

# Programming Assignment 2: Disaster Relief

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## Specification

*(This assignment was partially inspired by Keith Schwarz's 2020 Nifty Assignment.)*

## Background

When natural disasters strike, governments, relief organizations, and even individual donors must often wrestle with how best to allocate available resources to help those who have been affected. This is generally a very complex decision, balancing countless logistical, economic, political, and other factors. One particular challenge is that different geographic areas can require different financial or other resources for relief, even if the populations of the areas are similar. (Or, put another way, the cost to help a single person after a disaster is not always constant.) Organizations sometimes have to make difficult decisions in the hope of helping as many people as possible with the available resources.

In this assignment, you will implement a system to determine how to allocate a budget of relief resources to help as many people as possible.



**NOTE:** While our simulation will focus on helping the greatest number of people for the least amount of money, this is an oversimplification of the problem of allocating resources in the wake of a disaster, and may not necessarily be the best approach.

## Learning Objectives

By completing this assignment, students will demonstrate their ability to:

- Define a solution to a given problem using a recursive approach
- Write functionally correct recursive methods
- Produce clear and effective documentation to improve comprehension and maintainability of a method
- Write methods that are readable and maintainable, and that conform to provided guidelines for style and implementation

## System Structure

For this assignment, we will be modeling a collection of *regions* needing relief, each of which has a population of people needing help within it and a given cost for helping that region. All regions are connected to one another, meaning that we can travel from any region to another.

Our goal is to identify an *allocation*, which is a subset of regions, that **aids the most people** for a given budget. In the case of a **tie**, we will favor the allocation that has the **lowest cost**. To accomplish our goal, we will use the following two classes:

## Region class

In our system, we will represent areas that may be allocated relief funds with the following `Region` class (comments and some methods are omitted here; see the full `Region` class in the coding challenge slide for these):

▶ Expand

## Allocation class

We will represent a group of regions that will receive resources with the following `Allocation` class (comments and some methods are omitted here; see the full class in the coding challenge slide for these):

▶ Expand

In particular, for this assignment, the two methods `withRegion` and `withoutRegion` can be used to add/remove a `Region` to/from an `Allocation`. **Notice that these methods return a new `Allocation` rather than modifying an existing `Allocation`**, similar to how `String` methods like `substring` or `toUpperCase` return a new `String` rather than modifying an existing one:

```
Region reg1 = new Region("Dusty Divot", 10, 500.0);
Region reg2 = new Region("The Nether", 0, 8.0)

Allocation example1 = new Allocation();
Allocation example2 = example1.withRegion(reg1); // NOTE: this is a completely different Allocation
                                                    //         from example1. In other words, they refer
                                                    //         to two different Allocations

Allocation example3 = example1.withRegion(reg2); // NOTE: example3 doesn't contain "Dusty Divot" a
                                                    //         its Regions; it only contains "The Nethe
```

Make sure you write your code accordingly.

## Required Methods

For this assignment, you will implement only a single method:

```
public static Allocation allocateRelief(double budget, List<Region> sites)
```

This method takes a budget and a list of `Region` objects as parameters. The method will compute

and return the allocation of resources that will result in the most people being helped with the given budget. If there is more than one allocation that will result in the most people being helped, the method will return the allocation that costs the least. If there is more than one allocation that will result in the most people being helped for the lowest cost, you may return any of these allocations.

For the purposes of our simulation, we will assume that providing relief to a `Region` is *atomic*, meaning that either all people in the region are helped and the full cost is paid, or no relief is allocated to that region. We will not deal with the possibility of providing partial relief to a particular region.

If `sites` is `null`, an `IllegalArgumentException` should be thrown.

You should implement your `allocateRelief` method where indicated in the provided `Client.java` file. You may also implement any additional helper methods you might like. (For example, you will likely want to implement a public-private pair for `allocateRelief`.)

## Client Program

We have provided a client program that will allow you to test your `allocateRelief` implementation. This client provides two methods that might be useful.

```
public static List<Region> createSimpleScenario()
```

- Manually creates a simple list of regions to represent a known scenario.
  - We have provided one example in the client code, and a few others in the examples below.

```
public static List<Region> createRandomScenario(int numLocs, int minPop, int maxPop, double minCostPer, double maxCostPer)
```

- Creates a scenario with `numLocs` regions by randomly choosing the population and cost of each region.
  - Populations will be chosen between `minPop` and `maxPop` (inclusive)
  - Costs will be generated by choosing a random value between `minCostPer` and `maxCostPer` (inclusive) and multiplying that cost by the chosen population.

You can modify `createSimpleScenario` with different `Region` objects to test your implementation in scenarios of your own design, and/or you can generate random scenarios to try using `createRandomScenario`.

Click "Expand" below to see some example scenarios, their results, and visualizations of the decision trees (note that the diagrams do not show the process of choosing the "best" allocation).

▶ Expand

▶ Expand

▶ Expand

**i** **NOTE:** The ordering of elements in your set does not matter. For example, a set containing `{Region #1: pop. 100, cost: $1000.0, Region #2: pop. 50, cost: $200.0}` and a set containing `{Region #2: pop. 50, cost: $200.0, Region #1: pop. 100, cost: $1000.0}` are identical.

You may create your own client programs if you like, and you may modify the provided client if you find it helpful. However, **your `allocateRelief` method must work with the provided files without modification and must meet all requirements below.**

## Development Strategy

We recommend you start by developing a version of the `allocateRelief` method that simply prints all possible allocations within the specified budget. This will be easier than trying to find the optimal allocation and will produce much of the code necessary for the final version. Then, once you have successfully implemented this version, you can modify the code to find and return the allocation that helps the most people as described above.

The Scrabble Helper example from [Lesson 11](#) will be helpful to you in completing this assignment.

