## CSE 160 24wi Final Exam Cheat Sheet

```
# if/elif/else syntax
if condition1:
    # statements
elif condition2:
    # other statements
else:
    # more statements
```

    \# for Loop syntax
    for $i$ in sequence:
\# statements
\# function definition syntax
def function_name(param1, param2, ...):
\# statements

| Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| range([start, ] stop [, step]) | Returns a sequence of numbers from start (inclusive) to <br> stop (exclusive) incremented by step |
| len(Lst) | Returns the number of elements in Lst |

## Lists

| Function | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { lst = [] } \\ & \text { lst }=\text { list( } \end{aligned}$ | Creates an empty list |
| lst[idx] | Evaluates to the element in Lst at index idx. Error if $\boldsymbol{i d x}$ does not exist. |
| lst[start : end] | Returns a sublist of Lst from index start to index end (exclusive). |
| lst[start : end : step] | Returns a sublist of $l s t$ from index start to index end (exclusive), incrementing by step. |
| lst.append(elmt) | Adds the element elmt to the end of Lst. Returns None. |
| lst.index(elmt) | Returns index of the first occurrence of elmt in Lst, error if elmt is not in lst |
| lst.count (elmt) | Returns the number of times elmt occurs in lst |
| lst.remove(elmt) | Removes first occurrence of elmt from Lst, Error if elmt is not in Lst. Returns None. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { lst.pop(idx) } \\ & \text { lst.pop() } \end{aligned}$ | Removes and returns the element at index idx in Lst. With no parameter, removes the last element in Lst |
| lst.insert(idx, elmt) | Inserts an element elmt in list at index idx. Returns None. |
| list(seq) | Returns a copy of seq represented as a list. For example, List("exam") returns ['e', 'x', 'a', 'm']. |
| lst.reverse() | In-place reverses the order of the list. Returns None. |

## File I/O

| Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| my_file $=$ open(filepath) | Opens the file with given filepath for reading, returns a file object |
| my_file = open(filepath, ' $w$ ') | Opens the file with given filepath for writing, returns a file object |
| my_file.close() | Closes file my_file |
| with open(filepath) as f: <br> \# process file | Opens the file with given filepath for reading inside the <br> subsequent body of code. Automatically closes the file. |

```
# Process one Line at a time: # Process entire file at once
for line_of_text in my_file: all_data_as_a_big_string = my_file.read()
    # process line_of_text
```


## Dictionaries

| Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| my_dict = \{\} <br> my_dict = dict() | Creates a new, empty dictionary |
| my_dict[key] | Returns the value associated with the given key in my_dict |
| del my_dict[key] | Removes the key (and its associated value) from my_dict |
| list(my_dict.keys()) | Returns a list of keys in my_dict |
| list(my_dict.values()) | Returns a list of values in my_dict |
| list(my_dict.items()) | Returns a list of tuples of the form (key, value) |

## Sorting

| Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| sorted(collection [, key=sort_key, reverse=bool_val]) | Returns a sorted copy of collection, based <br> on optional sort key (key) and optional order <br> preference (reverse) |
| Lst.sort([key=sort_key, reverse=bool_val] ) | Sorts the given list Lst, based on optional <br> sort key (key) and optional order preference <br> (reverse), and returns None |
| sort_key | A reference to a function to be used by sort <br> or sorted to determine what value to use <br> when comparing two items in the given <br> collection. |

## Common Error Names

IndexError - Index out of range
AssertionError - Boolean condition in an assert statement evaluated to False
KeyError - Key not found in dictionary
IndentationError - Invalid indentation
TypeError - Operation applied to invalid combination of types
ValueError - Function gets properly typed argument, but invalid value
SyntaxError - Invalid Python syntax
NameError - Variable name not found
FloatingPointError - Floating point operation fails
RuntimeError - Otherwise Unknown Error

## Graphs

| Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| import networkx as nx | Imports the graph library and aliases the library name to " nx ", usable as <br> "nx.Graph()" |
| $\boldsymbol{g}=\mathrm{nx} . \mathrm{Graph}()$ | Creates a new graph and assigns the variable $\boldsymbol{g}$ to reference it. |
| $\boldsymbol{g}$.add_edge("A", "B") | Adds an edge between nodes "A" and "B", creating the nodes if needed. |
| $\boldsymbol{g}$.add_node("A") | Adds node "A" to the graph |
| $\boldsymbol{g . n e i g h b o r s ( " A " ) ~}$ | Returns a collection of the neighbors of node "A" |
| g.nodes( $)$ <br> $g . e d g e s() ~$ | Returns sets of nodes and edges, respectively, in the graph. |

## Sets

| Function | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| s1 = set() | Creates a new empty set |
| s1 = set([...]) | Create a new set containing all of the elements from the given list. |
| s1 \| s2 | Evaluates to the union of s1 and s2 |
| s1 \& s2 | Evaluates to the intersection of s1 and s2 |
| s1-s2 | Evaluates to the difference of s1 and s2 |

## Classes

| Function | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| class Name: <br> \# class methods, for example: <br> def method(self, [args]): <br> \# method body | Defines a new class named Name with the subsequently defined <br> methods. |
| def _init__(self): <br> \# method body | The function that is called during class construction/creation, as in <br> Name (). |
| self | Required parameter for all class methods (functions). Refers to the <br> specific instance of the class. Can hold any number of arbitrary <br> variables, as in self. name |
| $n=$ Name() | Instantiates (creates/constructs) a new instance of the Name class <br> and assigns a reference to it in the variable $n$. |
| $n$. method([args]) | Calls the method function on the instance defined in $n$, optionally <br> passing in any required arguments. |

