

LEC 03

CSE 122

File I/O

BEFORE WE START

*Slido input & discuss with neighbors:*  
What's the last show you  
watched?

Music: [122 26sp Lecture Jams](#) 

**Instructor:** Elba Garza


<b>TAs:</b> David	Caleb	Cole	Yang
William	Neha	Blake R.	Cady
Dani	Wesley	Carson	Diya
Rohan	Isis	Sushma	
Andrew	Colin	Connor	
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Shreyank	Hanna	Nicolae	
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Questions during Class?  
Raise hand or send here

sli.do #cse122



# Lecture Outline (1/4)

- **Announcements/Reminders** 
  - Review Java
- Review Scanners for User Input
- Scanners for Files
  - Token-based, Line-based, and Hybrid processing
- Example

# Announcements (1/2)

- The IPL is open!
  - MGH 334, schedule is on the course website; staffed by our awesome TAs!
  - Open 12:30 to 9:30pm most weekdays, but check the schedule...
- Creative Project 0 due Thursday, April 9<sup>th</sup> at 11:59pm PT
  - Make sure to complete the “Final Submission” slide and **submit!**
  - Submit as many times as you’d like—we will only grade the latest submission made before the deadline
- Just joined CSE 122? That’s okay; look at Ed & course website and catch up!
  - Freaking out that C0 is due tomorrow? It’s ok! [Resubmission cycles](#) allow you to submit it later.
- Elba OH Update: Mondays 2:30–3:30pm & Thursdays 3:30–4:30pm
- Quiz dates:

**Quiz 0:** April 16<sup>th</sup>

**Quiz 1:** May 7<sup>th</sup>

**Quiz 2:** May 26<sup>th</sup>

# Announcements (2/2)

- CSE 390HA Honors Seminar
  - Weekly seminar, Tuesdays at 3:30pm
  - No homework! Just show up and chat.
  - Talk about sociotechnical topics in computing, different every quarter!
    - Technology & the Environment
    - Anonymity & Privacy in Tech
    - Warfare Technology
    - Real-life Effects of Software Bugs
    - Sign up [via this Google Form](#) by end-of-week!


# Reminders: Review Java Syntax

[Java Tutorial](#) reviews all the relevant programming features you should familiar with (even if you don't know them in Java).

- Printing and comments
- Variables, types, expressions
- Conditionals (if/else if/ else)
- Loops (for and while)
- Strings
- Methods
- Arrays & 2D arrays

Recordings of both sessions are now available on the course website in the course calendar!

# Lecture Outline (2/4)

- Announcements/Reminders
  - Review Java
- **Review Scanners for User Input** 
- Scanners for Files
  - Token-based, Line-based, and Hybrid processing
- Example

