Time (e.g., 12:45)	Question	Answer
19:30-19:41	You mention that younger critters infect more readily but I don't see that in the assignment writeup or CritterModel.java. I only see that hopping gives a 100% chance of infection whereas non-hopping critters have an 80% chance.	You're rightI was remembering incorrectly. It has to do with hopping, not age.
	Is there any time/memory limit for Husky to return from getMove()?	Yes and no. In general, we don't limit the time and memory, but I do disqualify anything that takes a ridiculous amount of time (somewhat subjective).
	It would be nice if there was a way to get the following: 1) width/height of world 2) number of critters (all types) 3) number of friendly critters (i.e. Huskies in the case of Husky) 4) number of steps elapsed 5) total number of steps in game Is there any way the classes could be changed to allow public access to those with class constants/method calls? #4 is a top priority. Re: Ok, #1 and #5 could be local constants that duplicate the actual values, and #3 and #4 could in theory be calculated (code won't be very nice though)	You are not allowed to modify the simulator, so you can not get access to any of these. Some can be computed.
	I read the spec before class and almost had a panic attack so thank you for explaining it :P	There is a lot of extra stuff for making interesting critters that you'll be able to ignore. The core assignment isn't that complicated. Glad the explanation helped.

CSE143X Lecture Questions for Friday, 10/23/20

	What is CritterInfo in relation to the other classes? I assume each Critter object created has one, so is it a child, parent, sibling (idk.) of Critter?	Each time that getMove is called, your critter is passed a CritterInfo object that has information about the state of the world.
	Ok, so this is passed from the simulation, of which we don't really need to pry open and understand, just use the methods? You mentioned the state of the world,	Yes, the simulator creates these objects and passes them as parameters when it asks each critter for their next move. The simulator constructs a gazillion CritterInfo objects (gazillion is a
	so is there one CritterInfo for each or just one CritterInfo for the entire simulation? XD. Interesting. Thanks!	technical term). :-)
33:05	How come the lion class bounces back and forth? I was expecting them to turn left if they hit a wall in front? OOHHH THEN THE WALLS TO THE RIGHT SO IT TURNS AGAIN I see whats going on. Thank you	Welcome to the world of emergent behavior. The lion will run into a wall, at which time a wall is in front. Then it turns left. That leaves a wall to the right and it turns left again. So it has turned around.
	Did you get a haircut? Looks fresh	Yes, that is so. Thanks.
26:57	Is it typically more favorable in general programming to have no constructor or define a zero parameter constructor?	There isn't a hard and fast rule about this. I tend not to include a constructor if there is nothing to do.
	The mic is still kind of staticky (no idea if that's an actual word).	I'll report it.