CSE 143 Lecture 11

More Linked Lists

reading: 16.2 - 16.3

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http://www.cs.washington.edu/143/

Conceptual questions

- What is the difference between a LinkedIntList and a ListNode?
- What is the difference between an empty list and a null list?
 - How do you create each one?
- Why are the fields of ListNode public? Is this bad style?
- What effect does this code have on a LinkedIntList?

```
ListNode current = front;
current = null;
```

Conceptual answers

- A list consists of 0 to many node objects.
 - Each node holds a single data element value.

```
• null list: LinkedIntList list = null;
empty list: LinkedIntList list = new LinkedIntList();
```

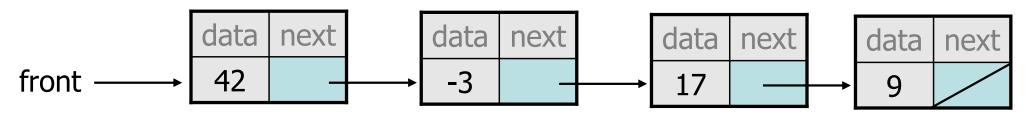
- It's okay that the node fields are public, because client code never directly interacts with ListNode objects.
- The code doesn't change the list.
 You can change a list only in one of the following two ways:
 - Modify its front field value.
 - Modify the next reference of a node in the list.

Linked vs. array lists

- We have implemented the following two collection classes:
 - ArrayIntList

index	0	1	2	3
value	42	က္	17	9

- LinkedIntList



They have similar behavior.
 We should be able to treat them the same way in client code.

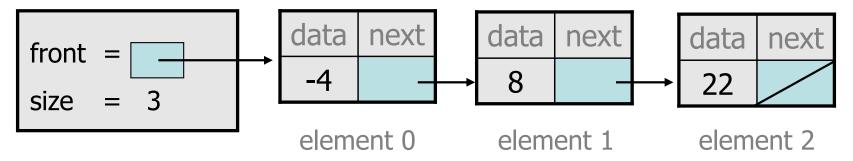
An IntList interface

```
// Represents a list of integers.
public interface IntList {
    public void add(int value);
    public void add(int index, int value);
    public int get(int index);
    public int indexOf(int value);
    public boolean isEmpty();
    public void remove(int index);
    public void set(int index, int value);
    public int size();
```

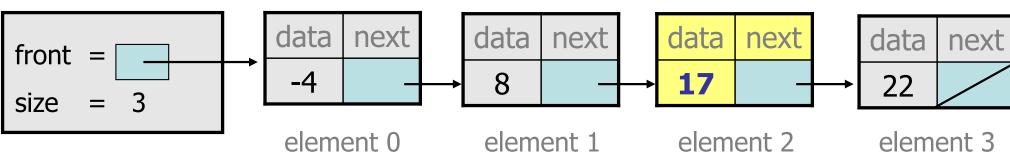
public class ArrayIntList implements IntList { ...
public class LinkedIntList implements IntList { ...

Exercise

- Write a method addSorted that accepts an integer value as a parameter and adds that value to a sorted list in sorted order.
 - Before addSorted(17):



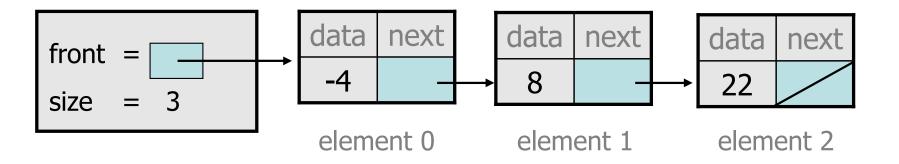
- After addSorted(17):



The common case

Adding to the middle of a list:

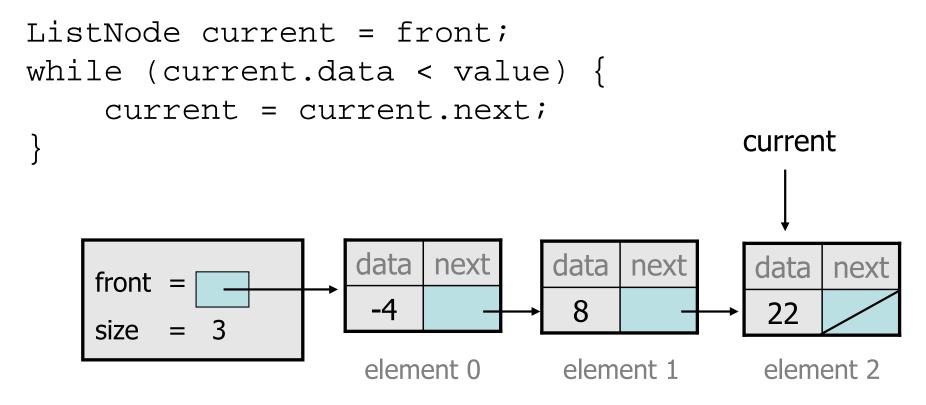
addSorted(17)



- Which references must be changed?
- What sort of loop do we need?
- When should the loop stop?