# (Review) Scanner for User Input


Scanner is defined in the  
java.util package

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
Scanner console = new Scanner(System.in);
```

Scanner Methods	Description
nextInt()	Reads the next token from the user as an <code>int</code> and returns it
nextDouble()	Reads the next token from the user as a <code>double</code> and returns it
next()	Reads the next token from the user as a <code>String</code> and returns it
nextLine()	Reads an <i>entire line</i> from the user as a <code>String</code> and returns it
hasNextInt()	Returns <code>true</code> if the next token can be read as an <code>int</code> , <code>false</code> otherwise
hasNextDouble()	Returns <code>true</code> if the next token can be read as a <code>double</code> , <code>false</code> otherwise
hasNext()	Returns <code>true</code> if there is another token of input to be read in, <code>false</code> otherwise
hasNextLine()	Returns <code>true</code> if there is another line of input to be read in, <code>false</code> otherwise

# Lecture Outline (3/4)

- Announcements/Reminders
  - Review Java
- Review Scanners for User Input
- **Scanners for Files** 
  - Token-based, Line-based, and Hybrid processing
- Example

# (PCM) Tokens

Tokens are units of input (as defined by the Scanner) that are separated by *whitespace* (spaces, tabs, new lines)



# Practice : Think



sli.do #cse122

**How many tokens are in the following line? (1/8)**

**“Hello world !” my-name is Elba**

- A) Four      B) Five      C) Six      D) Seven**



# Practice : Pair



sli.do #cse122

**How many tokens are in the following line? (2/8)**

“Hello world !” my-name is Elba

- A) Four      B) Five      C) Six      D) Seven**



# Practice : Pair



sli.do #cse122

**How many tokens are in the following line? (3/8)**



“Hello world !” my-name is Elba

- A) Four      B) Five      C) Six      D) Seven**



# Practice : Pair



sli.do #cse122

**How many tokens are in the following line? (4/8)**



“Hello world !” my-name is Elba

- A) Four      B) Five      C) Six      D) Seven**



# Practice : Pair



sli.do #cse122

**How many tokens are in the following line? (5/8)**

↓                      ↓                      ↓  
“Hello world !” my-name is Elba

- A) Four      B) Five      C) Six      D) Seven**



# Practice : Pair



sli.do #cse122

**How many tokens are in the following line? (6/8)**

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓  
“Hello world !” my-name is Elba

- A) Four      B) Five      C) Six      D) Seven**



# Practice : Pair



sli.do #cse122

**How many tokens are in the following line? (7/8)**

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓  
“Hello world !” my-name is Elba

- A) Four      B) Five      C) Six      D) Seven**



# Practice : Pair



sli.do #cse122

**How many tokens are in the following line? (8/8)**

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓  
“Hello world !” my-name is Elba

- A) Four      B) Five      C) Six      D) Seven**

# (PCM) Scanner for File I/O

Scanner is defined in the `java.util` package

```
import java.util.*;
```

File is defined in the `java.io` package

```
import java.io.*;
```

```
File file = new File("Example.txt");  
Scanner fileScan = new Scanner(file);
```

Scanner Methods	Description
<code>nextInt()</code>	Reads the next token as an <code>int</code> and returns it
<code>nextDouble()</code>	Reads the next token as a <code>double</code> and returns it
<code>next()</code>	Reads the next token as a <code>String</code> and returns it
<code>nextLine()</code>	Reads an <i>entire line</i> as a <code>String</code> and returns it
<code>hasNextInt()</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if the next token can be read as an <code>int</code> , <code>false</code> otherwise
<code>hasNextDouble()</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if the next token can be read as a <code>double</code> , <code>false</code> otherwise
<code>hasNext()</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if there is another token of input to be read in, <code>false</code> otherwise
<code>hasNextLine()</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if there is another line of input to be read in, <code>false</code> otherwise

# (PCM) Checked Exceptions

If you try to compile a program working with file scanners, you may encounter this error message:

```
error: unreported exception FileNotFoundException; must be caught or declared to be thrown
```

**To resolve this**, you need to include `throws FileNotFoundException` at the end of the header of any method containing file Scanner creation code, or any method that calls that method!

This is like signing a waiver and telling Java—"Hey, I hereby promise to not get mad at you when you bug and crash my program if I give you a file that doesn't actually exist."

# (PCM) Typical Line Processing Pattern

```
while (scan.hasNextLine()) {  
    String nextLine = scan.nextLine();  
    // do something with nextLine  
}
```

# (PCM) Typical Token Processing Pattern (1/2)

```
while (scan.hasNext____()) {  
    _____ nextToken = scan.next____();  
    // do something with nextToken  
}
```

# (PCM) Typical Token Processing Pattern (2/2)

```
while (scan.hasNext____()) {  
    _____ nextToken = scan.next____();  
    // do something with nextToken  
}
```

Avoid mixing line- and token-based processing!

## (PCM) Typical Hybrid Pattern (1/2)

