

CSE 160 Exam Cheat Sheet

```
# if/elif/else syntax
if condition1:
    # statements
elif condition2:
    # other statements
else:
    # more statements
```

```
# for Loop syntax
for i in sequence:
    # statements
```

```
# function definition syntax
def function_name(param1, param2, ...):
    # statements
```

Function	Description
<code>range([start,] stop [, step])</code>	Returns a sequence of numbers from start (inclusive) to stop (exclusive) incremented by step
<code>len(Lst)</code>	Returns the number of elements in Lst

Lists

Function	Description
<code>lst = []</code>	Creates an empty list
<code>lst[idx]</code>	Returns the element in Lst at index idx
<code>lst[start : end]</code>	Returns a sublist of Lst from index start to index end (exclusive)
<code>lst.append(elmt)</code>	Adds the element elmt to the end of Lst . Returns None .
<code>lst.index(elmt)</code>	Returns index of the first occurrence of elmt in Lst , Error if elmt is not in lst
<code>lst.count(elmt)</code>	Returns the number of times elmt occurs in Lst
<code>lst.remove(elmt)</code>	Removes first occurrence of elmt from Lst , Error if elmt is not in Lst . Returns None .
<code>lst.pop(idx)</code> <code>lst.pop()</code>	Removes and returns the element at index idx in Lst . With no parameter, removes the last element in Lst
<code>lst.insert(idx, elmt)</code>	Inserts an element elmt in list at index idx . Returns None .

File I/O

Function	Description
<code>my_file = open(filepath)</code>	Opens the file with given filepath for reading, returns a file object
<code>my_file.close()</code>	Closes file my_file

```
# Process one line at a time:
for line_of_text in my_file:
    # process line_of_text
```

```
# Process entire file at once
all_data_as_a_big_string = my_file.read()
```

Sets

Function	Description
<code>{elmt(s)}, set(Lst)</code>	Constructs a set of provided <code>elmt</code> (s), or of elements in <code>Lst</code>
<code>my_set.add(elmt)</code>	Adds <code>elmt</code> to <code>my_set</code> . Returns <code>None</code> .
<code>my_set.remove(elmt)</code>	Removes an element from <code>my_set</code> if present, otherwise error. Returns <code>None</code> .
<code>my_set.discard(elmt)</code>	Removes an element from <code>my_set</code> (no errors thrown). Returns <code>None</code> .
<code>my_set.pop()</code>	Removes and returns random element from <code>my_set</code>

Set Operation	Description
&	Intersection, or logical AND
	Union, or logical OR
^	XOR
-	Difference

Dictionaries

Function	Description
<code>my_dict = {}</code>	Creates a new, empty dictionary
<code>my_dict[key]</code>	Returns the value associated with the given key in <code>my_dict</code>
<code>my_dict.keys()</code>	Returns list of keys in <code>my_dict</code>
<code>my_dict.values()</code>	Returns list of values in <code>my_dict</code>

Sorting

Function	Description
<code>sorted(collection [,key=sort_key, reverse=bool_val])</code>	Returns a sorted copy of <code>collection</code> , based on optional sort key (<code>key</code>) and optional order preference (<code>reverse</code>)
<code>Lst.sort([key=sort_key, reverse=bool_val])</code>	Sorts the given list <code>Lst</code> , based on optional sort key (<code>key</code>) and optional order preference (<code>reverse</code>), and returns <code>None</code>