

CSE 143X Section Handout #3 Cheat Sheet

Math class (3.2)

A set of useful methods for performing mathematical operations

Method	Description	Method	Description
<code>Math.abs(value)</code>	absolute value	<code>Math.max(value1, value2)</code>	larger of two values
<code>Math.ceil(value)</code>	rounds up	<code>Math.min(value1, value2)</code>	smaller of two values
<code>Math.cos(value)</code>	cosine, in radians	<code>Math.pow(base, exponent)</code>	<i>base</i> to the <i>exponent</i> power
<code>Math.floor(value)</code>	rounds down	<code>Math.round(value)</code>	nearest whole number
<code>Math.log(value)</code>	logarithm, base <i>e</i>	<code>Math.sin(value)</code>	sine, in radians
<code>Math.log10(value)</code>	logarithm, base 10	<code>Math.sqrt(value)</code>	square root

```
double bigger = Math.max(Math.pow(2, 3), Math.sqrt(49));
System.out.println("The bigger value is " + bigger);
```

Constant	Description
<code>Math.E</code>	2.7182818...
<code>Math.PI</code>	3.1415926...

Return (3.2)

(A way to pass information out from a method to its caller)

```
public static type name(parameters) {
    statement(s);
    ...
    return expression;
}

public static double fToC(double degreesF) { // Converts Fahrenheit to Celsius.
    double degreesC = 5.0 / 9.0 * (degreesF - 32);
    return degreesC;
}
```

Scanner (3.3)

(An object to read values from the keyboard)

```
import java.util.*;
Scanner console = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("How old are you? ");
int age = console.nextInt();
System.out.println("You'll be 40 in " +
    (40 - age) + " years.");
```

Method	Description
<code>nextInt()</code>	reads/returns input as int
<code>nextDouble()</code>	reads/returns input as double
<code>next()</code>	reads/returns input as String
<code>nextLine()</code>	reads/returns a line String

if/else (4.1)

```
if (test) {
    statement(s);
} else {
    statement(s);
}
```

Nested if/else (4.1)

```
if (test) {
    statement(s);
} else if (test) {
    statement(s);
} else {
    statement(s);
}
```

Operator	Description
<code><</code>	less than
<code><=</code>	less than or equal
<code>></code>	greater than
<code>>=</code>	greater or equal
<code>==</code>	equal
<code>!=</code>	not equal
<code>&&</code>	and
<code> </code>	or
<code>!</code>	not

Cumulative Sum (4.2)

```
// add up all numbers from 1-max
int sum = 0;
for (int i = 1; i <= max; i++) {
    sum = sum + i;
}
```

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Cheat Sheet (continued)

String (3.3, 4.4) - store text

```
String name = "P. Diddy";  
System.out.println(name.length()); // 8
```

index	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
char	P	.		D	i	d	d	y

Method	Description
contains(str)	true if this String contains the other's characters inside it
endsWith(str), startsWith(str)	true if this String starts/ends with the other's characters
equals(str)	true if this String is the same as <i>str</i>
equalsIgnoreCase(str)	true if this String is the same as <i>str</i> , ignoring capitalization
indexOf(str)	index in this String where given String begins (-1 if not found)
length()	number of characters in this String
substring(i , j)	characters in this String from index <i>i</i> (inclusive) to <i>j</i> (exclusive)
toLowerCase(), toUpperCase()	a new String with all lowercase or uppercase letters