```
while (fileScan.hasNextLine()) {
    String line = fileScan.nextLine();
    Scanner lineScan = new Scanner(line);
    while (lineScan.hasNext__()) {
        __ nextToken = lineScan.next__();
        // do something with nextToken
    }
}
```

## (PCM) Typical Hybrid Pattern (2/2)

```
while (fileScan.hasNextLine()) {  
    String line = fileScan.nextLine();  
    Scanner lineScan = new Scanner(line);  
    while (lineScan.hasNext__()) {  
        __ nextToken = lineScan.next__();  
        // do something with nextToken  
    }  
}
```

Line-by-line and **then** token-by-token to do something

# (PCM) Scanners with Strings (not files!) (1/7)

```
String str = "A quick, brown fox";
```

```
Scanner stringScan = new Scanner(str);  
while (stringScan.hasNext____()) {  
    _____ nextToken = stringScan.next____();  
    // do something with nextToken  
}
```

# (PCM) Scanners with Strings (not files!) (2/7)

```
String str = "A quick, brown fox";

Scanner stringScan = new Scanner(str);
while (stringScan.hasNext()) {
    String nextToken = stringScan.next();
    System.out.println(nextToken);
}
```

# (PCM) Scanners with Strings (not files!) (3/7)

```
String str = "A quick, brown fox";
```

```
Scanner stringScan = new Scanner(str);
```

```
while (stringScan.hasNext()) {
```

```
    String nextToken = stringScan.next();
```

```
    System.out.println(nextToken);
```

```
}
```



# (PCM) Scanners with Strings (not files!) (4/7)

```
String str = "A quick, brown fox";
```

```
Scanner stringScan = new Scanner(str);  
while (stringScan.hasNext()) {  
    String nextToken = stringScan.next();  
    System.out.println(nextToken);  
}
```



**A**

# (PCM) Scanners with Strings (not files!) (5/7)

```
String str = "A quick, brown fox";
```

```
Scanner stringScan = new Scanner(str);  
while (stringScan.hasNext()) {  
    String nextToken = stringScan.next();  
    System.out.println(nextToken);  
}
```



**quick,**

# (PCM) Scanners with Strings (not files!) (6/7)

```
String str = "A quick, brown fox";
```

```
Scanner stringScan = new Scanner(str);  
while (stringScan.hasNext()) {  
    String nextToken = stringScan.next();  
    System.out.println(nextToken);  
}
```



**brown**

# (PCM) Scanners with Strings (not files!) (7/7)

