

## CSE 142 Sample Midterm Exam #1 Key

Also check out Practice-It to test solving these problems or to type in your own solution to see if it works!

### 1. Expressions

<u>Expression</u>	<u>Value</u>
<code>3 * 4 + 5 * 6 + 7 * -2</code>	28
<code>1.5 * 2.0 + (5.5 / 2) + 5 / 4</code>	6.75
<code>23 % 5 + 31 / 4 % 3 - 17 % (16 % 10)</code>	-1
<code>"1" + 2 + 3 + "4" + 5 * 6 + "7" + (8 + 9)</code>	"123430717"
<code>345 / 10 / 3 * 55 / 5 / 6 + 10 / (5 / 2.0)</code>	24.0
<code>1 / 2 &gt; 0    4 == 9 % 5    1 + 1 &lt; 1 - 1</code>	true

### 2. Parameter Mystery

tyler and tv like java  
java and tyler like tv  
tv and donnie like rugby  
hamburger and x like tyler  
tyler and java like tyler

### 3. If/Else Simulation

<u>Method Call</u>	<u>Value Returned</u>
<code>mystery(4, 2)</code>	4
<code>mystery(5, 4)</code>	5
<code>mystery(5, 13)</code>	15
<code>mystery(5, 17)</code>	20
<code>mystery(4, 8)</code>	8

### 4. While Loop Simulation

<u>Method Call</u>	<u>Output</u>
<code>mystery(5, 0);</code>	5
<code>mystery(3, 2);</code>	1 0 1
<code>mystery(16, 5);</code>	3 2 1 0 1
<code>mystery(80, 9);</code>	8 4 2 1 2 0 2
<code>mystery(1600, 40);</code>	40 19 2 9 0 4 0

### 5. Assertions

	<u>y &gt; x</u>	<u>z &lt; 0</u>	<u>z &gt; 0</u>
Point A	SOMETIMES	NEVER	NEVER
Point B	NEVER	NEVER	SOMETIMES
Point C	SOMETIMES	NEVER	ALWAYS
Point D	ALWAYS	NEVER	SOMETIMES
Point E	ALWAYS	SOMETIMES	SOMETIMES

## 6. Programming (five solutions shown)

```
public static boolean hasMidpoint(int a, int b, int c) {  
    double mid = (a + b + c) / 3.0;  
    if (a == mid || b == mid || c == mid) {  
        return true;  
    } else {  
        return false;  
    }  
}  
  
public static boolean hasMidpoint(int a, int b, int c) {  
    double mid = (a + b + c) / 3.0;  
    return (a == mid || b == mid || c == mid);  
}  
  
public static boolean hasMidpoint(int a, int b, int c) {  
    return (a == (b + c) / 2.0 || b == (a + c) / 2.0 || c == (a + b) / 2.0);  
}  
  
public static boolean hasMidpoint(int a, int b, int c) {  
    int max = Math.max(a, Math.max(b, c));  
    int min = Math.min(a, Math.min(b, c));  
    double mid = (max + min) / 2.0;  
  
    return (a == mid || b == mid || c == mid);  
}  
  
public static boolean hasMidpoint(int a, int b, int c) {  
    return (a - b == b - c || b - a == a - c || a - c == c - b);  
}
```

## 7. Programming (one solution shown)

```
public static void sequenceSum(double limit) {  
    if (limit >= 1) {  
        System.out.print("1");  
        int denominator = 1;  
        double sum = 1.0;  
        while (sum < limit) {  
            denominator++;  
            sum += 1.0 / denominator;  
            System.out.print(" + 1/" + denominator);  
        }  
        System.out.printf(" = %.3f\n", sum);  
    }  
}
```

## 8. Programming (three solutions shown)

```
public static void favoriteLetter(Scanner console, String letter) {  
    System.out.println("Looking for two \" + letter + "\" words in a row.");  
    int count = 0;  
    String word = "";  
    while (count < 2) {  
        System.out.print("Type a word: ");  
        word = console.next();  
        if (word.startsWith(letter)) {  
            count++;  
        } else {  
            count = 0;  
        }  
    }  
    System.out.println("\"" + letter + "\" is for \"" + word + "\"");  
}  
  
// uses two Strings instead of count, and uses forever/break loop  
public static void favoriteLetter(Scanner console, String letter) {  
    System.out.println("Looking for two \" + letter + "\" words in a row.");  
    System.out.print("Type a word: ");  
    String word1 = console.next();  
    System.out.print("Type a word: ");  
    String word2 = console.next();  
    while (!(word1.startsWith(letter) && word2.startsWith(letter))) {  
        word1 = word2;  
        System.out.print("Type a word: ");  
        word2 = console.next();  
    }  
    System.out.println("\"" + letter + "\" is for \"" + word2 + "\"");  
}  
  
// uses do/while loop  
public static void favoriteLetter(Scanner console, String letter) {  
    System.out.println("Looking for two \" + letter + "\" words in a row.");  
    int count = 0;  
    String word;  
    do {  
        System.out.print("Type a word: ");  
        word = console.next();  
        if (word.startsWith(letter)) {  
            count++;  
        } else {  
            count = 0;  
        }  
    } while (count < 2);  
    System.out.println("\"" + letter + "\" is for \"" + word + "\"");  
}
```