Part I: Short Answer (4 questions, 20 points total)

Answer all of the following questions. READ EACH QUESTION CAREFULLY. Answer each question in the space provided on these pages. Budget your time so you spend enough on the programming questions at the end. Each question is weighted differently. Keep your code as short as possible. Good luck.

1. (5 points) Write the swap function for the code below. Your swap function should correctly swap values so that the program below will output the line "Swap function works correctly!"

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main () {
   int x = 5;
   int y = 2;
   swap(x, &y);

   if ((x == 2) && (y == 5))
      cout << "Swap function works correctly!" << endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

2. (4 points) Consider the following class declaration:

```
class Books {
public:
    Books();
    Books(string bName, int bPrice);
    int getPrice(int bPrice);
private:
    string name;
    int price
};
```

In order to allow the user to change the price member variable, the designer has decided to add a new member function setPrice to the class Books above. Explain in words, the differences in the use of the **const** keyword in the following two possible function declarations. What restrictions does **const** impose in each case?

- (a) void setPrice(int bPrice) const;
- (b) void setPrice(const int bPrice);

3. (4 points) Answer the following question based on the code below.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void main() {
   int* intPtr1 = new int[20];
   for(int i = 1; i <= 20; i++)
       intPtr1[i-1] = i;
   int* intPtr2 = &intPtr1[2];
   cout << intPtr2[3];
   // YOUR CODE BEGINS
}</pre>
```

(a) If there are errors in the above program, explain them below. If no errors exist, write the program's output below.

(b) In the space provided above, write code necessary to deallocate all dynamic memory in the program.

4. (7 points) Read the following class definition which exists in the file "point.h"

(a) What occurs when the following program is executed? Describe the output produced, or, if errors exist, explain the problem(s).

```
#include <iostream>
#include "point.h"
using namespace std;

int main() {
   Point p;
   Point q;
   p.setX(17);
   p.setY(42);
   q = p;
   cout << q.getX() << endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

(b) Write a point member function which overloads the "+" operator so that a client can add two points together. If p1 is a point object with coordinates x1 and x2, and p2 is a point object with coordinates y1 and y2, then the sum of p1 and p2 should have coordinates x1+y1 and x2+y2.

Part II. Programming Problem (1 question with 2 parts, 15 points total)

5. (15 points) You are the owner of a comic book store and need to update your computer software. You are currently using the following data structure to represent the comics.

```
class ComicData {
                      // represents a single comic book
public:
   string getName();
   double getPrice();
   int getQuantity();
private:
   string mName;
                      // Comic Name
                     // Comic book price.
   double mPrice;
   int mQuantity; // number of this comic currently in the store
};
// ComicDatabase stores information about all comics in the store in a
// dynamic array of ComicData objects. The array is always full, i.e., the
// number of comics in the array equals the capacity of the array.
class ComicDatabase {
public:
   ComicDatabase();
   ComicData* restock(int quantity);
   //Your Declaration Here
private:
                        // current number of comics in the database
   int size;
   ComicData *comics; // pointer to a dynamic array of ComicData
};
```

(a) The first part of your job is to implement a copy constructor for the ComicDatabase class. Place your declaration for the copy constructor in the space provided above, and your code in the space below.

(b) The second part of your assignment is to implement the restock function defined above. This function should return a pointer to an array containing copies of all elements in the comics array whose member variable mQuantity is **less than or equal to** the quantity input parameter. Inside the restock function, you should dynamically allocate sufficient memory for this array.

```
ComicData * ComicDatabase::restock(int quantity) {
```

}