

Building Java Programs

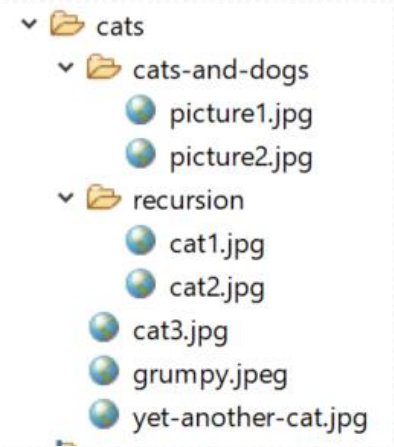
Chapter 12
Grammars



Plan for Lecture

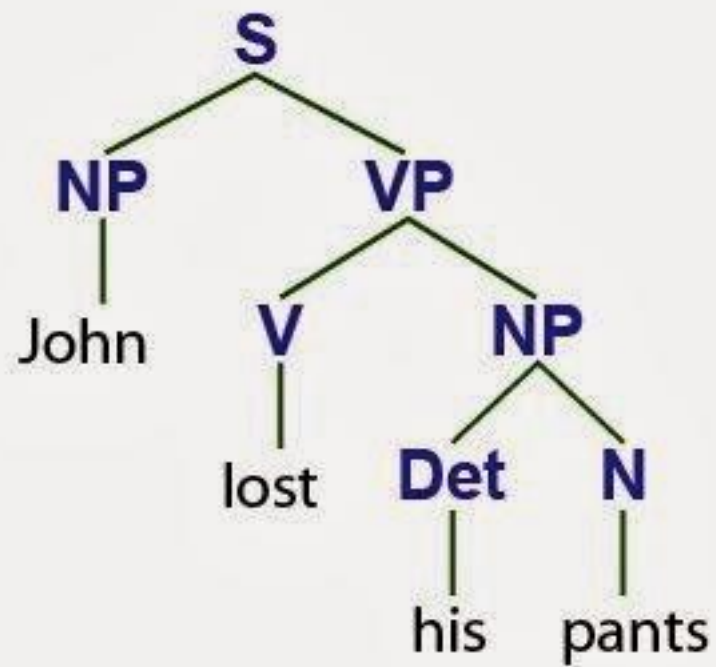
1. Review code
2. Fix style and add indentation to output
3. Grammars and Regular Expressions
4. Exam Materials

print



cats
cats-and-dogs
picture1.jpg
picture2.jpg
recursion
...

```
public static void print(File file) {  
    public static void print(File file) {  
        if (!file.isDirectory()) {  
            System.out.println(file.getName());  
        } else {  
            System.out.println(file.getName());  
            File[] subFiles = file.listFiles();  
            for (int i = 0; i < subFiles.length; i++) {  
                print(subFiles[i]);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}  
file = recursion  
...  
file = picture2.jpg
```



Languages and grammars

- (formal) **language**: A set of words or symbols.
- **grammar**: A description of a language that describes which sequences of symbols are allowed in that language.
 - describes language *syntax* (rules) but not *semantics* (meaning)
 - can be used to generate strings from a language, or to determine whether a given string belongs to a given language

Backus-Naur (BNF)

- **Backus-Naur Form (BNF):** A syntax for describing language grammars in terms of transformation *rules*, of the form:

<symbol> ::= <expression> | <expression> ... | <expression>

- **terminal:** A fundamental symbol of the language.
- **non-terminal:** A high-level symbol describing language syntax, which can be transformed into other non-terminal or terminal symbol(s) based on the rules of the grammar.
- developed by two Turing-award-winning computer scientists in 1960 to describe their new ALGOL programming language

An example BNF grammar

```
<s> ::= <n> <v>
```

```
<n> ::= Marty | Victoria | Stuart | Jessica
```

```
<v> ::= cried | slept | belched
```

- Some sentences that could be generated from this grammar:

```
Marty slept
```

```
Jessica belched
```

```
Stuart cried
```


BNF grammar version 2

`<s> ::= <np> <v>`

`<np> ::= <pn> | <dp> <n>`

`<pn> ::= Marty | Victoria | Stuart | Jessica`

`<dp> ::= a | the`

`<n> ::= ball | hamster | carrot | computer`

`<v> ::= cried | slept | belched`

- Some sentences that could be generated from this grammar:

the carrot cried

Jessica belched

a computer slept

BNF grammar version 3

`<s> ::= <np> <v>`

`<np> ::= <pn> | <dp> <adj> <n>`

`<pn> ::= Marty | Victoria | Stuart | Jessica`

`<dp> ::= a | the`

`<adj> ::= silly | invisible | loud | romantic`

`<n> ::= ball | hamster | carrot | computer`

`<v> ::= cried | slept | belched`

- Some sentences that could be generated from this grammar:

the invisible carrot cried

Jessica belched

a computer slept

a romantic ball belched

Grammars and recursion

`<s> ::= <np> <v>`

`<np> ::= <pn> | <dp> <adjp> <n>`

`<pn> ::= Marty | Victoria | Stuart | Jessica`

`<dp> ::= a | the`

`<adjp> ::= <adj> <adjp> | <adj>`

`<adj> ::= silly | invisible | loud | romantic`

`<n> ::= ball | hamster | carrot | computer`

`<v> ::= cried | slept | belched`

- Grammar rules can be defined *recursively*, so that the expansion of a symbol can contain that same symbol.
 - There must also be expressions that expand the symbol into something non-recursive, so that the recursion eventually ends.

Grammar, final version

```
<s> ::= <np> <vp>
<np> ::= <dp> <adjp> <n> | <pn>
<dp> ::= the | a
<adjp> ::= <adj> | <adj> <adjp>
<adj> ::= big | green | wonderful | faulty | subliminal
<n> ::= dog | cat | man | university | father | mother | child
<pn> ::= Hadi | Jazmin | Ali | Spot | Fred | Elmo
<vp> ::= <tv> <np> | <iv>
<tv> ::= taught | honored | found | helped
<iv> ::= died | collapsed | laughed | wept
```

- Could this grammar generate the following sentences?
Fred honored the green wonderful child
big Spot wept the green man green
- Generate a random sentence using this grammar.

Sentence generation

