

LEC 16

CSE 123

Binary Search Trees

Questions during Class?
Raise hand or send here

sli.do #cse123



BEFORE WE START

Talk to your neighbors:

What's your favorite English word?

What page is it on in the dictionary?

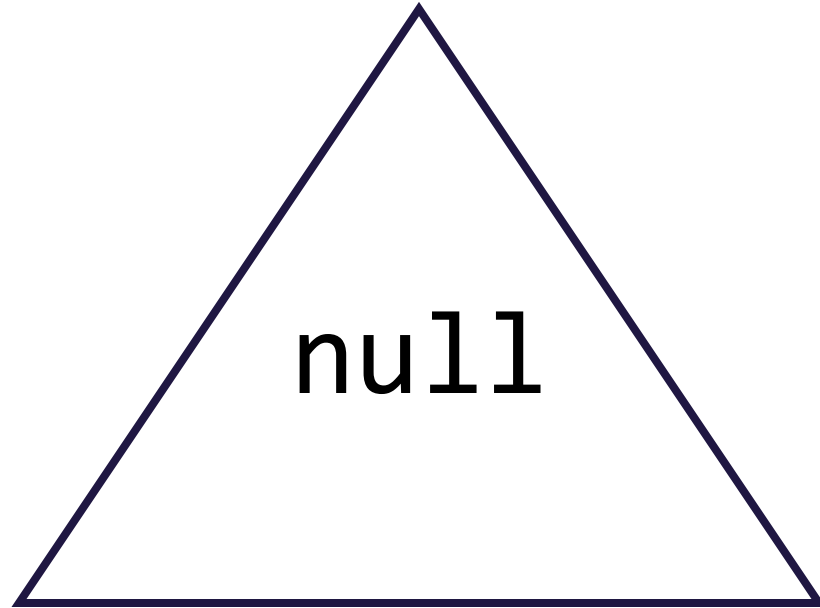
Instructor: James Wilcox

Announcements

- Quiz 2 Completed! 🤖👉
 - Congrats!

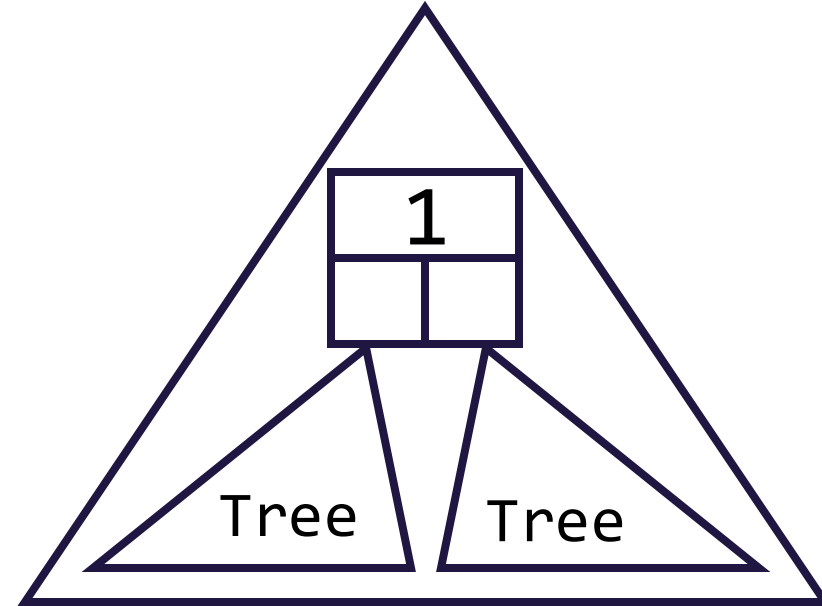
Binary Trees [Review]

- We'll say that any Binary Tree falls into one of the following categories:



Empty tree

`root == null`



Node w/ two subtrees

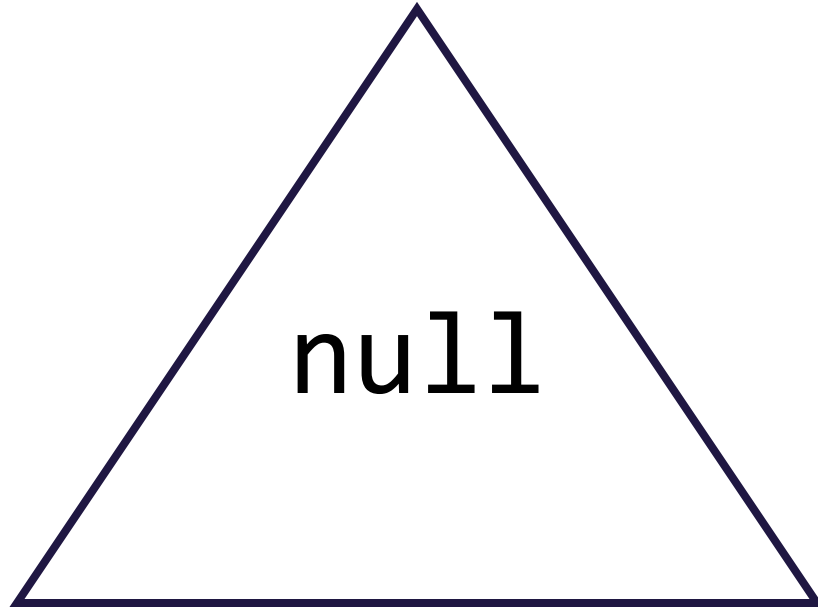
`root != null`

`root.left / root.right = Tree`

This is a recursive definition! A tree is either empty or a node with two more trees!

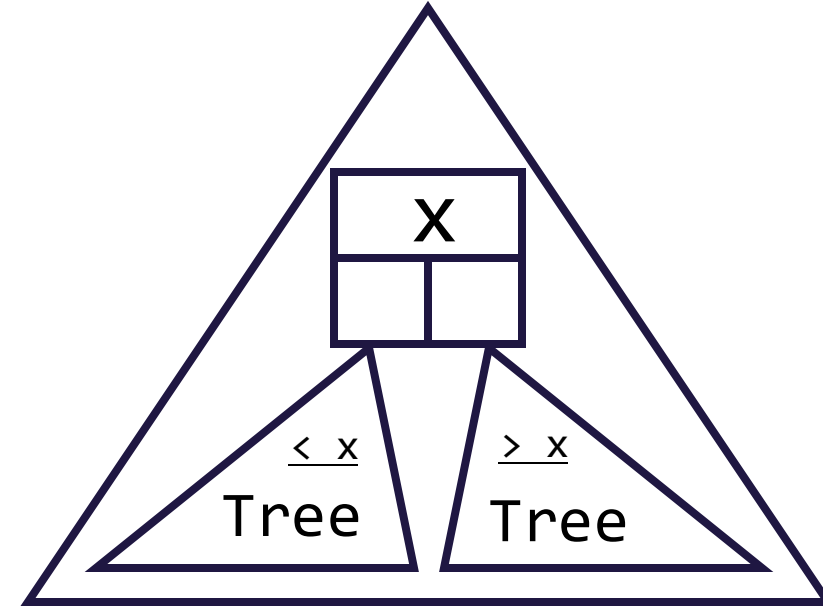
Binary Search Trees (BSTs)

- We'll say that any Binary Search Tree falls into the following categories:



Empty tree

`root == null`



Node w/ two subtrees

`root != null`

`root.left / root.right = Tree`

`max(root.left) < x && min(root.right) > x`

Note that not all Binary Trees are Binary Search Trees

Why BSTs?

