

# Interpreting Exceptions

UW CSE 160

Spring 2015

There are two ways of constructing a software design: One way is to make it **so simple that there are obviously no deficiencies**, and the other way is to make it **so complicated that there are no obvious deficiencies**.

Hoare

```
def friends(graph, user):
    """Returns a set of the friends of the given user, in
    the given graph."""
    return set(graph.neighbors(user))

def friends_of_friends(graph, user):
    """Returns a set of friends of friends of the given
    user, in the given graph. The result does not include the
    user nor their friends """
    fof = set()
    f = friends(graph, user)
    for fren in f:
        friends = friends(graph, fren)
        fof = fof | friends
    g = (fof - f)
    g.remove(user)
    return g
```

```
myval=["Mercutio"]
print friends_of_friends(rj, myval)
```

Traceback (most recent call last):

File "nx\_error.py", line 41, in <module>

```
    print friends_of_friends(rj, myval)
```

File "nx\_error.py", line 30, in friends\_of\_friends

```
    f = friends(graph, user)
```

File "nx\_error.py", line 25, in friends

```
    return set(graph.neighbors(user))#
```

File "/Library/Frameworks/.../graph.py", line 978, in neighbors

```
    return list(self.adj[n])
```

Traceback: a description  
of the *stack*.

Each *stack frame* in the stack is  
described by a

- filename
- line number
- function name

Further, the line itself is printed  
for convenience

Traceback (most recent call last):

File "nx\_error.py", line 41, in <module>  
 print friends\_of\_friends(rj, myval)

File "nx\_error.py", line 30, in friends\_of\_friends  
 f = friends(graph, user)

File "nx\_error.py", line 25, in friends  
 return set(graph.neighbors(user))#

File "/Library/Frameworks/.../graph.py", line 978, in neighbors  
 return list(self.adj[n])

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myval=["Mercutio"]  
print friends_of_friends(rj, myval)
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Traceback (most recent call last):

File "nx\_error.py", line 41, in <module>

print friends\_of\_friends(rj, myval)

File "nx\_error.py", line 30, in friends\_of\_friends

f = friends(graph, user)

File "nx\_error.py", line 25, in friends

return set(graph.neighbors(user))#

File "/Library/Frameworks/.../graph.py", line 978, in neighbors

return list(self.adj[n])

*How many stack frames are referenced?*

*Where did the error actually get noticed?*

*Where was the original cause of the problem?*

```
# assume rj was defined previously and correctly

def friends(graph, user):
    """Returns the set of friends of user in graph"""
    return set(graph.neighbors(user))

friends = friends(rj, "Mercutio")
print friends
friends = friends(rj, "Juliet")
print friends
```

*What will be the output?*

```
def friends_of_friends(graph, user):
    """Returns a set of friends of friends of the given
    user, in the given graph. The result does not include the
    user nor their friends """
    fof = set()
    f = friends(graph, user)
    for fren in f:
        friends = friends(graph, user) # name conflict
        fof = fof | friends
    g = (fof - f)
    g.remove(user)
    return g
```

*Same root cause problem,  
very different message*

*see name\_conflict2.py*



```

def friends(graph, user):
    """Returns the set of friends of user in graph"""
    return set(graph.neighbors(user))

friends = friends(rj, "Mercutio") # name conflict
print friends

def friends_of_friends(graph, user):
    """Returns a set of friends of friends of the given
user, in the given graph. The result does not include the
user nor their friends """
    fof = set()
    f = friends(graph, user)
    for fren in f:
        friend = friends(graph, fren)
        fof = fof | friend
    g = (fof - f)
    g.remove(user)
    return g

print friends_of_friends(rj, "Mecutio")

```

*see name\_conflict3.py*

```
# Two errors -- which is thrown first?
```

```
print x # undefined variable
```

```
    print "x" # bad indentation
```

Python performs a *syntax check* of your code before it executes anything.

```

def friends_of_friends(graph, user):
    """Returns a set of friends of friends of the given user, in
    the given graph. The result does not include the user nor their
    friends """
    fof = set()
    f = friends(graph, user)
    for fren in f:
        friend = friends(graph, user)
        fof = fof | friend
        fof = fof.remove(user)
    g = (fof - f)
    return g

```

```

Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "none_error.py", line 21, in <module>
    friends_of_friends(g, "Mercutio")
  File "none_error.py", line 13, in friends_of_friends
    fof = fof | friend
TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for |: 'NoneType' and 'set'

```

```

def friends_of_friends(graph, user):
    """Returns a set of friends of friends of the given user, in
    the given graph. The result does not include the user nor their
    friends """
    fof = set()
    f = friends(graph, user)
    for fren in f:
        friend = friends(graph, user)
        fof = fof | friend
    g = (fof - f) - user
    return g

```

Traceback (most recent call last):

File "type\_error.py", line 37, in <module>

friends\_of\_friends(rj, "Mercutio")

File "type\_error.py", line 34, in friends\_of\_friends

g = (fof - f) - user

TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for -: 'set' and 'str'

```
def friends_of_friends(graph, user):
    """Returns a set of friends of friends of the given user, in
    the given graph. The result does not include the user nor their
    friends """
    fof = set()
    f = friends(graph, user)
    for fren in f:
        friend = friends(graph, user)
        fof = fof | friend
    f.add(set([user]))
    g = (fof - f)
    return g
```

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "unhashable_type.py", line 21, in <module>
    friends_of_friends(g, "Mercutio")
  File "unhashable_type.py", line 14, in friends_of_friends
    f.add([user])
TypeError: unhashable type: 'set'
```

*see unhashable\_type.py*