

Name: _____

Email address: _____

Quiz Section: _____

CSE 140 Winter 2014: Quiz

(closed book, closed notes, no calculators)

Instructions: This exam is closed book, closed notes. It contains 3 questions and 4 pages (including this one), totaling 10 points. Before you start, please check your copy to make sure it is complete. Turn in all pages, together, when you are finished. Please write neatly; we cannot give credit for what we cannot read.

Good Luck!

Total: 10 points.

Page	Max Points	Score
2	3	
3	3	
4	4	
Total	10	

1) [3 pts] You are given a dictionary of dictionaries (as shown below), that maps `pollsters` to `stateEdges` (remember that a `stateEdge` is a dictionary that maps `states` to `edges`). Write a function `wa_edges` that returns a list of tuples where each tuple holds the name of the pollster as the first element and the edge corresponding to WA (Washington) as the second element. If that pollster does not have an edge for WA, store its value as `None`.

```
input_data = { "Gallup": { "WA": 7, "CA": 15, "UT": -30 },
               "SurveyUSA": { "CA": 14, "CO": 2, "CT": 13, "FL": 0 },
               "Omniscient": { "AK": -14.0, "WA": -2.3, "CA": 20.9 } }
```

For example, calling `wa_edges(input_data)` returns a list containing these tuples (the order of the tuples may differ):

```
[ ("Gallup", 7), ("SurveyUSA", None), ("Omniscient", -2.3) ]
```

```
def wa_edges(data):
    ''' Given a dictionary that maps pollsters to stateEdges,
    return a list of tuples containing the pollster's name and
    its corresponding edge for 'WA'. If there is no edge
    specified for WA, use None as the edge value. '''
    # Your code starts here
```

2) [3 pts]: Given a dictionary of dictionaries (as used in the previous problem), write a function `pollster_states` that returns a dictionary that maps `pollsters` to a list of the states shown in their associated `stateEdge`.

For example, calling `pollster_states(input_data)` returns a new dictionary containing these values (the order of the values may differ):

```
{ "Gallup": [ "WA", "CA", "UT" ],  
  "SurveyUSA": [ "CA", "CO", "CT", "FL" ],  
  "Omniscient": [ "AK", "WA", "CA" ] }
```

```
def pollster_states(data):  
    ''' Given a dictionary that maps pollsters to stateEdges,  
    return a dictionary that maps each pollster to a list of the  
    states shown in that Pollster's corresponding stateEdge. '''  
    # Your code starts here
```

3) [4 pts] a) **Draw** the entire environment, including all active environment frames and all user-defined variables, **at the moment that the MINUS OPERATION IS performed**. Feel free to draw out the entire environment, but be sure to CLEARLY indicate what will exist at the moment the Minus operation is performed (e.g. by crossing out things that will not exist).

b) How many different stack frames (environment frames) are active when the call stack is DEEPEST/LARGEST? (Hint: The global frame counts as one frame.)

MY ANSWER:

c) What is printed?

MY ANSWER:

```
def bar(x):  
    return x + 5  
  
def foo(x):  
    result = bar(x)  
    result = bar(result)  
    return result  
  
def zippy(y):  
    return bar(foo(y) - 3)  
  
print zippy(2)
```