W UNIVERSITY of WASHINGTON

LEC 15

CSE 122

Collections

LEC 15: Collections

BEFORE WE START

Talk to your neighbors:

I don't even know anymore. What do you do when you're sick?

Music: <u>122 25wi Lecture Tunes</u>

Instructor: Elba Garza

TAs:	Anya Ashley	Daniel Ryan Diya	Ken Kuhu	Nicole Nicole
	5			
	Cady	Elizabeth	Kyle	Niyati
	Caleb	Hannah	Leo	Sai
	Carson	Harshitha	Logan	Steven
	Chaafen	lvory	Maggie	Yang
	Colin	Izak	Mahima	Zach
	Connor	Jack	Marcus	
	Dalton	Jacob	Minh	

Questions during Class?

Raise hand or send here

sli.do #cse122



- Announcements
- Optional
- Recap of Collections
- Dumb Data Structures
- Collections

Announcements

- Resubmission Cycle 5 (R5) out; due Mar 5th by 11:59 PM
- Programming Assignment 3 (P3) out tonight!
 - Due Mar 6th by 11:59 PM
- Quiz 2 Tuesday, Mar 4th
 - Practice Quiz 2 later tonight + extra objects practice module
 - Quiz 1 grades out this weekend
 - Note: Ed Board blackout on quiz-related topics during quiz from 8:30 AM to 4:30 PM

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Optional

Optional is a Java class that is used to handle situations where a value is <u>sometimes</u> there.

- A variable that can *sometimes* be initialized, based on situation
- Optional<String> keepPlaying = Optional.empty();
- Optional<Integer> maxValue = Optional.of(-1);

Like a collection, Optional uses <> to denote the type it contains..

- e.g., Optional<String>, Optional<Integer>, Optional<Point>

Optional Methods

Method	Description	
Optional.empty()	Creates an empty Optional object	
Optional.of()	Creates an Optional object holding the object it's given	
<pre>isEmpty()</pre>	Returns true if there <i>is no</i> value stored, and false otherwise	
<pre>isPresent()</pre>	Returns true if there <i>is</i> a value stored, and false otherwise	
get()	Returns the stored object from the Optional (if one is stored; otherwise throws a NoSuchElementException)	

The Optional class has more than just these methods, but these are what you'll need to focus on for this class!

Note on Optional Methods

isEmpty(), isPresent(), and get() are called like normal instance methods (on an <u>actual</u> instance of Optional).

Example: keepPlaying.isEmpty()

Optional.of(...) and Optional.empty() are static and thus called differently (Like the Math class methods)

Example: Optional.empty();

Why Optional?

Using Optional can help programmers avoid NullPointerExceptions by making it explicit when a variable may or may not contain a value.

Remember – null refers to the complete absence of an object!

There are other Optional methods (that you should explore in your own time if you're interested) that can be really useful to cleanly work with data that may or may not be present.

Student / Course Example one more time...

Let's add <u>two</u> more methods to Course.java:

public void setCourseEvalLink(String url)

public Optional<String> getCourseEvalLink()

The link to the evaluations for a course doesn't usually exist until the last few weeks of the quarter. What if a client calls getCourseEvalLink before one is set up?

Optional to the rescue! 🔀

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Goal for Today

Review some of the data structures we've talked about this quarter

Understand how Java organizes them with interfaces

...

Collections: What <u>classes</u> have we seen so far?

Array, ArrayList, LinkedList, Stack, HashSet & HashMap, TreeSet & TreeMap ...

Collections: What interfaces have we seen so far?

Set, Queue, List, Comparable

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Dumb Data Structures

We're going to create our own versions of these classes so we can dig into how they all relate to each other!

BUT they're going to be real dumb.

If you want to get a sense of how they're *actually* implemented, go take CSE 123!

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IntCollection Relationships





