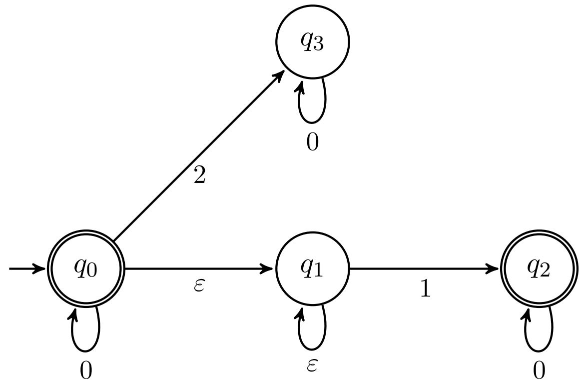
CSE 311: Foundations of Computing I

Section 10: Subset Construction, Irregularity, and Cardinality

1. Subset Construction

Convert the following NFA to a DFA:



2. Irregularity

(a) Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$. Prove that $\{0^n 1^n 0^n : n \geq 0\}$ is not regular.

(b) Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2\}$. Prove that $\{0^n (12)^m : n \geq m \geq 0\}$ is not regular.

(c) Prove that the set of all Java programs is not regular.

3. Cardinality

(a) You are a pirate. You begin in a square on a 2D grid which is infinite in all directions. In other words, wherever you are, you may move up, down, left, or right. Some single square on the infinite grid has treasure on it. Find a way to ensure you find the treasure in finitely many moves.

(b) Here is a "proof" that the positive rationals, $\mathbb{Q}_+$, are uncountable.

> Suppose for contradiction that the positive rationals are countable. Then there exists some listing of all elements $\mathbb{Q}_+ = \{q_1, q_2, q_3, \dots\}$. Note that each of these rationals q_i can also be written as an infinite decimal expansion. We define a new number $X \in \mathbb{Q}_+$ by flipping the diagonals of $\mathbb{Q}_+$; we set the ith digit of X to 7 if the ith digit of q_i is a 4, otherwise we set the digit to 4. This means that X differs from every q_i on the ith digit, so X *cannot* be one of q_i. Therefore our listing for $\mathbb{Q}_+$ was incomplete, which is a contradiction. Since the above proof works for any listing of the positive rationals $\mathbb{Q}_+$, *no* listing can be created for $\mathbb{Q}_+$, and therefore $\mathbb{Q}_+$ is uncountable.

What is the most significant error in this proof?

(c) Prove that the set of irrational numbers is uncountable.
Hint: Use the fact that the rationals are countable and that the reals are uncountable.

(d) Prove that $\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N})$ is uncountable.