CSE 303, Autumn 2008, Assignment 1A Due: Monday, September 29 at 11 pm

In this first assignment you will gain experience using the Linux bash shell and input line editing commands.

- 0. (Shell) You *must* make sure that your default shell is bash. Otherwise you will run into strange, baffling problems with shell scripts.
 - Enter the command echo \$SHELL. The response should be /bin/bash. If the shell name is different (csh, tcsh, or something else), use the chsh command to change your login shell to bash. You will need to log out and log back in to be sure the change has taken effect. (It may take up to an hour for the change to propagate to the other Linux machines in the lab, so don't panic if you use a different machine and the change hasn't taken effect right away.)
- 1. (Commands) First run the command script problem1 to capture your console session and store it in a file problem1. Then run at least 50 different commands using at least 12 different programs. Then run the exit command.
 - Only commands that succeed (do not print an error) count.
 - For this problem, two commands are *different* if they use different programs and/or different options, but *not* just different filenames. (Examples: ls and ls -a are different but ls foo and ls bar are the same.)

Your solution may, of course, contain a few false starts and extraneous commands, but the file you turn in should have relatively little of this (i.e., the person reading your output shouldn't have to guess what is intended to be part of the solution your are submitting).

Hint: look in the *Unix Pocket Guide* for ideas.

2. (Command-line editing) Suppose you type the chapeau on the cat on the bash command-line, leaving the cursor to the right of the final "t". Your job is to turn the command line into the cat in the hat in a small number of keystrokes where you may not retype any words that appear in both phrases, or use the delete or backspace keys to individually delete letters in words that need to be removed. You will need to type in new words, but you must use keystrokes involving holding down either the Meta (often Alt or Esc) or Ctrl keys to rearrange or delete words. Use emacs to create a text file called problem2 that describes your solution, including the state of the command-line after each step.

Note: This question is silly, but it should help you learn useful things.

3. (Commands and output) Use each of the following commands such that "xyzzy" (without the quotes and nothing more) is printed on standard out, and nothing is printed on standard error. You can precede your commands with other commands (e.g., to create a file) and/or pass options to your commands.

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echo, cat, ls, grep, !!
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Hint: The last one is tricky. Maybe put a script that does nothing in a file with a particular name. Or think about other ways to define commands or aliases.

In a text file called problem3 describe your solution, including each command you use and a very brief explanation of it.

Assessment: Your solutions will be evaluated on how well they follow the instructions and produce the desired results.

Turn-in Instructions Use the turn-in drop box link on the main course web page to turn in the three files that make up your solution to this assignment The drop box will allow you to turn in your homework up to two days late, if you choose to use one or two of your late days, but you are *strongly* advised to save your late days for later in the quarter when they are much more likely to be helpful.