









Recursive Structures 3 LinkedLists are recursive structures.

A LinkedList is...

a piece of data and a LinkedList, which is a piece of data and a LinkedList, which is a piece of data and a LinkedList, which is a piece of data and a LinkedList, which is a piece of data and a LinkedList, which is a piece of data and a LinkedList, which is...

A recursive data structure is one made up of smaller versions of the same data structure.

Recursion is 4	
Definition (Recursion)	
Recursion is the definition of an operation in terms of itself	
To column weaklaw with requiring you break it down into availar	
instances of the problem and solve those.	
Definition (Recursive Programming)	
Writing methods that call themselves to solve problems recursively	
Some problems are naturally recursive which means they're easy to	
solve using recursion and much harder using loops.	







eval and find1337		9
	To $eval(e)$	
	If e is a number, return it.	
	Otherwise, eval the left and the right; put them together with op	
	To find1337(Listlist):	
	If <i>list.size(</i>) == 1, check if it's 1337	
	Otherwise:	
	Split the size n list into two lists list1 and list2	
	2 Check if 1337 is in list1	
	4 Give up(?!?)	
	Insight: The Structure of Recursive Problems	
	Every recursive problem has a "trivial case" (the simplest expression is a number: the simplest number is 0: the simplest list is size 0).	

- is a number; the simplest number is 0; the simplest list is size 0).
 This case is called the **base case**.
- Every recursive problem breaks the problem up into smaller pieces (the expression pieces are left and right; the 1337 pieces are halves of a list). This case is called the recursive case.











Some Recursion Tips!

- Once you have a solution, it might feel obvious. This is a tricky feeling. Solving recursion problems is much harder than understanding a solution to a recursion problem.
- Understand the metaphors/ideas/ways to think about recursion. Choose one that makes the most sense to you, and run with it.
- Recursion will always have at least one base case and at least one recursive call.
- Be able to write down the steps in a recursive trace when given a recursive function.