

## Practice Exam 1 Example C | Key

*Note: We strongly recommend printing out practice exams and working through them with only your cheatsheet (provided on the course website) - it's important to be comfortable taking a spec and writing code on paper without the convenience of autocomplete/debugging tools!*

*Also note that provided exams adapt problems from previous quarter exams, but the number/format of problems may be different (see other provided practice exams for other example problems).*

Name:

UWNet ID: @uw.edu

TA (or section):

**Rules:**

- You have 60 minutes to complete this exam.
- You will receive a deduction if you keep working after the instructor calls for papers.
- This is a closed-note exam, but you may use the provided cheatsheet for reference. As noted on the cheatsheet, you may assume `id`, `qs`, and `qsa` are provided in JS as shorthand for `document.getElementById`, `document.querySelector`, and `document.querySelectorAll`, respectively.
- You may not use any electronic or computing devices, including calculators, cell phones, smartwatches, and music players.
- Unless otherwise indicated, your code will be graded on proper behavior/output, not on style.
- Do not abbreviate code, such as writing ditto marks (`""`) or dot-dot-dot marks (`...`). You may not use JavaScript frameworks such as jQuery or Prototype when solving problems.
- If you enter the room, you must turn in an exam and will not be permitted to leave without doing so.
- You must show your Student ID to a TA or instructor for your submitted exam to be accepted.

Question	Score	Possible
HTML Validation		
CSS and the DOM		
JS/DOM/UI		
JS/Animations		
Short Answer		

## 1. What's wrong with my HTML?

Consider the following HTML:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <head>
    <script src="index.js"></script>
    <link href="styles.css" rel="stylesheet"/>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1 "Best page ever!" /> <!-- 1. h1 is not self-closing; cannot have text inside of tag
-->
    <div>
      <a>Check out this cool page: <!-- 2. Missing closing </a> -->
        <href>http://www.pointerpointer.com</href> <!-- 3., 4. href should be attribute in
<a>; <href> is not a tag -->
      </span> <!-- 5. Closing span tag without open tag found -->
    </div>
  </body>
</html>
```

### Solutions:

1. h1 is not self-closing; should be <h1>"Best Page ever!"</h1>

2. Missing closing <a> - should be <a href="http://www.pointerpoint.com">http://www.pointerpoint.com</a>

3. href should be attribute in <a>; see 2) for entire fix

4. <href> not a tag; see 2) for entire fix

5. Missing open <span>; fix could be to remove </span> (or include open span, though unnecessary)

### 3. (CSS) [r/css\\_irl](#)

#### Part A Solution:

```
body {
  font-family: Helvetica, sans-serif;
}

h1 {
  text-align: center;
}

/* main content layout (to put buttons under lightpost and center page) and
   lightpost layout */
main, main > div {
  display: flex;
  flex-direction: column;
  align-items: center;
}

main > div {
  background-color: black;
  justify-content: space-evenly;
  height: 450px;
  width: 180px;
}

/* circles in lightpost */
div div {
  border-radius: 50%;
  height: 120px;
  width: 120px;
}

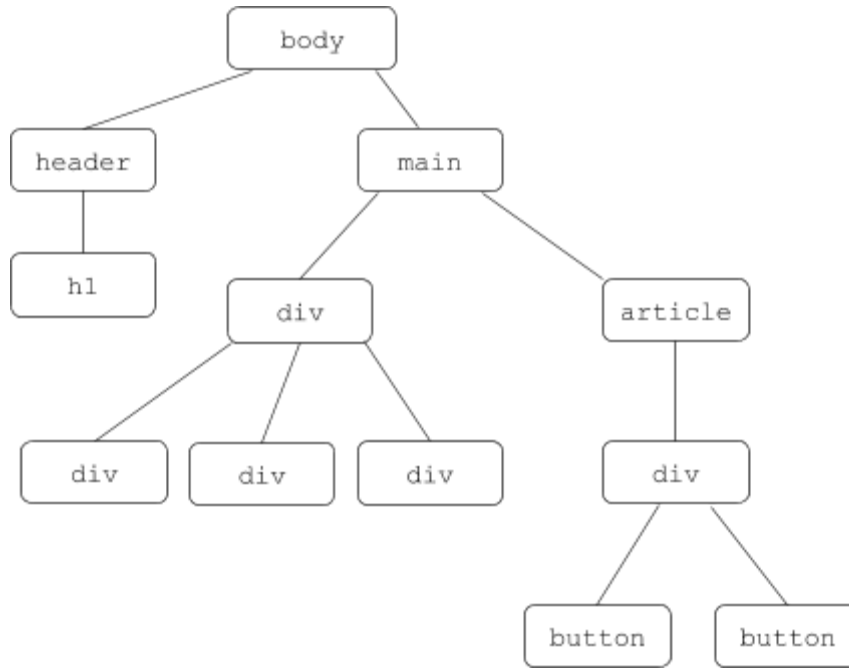
button {
  font-weight: bold;
  margin: 10px;
  padding: 10px;
  width: 80px;
}

#red {
  background-color: red;
}

#green {
  background-color: green;
}

#yellow {
  background-color: yellow;
}
```

**Part B Solution:**



### 3. (JS/Timers) Street Light Simulator

**Note:** There are a few possible solutions to this problem, we have provided two common ones below:

```
// Solution with setInterval
(function() {

  /** Part A) */
  const LIGHTS = ["red", "red", "green", "green", "yellow"];
  let timer = null;
  let pos = 0;
  window.addEventListener("load", initialize);

  /** Part B)*/
  function switchColor(color1, color2) {
    id(color1).classList.add("off");
    id(color2).classList.remove("off");
  }

  /** Part C) */
  function initialState() {
    id(LIGHTS[pos % LIGHTS.length]).classList.add("off");
    pos = 0;
    id("red").classList.remove("off");
    clearInterval(timer);
    timer = null;
    id("start").disabled = false;
    this.disabled = true;
  }

  /** Part D) */
  function initialize() {
    id("green").classList.add("off");
    id("yellow").classList.add("off");
    id("start").addEventListener("click", startLight);
    id("reset").addEventListener("click", reset);
  }

  /** Part E) (other functions) */
  function startLight() {
    timer = setInterval(changeLight, 500);
    this.disabled = true;
    id("reset").disabled = false;
  }

  function changeLight() {
    let c1 = LIGHTS[pos % LIGHTS.length];
    let c2 = LIGHTS[(pos + 1) % LIGHTS.length];
    switchColor(c1, c2);
    pos++;
  }
})(); // end module
```

```

// Solution with setTimeout
(function() {

  /** Part A) */
  const LIGHTS = ["red", "green", "yellow"];
  let timer;
  let pos = 0;
  window.addEventListener("load", initialize);

  /** Part B)*/
  function switchColor(color1, color2) {
    id(color1).classList.add("off");
    id(color2).classList.remove("off");
  }

  /** Part C)*/
  function initialState() {
    id(LIGHTS[pos % LIGHTS.length]).classList.add("off");
    pos = 0;
    id(LIGHTS[pos]).classList.remove("off");
    clearInterval(timer);
    timer = null;
    id("start").disabled = false;
    this.disabled = true;
  }

  /** Part D) */
  function initialize() {
    id("start").addEventListener("click", redLight);
    id("reset").addEventListener("click", reset);
    id("green").classList.add("off");
    id("yellow").classList.add("off");
  }

  /** Part E) (other functions) */
  function redLight() {
    timer = setTimeout(function() {
      switchColor("red", "green");
      greenLight();
    }, 1000);
  }
  function greenLight() {
    timer = setTimeout(function() {
      switchColor("green", "yellow");
      yellowLight();
    }, 1000);
  }
  function yellowLight() {
    timer = setTimeout(function() {
      switchColor("yellow", "red");
      redLight();
    }, 500);
  }
})(); // end module

```

## 4. Define-It!

### Solution:

```
(function() {
  "use strict";

  window.addEventListener("load", function() {
    id("add-entry").addEventListener("click", addEntry);
  });

  function addEntry() {
    let term = id("term").value;
    let definition = id("definition").value;
    if (term && definition) {
      let li = document.createElement("li");
      li.innerText = term + ": " + definition;
      id("entries").appendChild(li);
      id("current-entries").classList.remove("hidden");
      li.addEventListener("dblclick", updateEntries);
      id("term").value = "";
      id("definition").value = "";
    }
  }

  function updateEntries() {
    id("entries").removeChild(this);
    if (!(qsa("li").length || id("current-entries").classList.contains("hidden"))) {
      id("current-entries").classList.add("hidden");
    }
  }
})();
```

## 5. Short Answers

1. (Flexbox question)

```
#pond {  
  display: flex;  
  justify-content: space-between;  
  align-items: center;  
  flex-direction: column-reverse;  
}
```

2. Why is it important to limit the use of module-global variables in our JavaScript programs?

**Possible solutions:** To avoid cluttering the module-global namespace, reduce management of information in JS when we can keep variables in local scope (easier to run into bugs when we don't update module-globals when needed), possible redundancy in the page (e.g. when DOM elements are stored as module-global even though we access to them from the DOM).

3. What is the role of the id of a timer returned by `setTimeout` or `setInterval`? In particular, when do we need it?

**Possible solution:** Returned to keep track of id window uses to manage its timers; need this id to call `clearInterval(timerId)` or `clearTimeout(timerId)`, as well as to test if the id is still null (indicating no animation is in progress)

4. (HTML vs. JS code quality)

**Possible solutions:**

Issue A and justification: **There should not be a script tag inside of the HTML; this is poor separation of content (HTML) and behavior (JS)**

Better alternative: **Move code inside of the script tag into a linked JS file (within a module)**

Issue B and justification: **innerText should be used rather than innerHTML; HTML tags should be added with JS using `document.createElement("tagname")`; we're also just adding text, not HTML here.**

Better alternative: **USE `document.getElementById("result").innerText = "you clicked the button!"`;**

5. (JSON Mystery)

Statement	Value
<code>mystery["i"]</code>	<code>["j", 0, 1]</code>
<code>mystery[0]</code>	<code>undefined</code>
<code>mystery.ii.length</code>	<code>2</code>
<code>mystery["i"][0].length</code>	<code>1</code>