

# CSE 311 Foundations of Computing I

Autumn 2012  
Lecture 1  
Propositional Logic

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## About the course

- **From the CSE catalog:**
  - **CSE 311 Foundations of Computing I (4)**  
Examines fundamentals of logic, set theory, induction, and algebraic structures with applications to computing; finite state machines; and limits of computability. Prerequisite: CSE 143; either MATH 126 or MATH 136.
- **What I think the course is about:**
  - Foundational structures for the practice of computer science and engineering

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## Why this material is important

- Language and formalism for expressing ideas in computing
- Fundamental tasks in computing
  - Translating imprecise specification into a working system
  - Getting the details right

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## Topic List

- **Logic/boolean algebra:** hardware design, testing, artificial intelligence, software engineering
- **Mathematical reasoning/induction:** algorithm design, programming languages
- **Number theory:** cryptography, security, algorithm design
- **Relations/relational algebra:** databases
- **Finite state machines:** Hardware and software design, automatic verification
- **Turing machines:** Halting problem

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## Administration

- Instructors
  - Richard Anderson
  - Dan Suciu
- Teaching Assistants
  - Caitlin A. Bonnar
  - Dimitrios Gkiezakos
  - Vimala Jampala
  - Hee Kyeong Jung
  - Daseul Lee
- Text: Rosen, [Discrete Mathematics](#)
  - 7<sup>th</sup> Edition
  - 6<sup>th</sup> Edition
- Course Website:
  - <http://www.cs.washington.edu/education/courses/cse311/12au/>
  - You will find there lots of material: lecture notes, homework
- Office hours:
  - Many choices, check Web
- Homework
  - Due Wednesdays, start of class
- Exams
  - Midterm, Friday, Nov 2
  - Final, Monday, Dec 10, 2:30-4:20 pm or 4:30-6:20 pm
- Approximate grading weights
  - Homework: 50%
  - Midterm: 15%
  - Final: 35%



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## Propositional Logic

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## Propositions

- A statement that has a truth value
- Which of the following are propositions?
  - The Washington State flag is red
  - It snowed in Whistler, BC on January 4, 2012
  - Ron Paul is the 2012 republican nominee for president
  - Space aliens landed in Roswell, New Mexico
  - Turn your homework in on Wednesday
  - Why are we taking this class?
  - If  $n$  is an integer greater than two, then the equation  $a^n + b^n = c^n$  has no solutions in non-zero integers  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$ .
  - Every even integer greater than two can be written as the sum of two primes
  - This statement is false
- Propositional variables:  $p, q, r, s, \dots$
- Truth values: **T** for true, **F** for false

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## Compound Propositions

- Negation (not)  $\neg p$
- Conjunction (and)  $p \wedge q$
- Disjunction (or)  $p \vee q$
- Exclusive or  $p \oplus q$
- Implication  $p \rightarrow q$
- Biconditional  $p \leftrightarrow q$

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## Truth Tables

$p$	$\neg p$

$p$	$q$	$p \wedge q$

$p$	$q$	$p \vee q$

$p$	$q$	$p \oplus q$

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## Understanding complex propositions

- Either Harry finds the locket and Ron breaks his wand or Fred will not open a joke shop

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## Understanding complex propositions with a truth table

$h$	$r$	$f$	$h \wedge r$	$\neg f$	$(h \wedge r) \oplus \neg f$

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## Aside: Number of binary operators

- How many different binary operators are there on atomic propositions?

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$$p \rightarrow q$$

$p$	$q$	$p \rightarrow q$

- Implication
  - $p$  implies  $q$
  - whenever  $p$  is true  $q$  must be true
  - if  $p$  then  $q$
  - $q$  if  $p$
  - $p$  is sufficient for  $q$
  - $p$  only if  $q$

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If pigs can whistle then horses  
can fly

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### Converse, Contrapositive, Inverse

- Implication:  $p \rightarrow q$
- Converse:  $q \rightarrow p$
- Contrapositive:  $\neg q \rightarrow \neg p$
- Inverse:  $\neg p \rightarrow \neg q$
- Are these the same?

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### Biconditional $p \leftrightarrow q$

- $p$  iff  $q$
- $p$  is equivalent to  $q$
- $p$  implies  $q$  and  $q$  implies  $p$

$p$	$q$	$p \leftrightarrow q$

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### English and Logic

- You cannot ride the roller coaster if you are under 4 feet tall unless you are older than 16 years old
  - $q$ : you can ride the roller coaster
  - $r$ : you are under 4 feet tall
  - $s$ : you are older than 16

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