## Testing Requirements

**✓** **TIP:** If you want to call `allocateRelief` from outside `Client.java`, you can do `Client.allocateRelief`.

For this assignment, you'll be required to implement **three** total JUnit tests. Our requirements for each test are as follows:

- Test 1: A budget where you can allocate relief to all regions in sites.
- Test 2: A budget where you can allocate relief to none of the regions in sites.
- Test 3: A budget where you can allocate relief to some, but not all, of the regions in sites.
  - This one should contain at least 4 regions in sites, and at least 2 should be in the final allocation

All three tests should be placed in their **own methods** within the provided `Testing.java` file. You're welcome to implement tests other than the ones outlined here, but doing so is not required.

For this assignment, we expect you to be thorough when writing tests. You should be using `assertEquals` methods with the expected cost and population to determine the correctness of your actual output.

## Implementation Requirements

To earn a grade higher than N on the Behavior and Concepts dimensions of this assignment, **your algorithm must be implemented recursively. You will want to utilize the *public-private pair technique* discussed in class.** You are free to create any helper methods you like, but the core of your algorithm (specifically, building and evaluating possible allocations of relief funds) must be recursive.

You are **not** required to avoid trying different (redundant) orderings of regions. Since the `Allocation` class uses a `Set`, it does not make a distinction between adding `Regions A, B, C` versus `B, C, A`, so there will not be a difference in cost or results. If you'd like, you can design your solution to avoid considering both of these orderings (considering only one of them). Both solutions that consider redundant orderings and solutions that avoid redundant orderings will be accepted. When making your decision, strive for simplicity above all else — do not add extra convoluted code to try to avoid or consider redundant orderings.

Additionally, for this assignment, you should follow the [Code Quality guide](#) when writing your code to ensure it is readable and maintainable. In particular, you should focus on the following requirements:

- Avoid recursing any more than you need to. Your method should not continue to explore a path if the current `Allocation` is no longer viable.
- Watch out for branches of an `if / else` statement that shares the same exact code. You should combine the conditionals and write the code only once.
- Make sure that all parameters within a method are used and necessary.
- You should comment your code following the [Commenting Guide](#).
  - Make sure to avoid including *implementation details* in your comments. In particular, for your object class, a *client* should be able to understand how to use your object effectively by only reading your class and method comments, but your comments should maintain *abstraction* by avoiding implementation details.
  - Continuing with the previous point, keep in mind that the client should **not** be aware of what implementation strategy your class/methods utilize.
- All methods present in your class that are not listed in the specification must be private.
- This algorithm can be quite challenging! It is valuable to take a look at resources from class, particularly the "Spend all your Husky card money" problem from Pre-Class Work 11, in-class activities, and section problems. Notably, the [Line Arrangements](#) problem in Section 11 will be a helpful starting point.

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## Spec Walkthrough Video

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# Disaster Relief

 [P2\\_DisasterRelief.zip](#)

Remember that you're required to write three tests, each within their own method in `Testing.java`. More information on this requirement can be found in the spec.

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# Reflection

The following questions will ask you practice **metacognition** to reflect on the topics covered on this assignment and your experience completing it. For each question, focus on your plan and/or process for working through the assignment along with the CS concepts. Think about things like how you organized your working time, what sorts of things tended to go wrong, and how you dealt with those errors or mistakes.

Please answer all questions.

## Question 1

The first 3 questions will require you to reflect about potential benefits and drawbacks in employing algorithms to improve societal welfare. Start by watching a short segment of the following talk from UC Berkeley professor [Rediet Abebe](#) (2m 9s to 8m 57s):

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([Designing Algorithms for Social Good](#))

How do you think measurement challenges (such as data sparsity and inaccurate metrics) affect the effectiveness of algorithms in resource allocation for disaster relief?

*No response*

## Question 2

What are the potential risks of relying on simple metrics (like income or population density) when allocating disaster relief resources, and how might these risks be mitigated?

*No response*

### **Question 3**

Explain what income shocks are. How might similar 'shocks' or unforeseen events affect disaster relief efforts, and how could an algorithm be designed to handle these sudden needs?

*No response*

### **Question 4**

Describe how you went about testing your implementation. What specific situations and/or test cases did you consider? Why were those cases important?

*No response*

### **Question 5**

What did you struggle with most on this assignment?

*No response*

### **Question 6**

What skills did you learn and/or practice with working on this assignment?

*No response*

### **Question 7**

What questions do you still have about the concepts and skills you used in this assignment?

*No response*

### **Question 8**

About how long (in hours) did you spend on this assignment? (Feel free to estimate, but try to be close.)

*No response*

### **Question 9**

Was any part of the specification or requirements unclear? If so, which part(s), how was it unclear, and how could it have been made more clear?

*No response*

**Question 10**

[OPTIONAL] Do you have any other feedback, questions, or comments about this assignment?

(Note that we may not be able to respond to questions here, so please post on the message board if you would like a response!)

*No response*

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## Final Submission

# Final Submission

Fill out the box below and click "Submit" in the upper-right corner of the window to submit your work.

### Question

I attest that the work I am about to submit is my own and was completed according to the course [Academic Honesty and Collaboration](#) policy. If I collaborated with any other students or utilized any outside resources, they are allowed and have been properly cited. If I have any concerns about this policy, I will reach out to the course staff to discuss *before* submitting.

(Type "yes" as your response.)

*No response*

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## [SCAFFOLD] Disaster Relief

*This code slide does not have a description.*

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# Visualizations

[https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1\\_TacWWKGg\\_RrQiUUoRnVcmldWbugFU2pPMPriZZ9HBM/edit?usp=sharing](https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1_TacWWKGg_RrQiUUoRnVcmldWbugFU2pPMPriZZ9HBM/edit?usp=sharing)