```
String str = "A quick, brown fox";
```

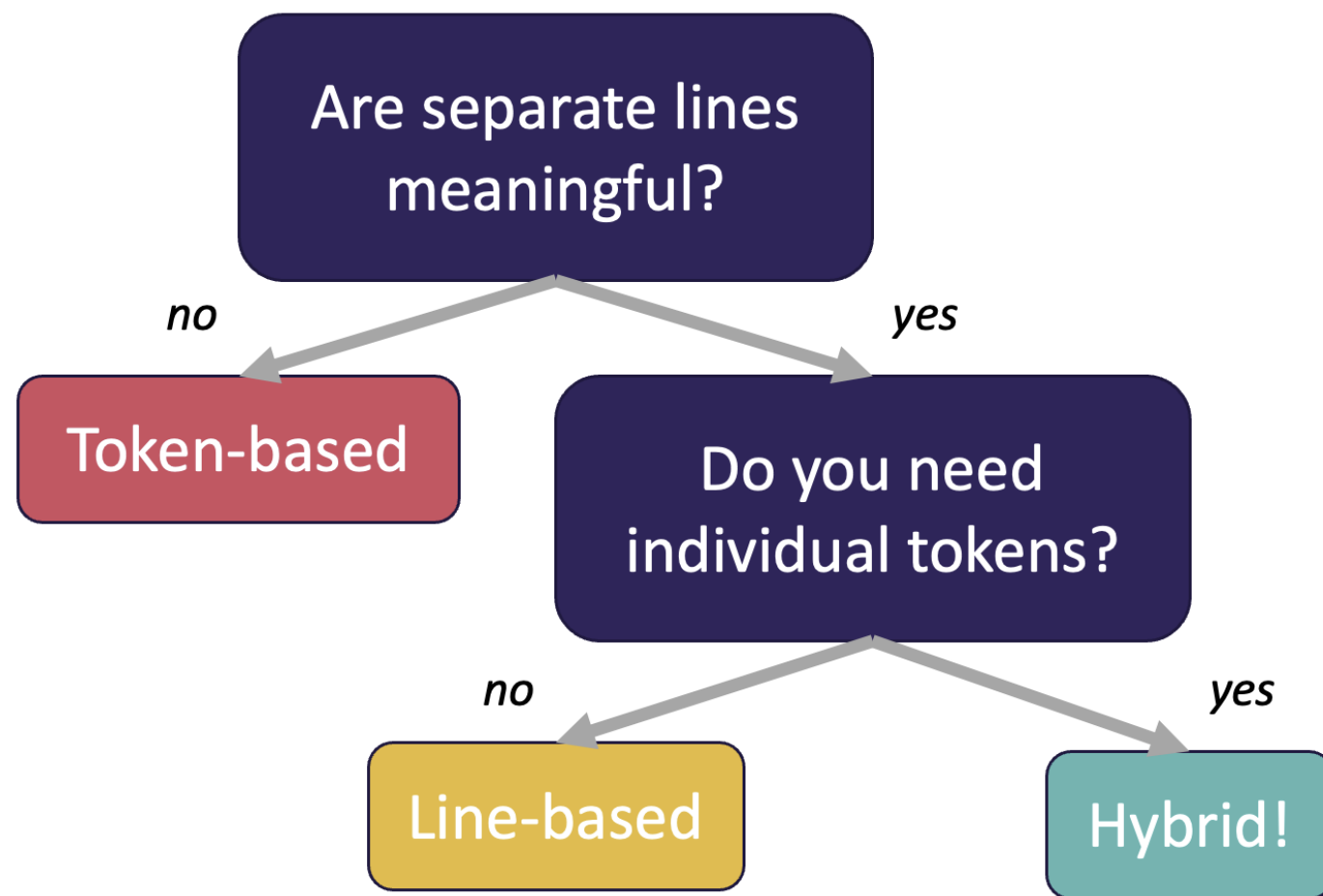
```
Scanner stringScan = new Scanner(str);  
while (stringScan.hasNext()) {  
    String nextToken = stringScan.next();  
    System.out.println(nextToken);  
}
```



**fox**

# (PCM) Token vs. Line vs. Hybrid?

- We now know 3 different ways to use Files!
  - Line
  - Token
  - Hybrid
- Although this gives us flexibility – it can sometimes get confusing
- Feel free to use the following diagram to help!





# Practice : Think



sli.do

#cse122

## Think: What is the output of this Java method?

```
File f = new File("Example.txt");
Scanner fileScan = new Scanner(f);
while (fileScan.hasNextLine()) {
    String line = fileScan.nextLine();
    Scanner lineScan = new Scanner(line);
    while (lineScan.hasNext()) {
        System.out.print(lineScan.next() + ", ");
    }
    System.out.println();
}
```

A) One, Two, Three,

B) One,  
Two,  
Three,

C) One, Two,  
Three,

D) Error / Exception

Example.txt:

One Two  
Three



# Practice : Pair



sli.do #cse122

## Pair: What is the output of this Java method?

