Interpreting Exceptions

UW CSE 160

Winter 2017

There are two ways of constructing a software design: One way is to make it so simple that there are obviously no deficiencies, and the other way is to make it so complicated that there are no obvious deficiencies.

Hoare

```
def friends(graph, user):
    """Returns a set of the friends of the given user, in
the given graph."""
    return set(graph.neighbors(user))
def friends of friends(graph, user):
    """Returns a set of friends of friends of the given
user, in the given graph. The result does not include the
user nor their friends """
    fof = set()
    f = friends(graph, user)
    for fren in f:
        friends = friends(graph, user)
        fof = fof | friend
    q = (fof - f)
    q.remove(user)
    return q
```

```
myval=["Mercutio"]
print friends of friends(rj, myval)
Traceback (most recent call last):
File "nx_error.py", line 41, in <module>
 print friends of friends(rj, myval)
File "nx error.py", line 30, in friends of friends
 f = friends(graph, user)
File "nx error.py", line 25, in friends
 return set(graph.neighbors(user))#
File "/Library/Frameworks/.../graph.py", line 978, in neighbors
 return list(self.adj[n])
```

Traceback: a description of the *stack*.

Traceback (most recent call last):

File "nx_error.py", line 41, in <module>
print friends of friends(rj, myval)

File "nx_error.py", line 30, in friends_of_friends
f = friends(graph, user)

File "nx_error.py", line 25, in friends return set(graph.neighbors(user))#

File "/Library/Frameworks/.../graph.py", line 978, in neighbors return list(self.adj[n])

Each *stack frame* in the stack is described by a

- filename
- line number
- function name

Further, the line itself is printed for convenience

```
myval=["Mercutio"]
print friends of friends(rj, myval)
 Traceback (most recent call last):
File "nx error.py", line 41, in <module>
  print friends of friends(rj, myval)
File "nx_error.py", line 30, in friends_of_friends
  f = friends(graph, user)
File "nx error.py", line 25, in friends
  return set(graph.neighbors(user))#
File "/Library/Frameworks/.../graph.py", line 978, in neighbors
  return list(self.adj[n])
```

How many stack frames are referenced?

Where did the error actually get noticed?

Where was the original cause of the problem?

```
# assume rj was defined previously and correctly

def friends(graph, user):
    """Returns the set of friends of user in graph"""
    return set(graph.neighbors(user))

friends = friends(rj, "Mercutio")
print friends
friends = friends(rj, "Juliet")
print friends
```

What will be the output?

```
def friends_of_friends (graph, user):
    """Returns a set of friends of friends of the given
user, in the given graph. The result does not include the
user nor their friends """
    fof = set()
    f = friends(graph, user)
    for fren in f:
        friends = friends(graph, user) # name conflict
        fof = fof | friend
        g = (fof - f)
        g.remove(user)
    return g
```

Same root cause problem, very different message

```
def friends(graph, user):
    """Returns the set of friends of user in graph"""
    return set(graph.neighbors(user))
friends = friends(rj, "Mercutio") # name conflict
print friends
def friends of friends(graph, user):
    """Returns a set of friends of friends of the given
user, in the given graph. The result does not include the
user nor their friends """
    fof = set()
    f = friends(graph, user)
    for fren in f:
        friend = friends(graph, user)
        fof = fof | friend
    q = (fof - f)
    q.remove(user)
    return q
print friends of friends(rj, "Mecutio")
                                              see name conflict3.py
```

```
Two errors -- which is thrown first?
print x # undefined variable
print "x" # bad indentation
```

Python performs a syntax check of your code before it executes anything.

```
def friends of friends(graph, user):
    """Returns a set of friends of friends of the given user, in
the given graph. The result does not include the user nor their
friends """
    fof = set()
    f = friends(graph, user)
    for fren in f:
        friend = friends(graph, user)
        fof = fof | friend
        fof = fof.remove(user)
    q = (fof - f)
    return q
  Traceback (most recent call last):
    File "none error.py", line 21, in <module>
      friends of friends(q, "Mercutio")
    File "none error.py", line 13, in friends of friends
      fof = fof | friend
  TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for |: 'NoneType' and 'set'
```

```
def friends of friends (graph, user):
    """Returns a set of friends of friends of the given user, in
the given graph. The result does not include the user nor their
friends """
    fof = set()
    f = friends(graph, user)
    for fren in f:
        friend = friends(graph, user)
        fof = fof | friend
    q = (fof - f) - user
    return q
 Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "type error.py", line 37, in <module>
      friends of friends(rj, "Mercutio")
   File "type error.py", line 34, in friends of friends
     q = (fof - f) - user
 TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for -: 'set' and 'str'
```

```
def friends of friends(graph, user):
    """Returns a set of friends of friends of the given user, in
the given graph. The result does not include the user nor their
friends """
    fof = set()
    f = friends(graph, user)
    for fren in f:
        friend = friends(graph, user)
        fof = fof | friend
    f.add(set([user]))
    q = (fof - f)
    return q
  Traceback (most recent call last):
    File "unhashable type.py", line 21, in <module>
      friends of friends(g, "Mercutio")
    File "unhashable type.py", line 14, in friends of friends
      f.add([user])
  TypeError: unhashable type: 'set'
```