a regular expression that matches all binary strings that contain the substring “111”, but not the substring “000”.
- (d) Write a regular expression that matches all binary strings that do not have any consecutive 0's or 1's.
- (e) Write a regular expression that matches all binary strings of the form $1^k y$, where $k \geq 1$ and $y \in \{0, 1\}^*$ has at least k 1's.

2. CFGs

Write a context-free grammar to match each of these languages.

- (a) All binary strings that start with 11.
- (b) All binary strings that contain at most one 1.
- (c) All strings over 0, 1, 2 with the same number of 1s and 0s and exactly one 2.
Hint: Try modifying the grammar from Section 8 2c for binary strings with the same number of 1s and 0s (You may need to introduce new variables in the process).

3. DFAs, Stage 1

Construct DFAs to recognize each of the following languages. Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$.

- (a) All binary strings.
- (b) All strings whose digits sum to an even number.
- (c) All strings whose digits sum to an odd number.

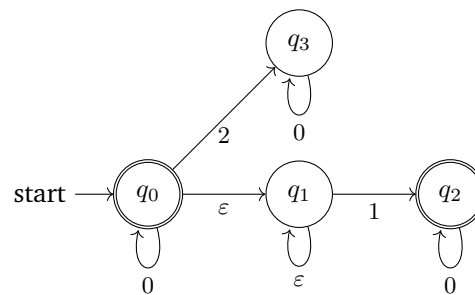
4. DFAs, Stage 2

Construct DFAs to recognize each of the following languages. Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$.

- (a) All strings which do not contain the substring 101.
- (b) All strings containing at least two 0's and at most one 1.
- (c) All strings containing an even number of 1's and an odd number of 0's and not containing the substring 10.

5. NFAs

- (a) What language does the following NFA accept?

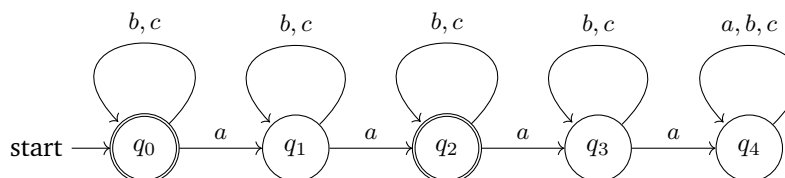


- (b) Create an NFA for the language “all binary strings that have a 1 as one of the last three digits”.

6. DFAs & Minimization

Note: We will not test you on minimization, although you may optionally read the extra slides and do this problem for fun

- (a) Convert the NFA from 1a to a DFA, then minimize it.
- (b) Minimize the following DFA:



7. Relations

- (a) Consider the relation $R = \{(x, y) : x = y + 1\}$ on $\mathbb{N}$. Is R reflexive? Transitive? Symmetric? Anti-symmetric?
- (b) Consider the relation $S = \{(x, y) : x^2 = y^2\}$ on $\mathbb{R}$. Prove that S is reflexive, transitive, and symmetric.

8. More Relations

Note: We will not test you nor give you homework problems based on the following types of relation problems, however, you may still attempt these problems for fun, using the lecture slides.

- (a) Draw the transitive-reflexive closure of $\{(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4)\}$.
- (b) Suppose that R is reflexive. Prove that $R \subseteq R^2$.

9. All The Models

Construct a valid regular expression, CFG, and DFA for the following languages.

- (a) All strings whose base-6 representation is divisible by 3 (leading zeros are ok). Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$.
- (b) All binary strings of 0s capped by a 1 on either side.