

# CSE 311: Foundations of Computing I

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## Section 6: Induction

### 1. Extended Euclidean Algorithm

- (a) Find the multiplicative inverse  $y$  of 7 mod 33. That is, find  $y$  such that  $7y \equiv 1 \pmod{33}$ . You should use the extended Euclidean Algorithm. Your answer should be in the range  $0 \leq y < 33$ .
- (b) Now, solve  $7z \equiv 2 \pmod{33}$ .

### 2. A Strict Inequality

Prove that  $6n + 6 < 2^n$  for all  $n \geq 6$ .

### 3. Divisibility by Induction

Prove that  $9 \mid n^3 + (n + 1)^3 + (n + 2)^3$  for all  $n > 1$  by induction.

### 4. Another Inequality

Prove that, for all integers  $n \geq 1$ , if you have numbers  $a_1, \dots, a_n$  and  $b_1, \dots, b_n$ , with  $\forall i \in [n]. a_i \leq b_i$ , then:

$$\sum_{i=1}^n a_i \leq \sum_{i=1}^n b_i$$