How to develop a program

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- 1. Define the problem
- 2. Decide upon an algorithm
- 3. Translate it into code

1. Define the problem

- 1. Write an English description of the input and output
- 2. Do not give details about how you will compute the input and output
- 3. Create test cases
 - Input *and* expected output
- 2. Decide upon an algorithm
- 3. Translate it into code

- 1. Define the problem
- 2. Decide upon an algorithm
 - 1. Implement it in English
 - Write the recipe or step-by-step instructions
 - 2. Test it using paper and pencil
 - Use small but not trivial test cases
 - Play computer, animating the algorithm
 - Be introspective
 - Notice what you really do
 - May be more or less than what you wrote down
 - Make the algorithm more precise
- 3. Translate it into code

- 1. Define the problem
- 2. Decide upon an algorithm

3. Translate it into code

- 1. Implement it in Python
 - Decompose it into logical units (functions)
 - For each function:
 - Name it (important and difficult!)
 - Write its documentation string (its specification)
 - Write tests
 - Write its code
 - Test it
- 2. Run the system test

- 1. Define the problem
- 2. Decide upon an algorithm
- 3. Translate it into code

- It's OK (even common) to back up to a previous step when you notice a problem
- You are incrementally learning about the problem, the algorithm, and the code
- "Iterative development"

The Wishful Thinking approach to implementing a function

- If you are not sure how to implement one part of your function, define a helper function that does that task
 - "I wish I knew how to do task X"
 - Give it a name and assume that it works
 - Complete the implementation of your function
 - Later, implement the helper function
 - The helper function should have a simpler/smaller task
- Can you test the original function?
 - Yes, by using a stub for the helper function
 - Often a lookup table: works for only 5 inputs, crashes otherwise