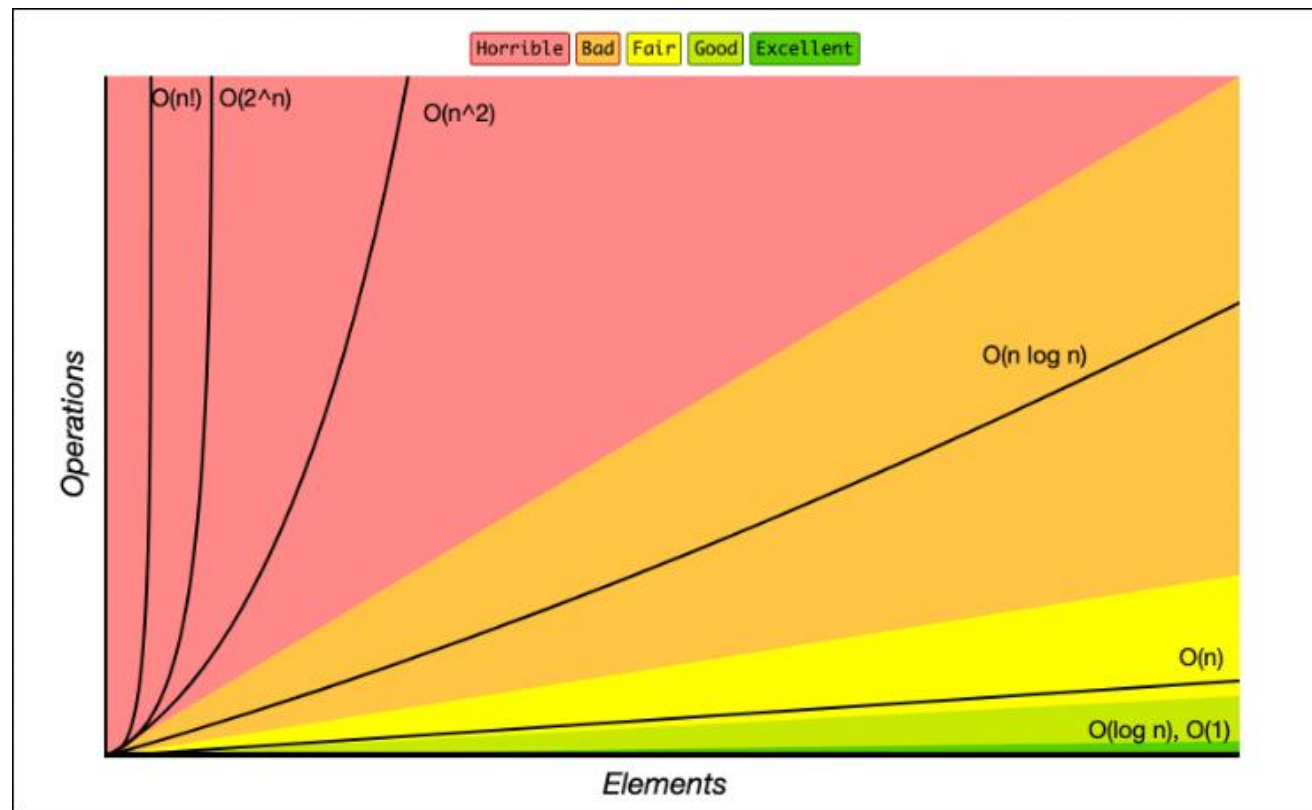
- Our IntTree implementation to `contains(int value)`

```
private boolean contains(int value, IntTreeNode root) {  
    if (root == null) {  
        return false;  
    } else {  
        return root.data == value ||  
            contains(value, root.left) ||  
            contains(value, root.right);  
    }  
}
```

- Which direction(s) do we travel if `root.data != value`?
 - Both left and right
- In a Binary Search Tree, should we check both sides?
 - Remember, additional constraint: `max(root.left) < root.data && min(root.right) > root.data`

BSTs & Runtime

- Contains operation on a balanced BST runs in $O(\log(n))$
 - Leverages removing half of the values at each step
 - *New runtime class unlocked!*



BSTs & Runtime

- Contains operation on a balanced BST runs in $O(\log(N))$
 - Leverages removing half of the values at each step
 - *New runtime class unlocked!*

- Comparison between data structures:

Operation	ArrayIntList	LinkedIntList	IntSearchTree
contains(x)	$O(N)$	$O(N)$	$O(\log(N))$

- Let's verify that this is true!

BSTs & Runtime

- Contains operation on a balanced BST runs in $O(\log(N))$
 - Leverages removing half of the values at each step
 - *New runtime class unlocked!*
- Comparison between data structures:

Operation	ArrayIntList	LinkedIntList	IntSearchTree
contains(x)	$O(N)$	$O(N)$	$O(N)$

- Let's verify that this is true!

$O(\log(N))$ runtime is only guaranteed for **BALANCED** BSTs. Since our tree isn't balanced, we see $O(N)$ runtime!

BSTs In Java

- Self-balancing BST implementations (AVL / Red-black) exist
 - AVL better at contains, Red-black better at adding / removing
- Both the TreeMap / TreeSet implementations use self-balancing BSTs
 - Determines said ordering via the Comparable interface / compareTo method
 - Printing out shows natural ordering – preorder traversal
- Complete table comparing data structures:

Operation	ArrayList	LinkedList	TreeSet
contains(x)	$O(N)$	$O(N)$	$O(\log(N))$
add(x)	$O(1^*)$	$O(1)$	$O(\log(N)^*)$
remove(x)	$O(N)$	$O(N)$	$O(\log(N)^*)$

**It's slightly more complicated but we'll leave that for a higher level course*