```
File f = new File("Example.txt");
Scanner fileScan = new Scanner(f);
while (fileScan.hasNextLine()) {
    String line = fileScan.nextLine();
    Scanner lineScan = new Scanner(line);
    while (lineScan.hasNext()) {
        System.out.print(lineScan.next() + ", ");
    }
    System.out.println();
}
```

A) One, Two, Three,

B) One,  
Two,  
Three,

C) One, Two,  
Three,

D) Error / Exception

Example.txt:

One Two  
Three


# Initial Letter Count by Line (1/2)

- Initial Letter Count
  - Token-based processing!
- Letter Count
  - Line-based processing!
- **Task: Initial Letter Count *by Line***
  - What kind of processing?

# Initial Letter Count by Line (2/2)

- Initial Letter Count
  - Token-based processing!
- Letter Count
  - Line-based processing!
- **Task: Initial Letter Count *by Line***
  - What kind of processing?
  - Hybrid processing! Each line, and then each token per line.

# Lecture Outline (4/4)

- Announcements/Reminders
  - Review Java
- Review Scanners for User Input
- Scanners for Files
  - Token-based, Line-based, and Hybrid processing
- **Example** 

# Movie Ratings (1/2)

In this program, we'll be examining and printing data from a file of IMDb ratings for popular U.S. movies. This will happen through 3 major user-entered commands:

**(F)ind** movie, **(A)dd** a rating, and **(P)rint** ratings.

```
small.tsv
```

```
5
Title      Average Total
Pride_&_Prejudice  7.8 323647
Barbie     6.9 455488
Oppenheimer 8.4      588723
Poor_Things 8.5      20542
Spider-Man:_Across_the_Spider-Verse 8.6      329200
```

# Movie Ratings (2/2)

```
Welcome to the CSE 122 Movie Rating Program!  
Loaded 5 movies from small.tsv!
```

```
Menu: (F)ind movie, (A)dd rating, (P)rint ratings, (Q)uit
```

```
Enter your choice: F
```

```
What's the name of the movie? Pride & Prejudice
```

```
Movie Pride_&_Prejudice found!
```

```
  Average Rating: 7.8
```

```
  Total Ratings: 323647
```

```
Menu: (F)ind movie, (A)dd rating, (P)rint ratings, (Q)uit
```

```
Enter your choice: A
```

```
What movie would you like to add your rating to? Pride & Prejudice
```

```
And what rating would you like to give? 100000
```

```
Menu: (F)ind movie, (A)dd rating, (P)rint ratings, (Q)uit
```

```
Enter your choice: f
```

```
What's the name of the movie? Pride & Prejudice
```

```
Movie Pride_&_Prejudice found!
```

```
  Average Rating: 8.1
```

```
  Total Ratings: 323648
```

```
Menu: (F)ind movie, (A)dd rating, (P)rint ratings, (Q)uit
```

```
Enter your choice: p
```

```
5
```

```
Title Average Total
```

```
Pride_&_Prejudice 7.8 323647
```

```
Barbie 6.9 455488
```

```
Oppenheimer 8.4 588723
```

```
Poor_Things 8.5 20542
```

```
Spider-Man:_Across_the_Spider-Verse 8.6 329200
```

```
Menu: (F)ind movie, (A)dd rating, (P)rint ratings, (Q)uit
```

```
Enter your choice: q
```

```
Thank you for using this program! Bye!
```

small.tsv

```
5
```

```
Title Average Total
```

```
Pride_&_Prejudice 7.8 323647
```

```
Barbie 6.9 455488
```

```
Oppenheimer 8.4 588723
```

```
Poor_Things 8.5 20542
```

```
Spider-Man:_Across_the_Spider-Verse 8.6 329200
```

# Movie Ratings: Development Strategy

1. Fill in the main method with a loop that calls a method to read the data in from the .tsv file and allows the user to select between the different options (find, add, print, quit). **I was nice and did this for you** 😊
2. Implement a method to **load** the movie rating data from the file and populate the appropriate arrays.
3. Implement a method that allows users to **find** the rating for a movie.
4. Implement a method that allows users to **add** a rating for a movie.
5. Implement a method that allows users to **print** the movie rating data. **I was nice and did this for you** 😊