First attempt

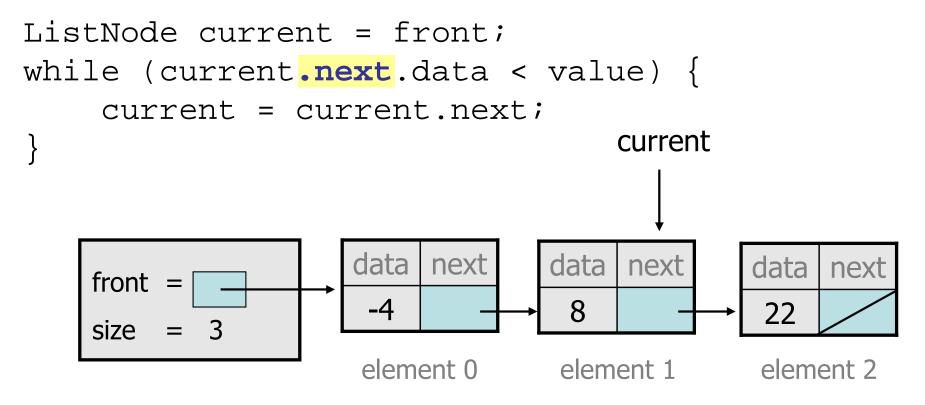
An incorrect loop:



- What is wrong with this code?
 - The loop stops too late to affect the list in the right way.

Key idea: peeking ahead

An incorrect loop:

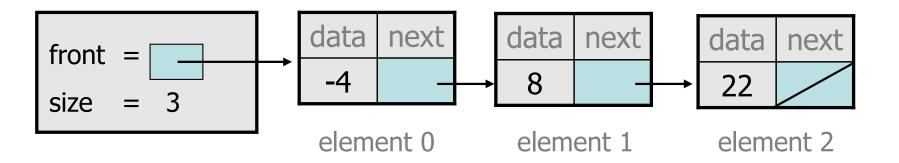


This time the loop stops in the right place.

Another case to handle

Adding to the end of a list:

addSorted(42)



Exception in thread "main": java.lang.NullPointerException

- Why does our code crash?
- What can we change to fix this case?

Multiple loop tests

A correction to our loop:

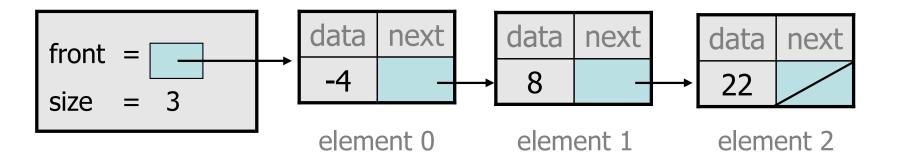
```
ListNode current = front;
while (current.next != null &&
        current.next.data < value) {</pre>
                                              current
     current = current.next;
                     data
                                              data
                          next
                                 data
                                      next
                                                   next
                      -4
                                   8
                                               22
                     element 0
                                  element 1
                                               element 2
```

- We must check for a next of null before we check its .data.

Third case to handle

Adding to the front of a list:

addSorted(-10)



- What will our code do in this case?
- What can we change to fix it?

Handling the front

Another correction to our code:

```
if (value <= front.data) {</pre>
    // insert at front of list
    front = new ListNode(value, front);
} else {
    // insert in middle of list
    ListNode current = front;
    while (current.next != null &&
           current.next.data < value) {</pre>
        current = current.next;
```

– Does our code now handle every possible case?

Fourth case to handle

Adding to (the front of) an empty list:

addSorted(42)

- What will our code do in this case?
- What can we change to fix it?

Final version of code

```
// Adds given value to list in sorted order.
// Precondition: Existing list is sorted
public void addSorted(int value) {
    if (front == null | value <= front.data) {
        // insert at front of list
        front = new ListNode(value, front);
    } else {
        // insert in middle of list
        ListNode current = front;
        while (current.next != null &&
               current.next.data < value) {</pre>
            current = current.next;
```