

CSE 160 25wi Midterm Exam Cheat Sheet

```
# if/elif/else syntax
if condition1:
    # statements
elif condition2:
    # other statements
else:
    # more statements
```



```
# for Loop syntax
for i in sequence:
    # statements
```



```
# function definition syntax
def function_name(param1, param2,
...):
    # statements
```

Function	Description
<code>range([start,] stop [, step])</code>	Returns a sequence of numbers from <code>start</code> (inclusive) to <code>stop</code> (exclusive) incremented by <code>step</code>
<code>len(Lst)</code>	Returns the number of elements in <code>Lst</code>

Lists

Function	Description
<code>lst = []</code>	Creates an empty list
<code>lst[idx]</code>	Returns the element in <code>Lst</code> at index <code>idx</code>
<code>lst[start : end]</code>	Returns a sublist of <code>Lst</code> from index <code>start</code> to index <code>end</code> (exclusive)
<code>lst[start : end : step]</code>	Returns a sublist of <code>Lst</code> from index <code>start</code> (default 0) to index <code>end</code> (exclusive, default <code>Len(Lst)</code>), incrementing by <code>step</code>
<code>lst.append(elmt)</code>	Adds the element <code>elmt</code> to the end of <code>Lst</code> . Returns <code>None</code> .
<code>lst.extend(other)</code>	Adds each of the elements in the list <code>other</code> to the end of <code>Lst</code> . Returns <code>None</code> .
<code>lst.index(elmt)</code>	Returns index of the first occurrence of <code>elmt</code> in <code>Lst</code> , error if <code>elmt</code> is not in <code>lst</code>
<code>lst.count(elmt)</code>	Returns the number of times <code>elmt</code> occurs in <code>Lst</code>
<code>lst.remove(elmt)</code>	Removes first occurrence of <code>elmt</code> from <code>Lst</code> , error if <code>elmt</code> is not in <code>Lst</code> . Returns <code>None</code> .
<code>lst.pop(idx)</code> <code>lst.pop()</code>	Removes and returns the element at index <code>idx</code> in <code>Lst</code> . With no parameter, removes the last element in <code>Lst</code>
<code>lst.insert(idx, elmt)</code>	Inserts an element <code>elmt</code> in <code>Lst</code> at index <code>idx</code> . Returns <code>None</code> .
<code>Lst.sort()</code>	Sorts the given list <code>Lst</code> . Returns <code>None</code> .
<code>Lst.reverse()</code>	Reverses the order of elements in the list <code>Lst</code> . Returns <code>None</code> .

File I/O

Function	Description
<code>my_file = open(filepath)</code>	Opens the file with given <code>filepath</code> for reading, returns a file object
<code>my_file.close()</code>	Closes file <code>my_file</code>
<code>with open(filepath) as f: # read file</code>	Opens the file with given <code>filepath</code> for reading via the file object <code>f</code> in the body of the “with” statement.
<code>str.strip()</code>	Given a string <code>str</code> , remove any trailing or ending whitespace.
<code>str.split([separator])</code>	Given a string <code>str</code> , splits the string on the optional separator (will split on spaces if no separator is given) and returns a list of separated strings.

```
# Process one line at a time:      # Process entire file at once  
for line_of_text in my_file:  
    all_data_as_a_big_string = my_file.read()  
    # process line_of_text
```

Dictionaries

Function	Description
<code>my_dict = {}</code> <code>my_dict = dict()</code>	Creates a new, empty dictionary
<code>my_dict[key]</code>	Returns the value associated with the given <code>key</code> in <code>my_dict</code>
<code>del my_dict[key]</code>	Removes the <code>key</code> (and its associated value) from <code>my_dict</code>
<code>list(my_dict.keys())</code>	Returns a list of keys in <code>my_dict</code>
<code>list(my_dict.values())</code>	Returns a list of values in <code>my_dict</code>
<code>list(my_dict.items())</code>	Returns a list of tuples of the form <code>(key, value)</code>

```
# Process each key-value pair together:      # Process one key at a time  
for key, value in my_dict.items():  
    for key in my_dict:  
        # process key and value  
        # use dictionary's key
```

Common Error Names

IndexError – Index out of range

KeyError – Key not found in dictionary

IndentationError – Invalid indentation

TypeError – Operation applied to invalid combination of types

ValueError – Function gets properly typed argument, but invalid value

SyntaxError – Invalid Python syntax

NameError – Variable name not found

FloatingPointError – Floating point operation fails

RuntimeError – Otherwise Unknown Error

